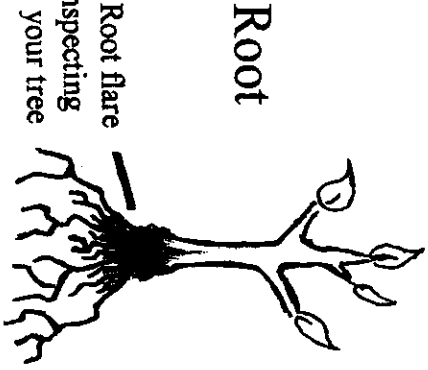
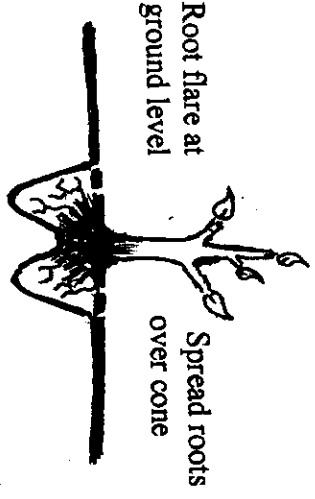


Bare Root



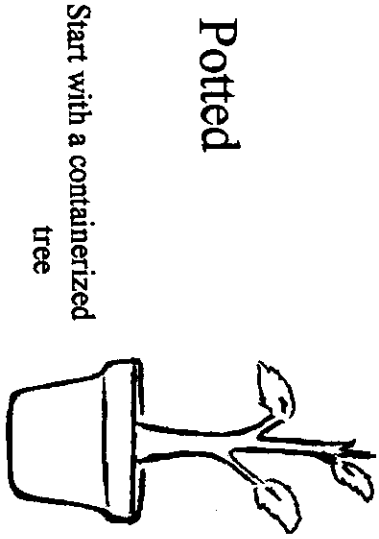
Dig hole with cone on the bottom



Mulch in 360
2-3"
Deep



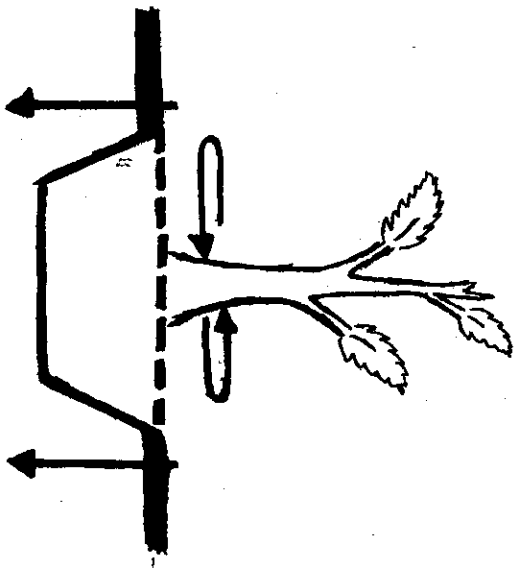
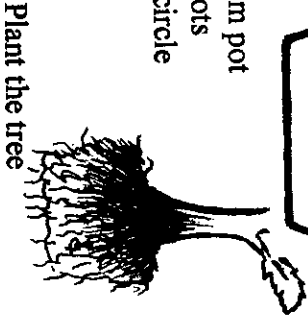
Potted



Dig hole as deep as pot

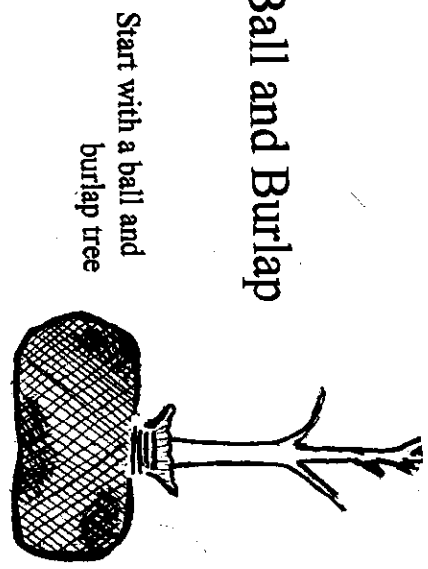


Remove tree from pot
Tease apart roots so they don't circle



Mulch in 360
2-3" Deep

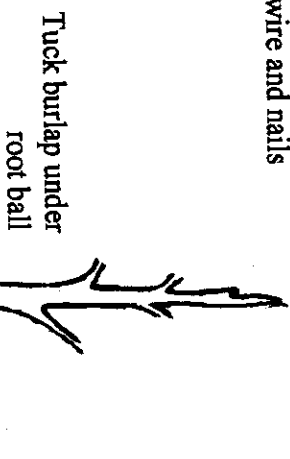
Ball and Burlap



Dig hole as deep as ball



Remove wire and nails



Flare at ground level



Tree may need to be staked

BEFORE PLANTING

- *research the best tree for your site.
- *pay close attention to mature height and spread of your selected tree. Be aware of the following:
- root zone growth
- winter/summer hardiness
- attributes and weaknesses
- maintenance requirements

SITE ANALYSIS

- *space for tree growth
- *Location of utilities
- *sidewalks, walkways, driveway
- *sun/shade
- *soil type
- *soil compaction/drainage

**CONSULT WITH A
TREE/LANDSCAPE/NURSERY
SPECIALIST IF YOU NEED
ASSISTANCE**

AFTER PLANTING

Apply mulch to your new tree. Mulch in a doughnut shape with no mulch touching the tree trunk. Mulch ring should be 2-3" deep and as wide as the drip line of the tree or wider.

New trees should be watered frequently after planting as roots establish. More so in spring and summer months. Attention to soil moisture is very important the first year.

There is no need to apply fertilizer the first year after planting, yet amending the planting soil with organic matter will be helpful.

New trees may require staking to support them until root growth grips the soil. This is especially true with Ball and burlap trees. All efforts must be given to protect the tree trunk while staked. In 6 months the staking should be removed or readjusted if needed to prevent gouging of the trunk

TREE PLANTING GUIDE

START YOUR TREES OFF RIGHT!



City of Sevierville

Dept of Parks and Recreation

200 Gary Wade Blvd

865-453-5441

www.seviervilleparksandrec.com