ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Prepared by: Finance Department

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



December 19, 2023

To the Honorable Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of the City of Sevierville, Tennessee:

Tennessee state law requires that every general purpose local government publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of audited financial statements. This annual comprehensive financial report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Brown Jake and McDaniel, PC has issued unmodified opinions on these financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the government

The City of Sevierville, Tennessee (government), founded in 1795 and incorporated in 1901, is located in the eastern part of the state, an area known as a tourist destination because of the government's proximity to the Great Smoky Mountains National Park. It currently occupies 24.7 square miles and serves a residential population of nearly 18,000. The government is empowered to assess and levy a tax on all property within the government not exempt by general law upon the same principles established in regard to state and county taxation. Assessments made by the Sevier County, Tennessee Tax Assessor are adopted by the government. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation under certain criteria, which it has done from time to time.

The government is a municipal corporation governed by a Home Rule Charter form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the Board of Mayor and Aldermen (Board) consisting of the mayor and five other members, all of whom are elected at large. Board members serve staggered four-year terms, with members elected every two years. The mayor is elected for a two-year term. The Board appoints the government's City Administrator and City Recorder.

The government provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection, highways and streets, traffic control, building inspection, sanitation and solid waste, recreational activities, a convention center, utility services and general administrative services. This report includes business-type activities of the government regarding providing electric, water and sewer services to the government and the surrounding area or in the case of electric services the entire area of Sevier County, Tennessee. The government also is financially accountable for a legally separate

Public Building Authority (PBA), which is blended within the government's financial statements. The PBA is the government's only component unit and is governed by an appointed board. It had no financial activities in fiscal year 2023.

The Board is required to adopt an initial budget for the fiscal year no later than June 30 preceding the beginning of the fiscal year on July 1. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the government's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund and department (e.g., police). Department heads may transfer resources within a department with City Administrator approval. Transfers between departments require approval from the Board by ordinance.

Local economy

The government is considered part of a micropolitan area. Sevierville is ideally located at the base of the Great Smoky Mountains National Park, America's most visited national park, and adjacent to internationally known cities Gatlinburg and Pigeon Forge. Some of the top vacation activities nationwide, including Dollywood, are located either within a few minutes from downtown Sevierville or within our corporate limits. This combination helps the government draw millions of visitors each year, and we project that tourism growth will continue. The Sevier County school district also has a significant economic presence, employing in total more than 2,500 professional, paraprofessional and auxiliary staff members. The Sevier County School System serves over 14,500 students in pre-kindergarten through twelfth grade with thirty-one schools in the system.

During the previous ten years, the Sevier County unemployment rate fell from an average annual rate of 9.0 percent (2012) to an average annual rate of 2.8 percent (2022). Sevier County's unemployment rate as of June 2023 was 2.9 percent compared to 3.6 percent nationally and 3.2 percent for the state of Tennessee.

The US Census Bureau 2022 data estimates Sevier County's median family income at \$59,315; average household size at 2.29; and median population age at 44.4. The median price of a single-family owner-occupied home in the vicinity of the government was \$315,300.

Due to its strong reserves and healthy local economy, the government has maintained a credit rating of Aa3 from Moody's Investor Service.

Steady growth and development have positively impacted revenue. Growing hand in hand with Sevierville's tourism economy, service facilities such as LeConte Medical Center and the Sevier County Campus of East Tennessee State University have enhanced the government's ability to meet the needs of its residential population. The groundbreaking of new developments and over ten years of events with tremendous economic impact at the Sevierville Convention Center have given visitors new reasons to come to Sevierville. While Sevierville continues to expand its tourist appeal through new attractions and destinations, the government's leadership, both state and local, continues to focus heavily on infrastructure improvements. Improvements to the I-40 exit 407 interchange and Highway 66, which serves as the main access route for our area, have significantly eased congestion. A new main fire station opened in 2019 and a third fire station opened in 2022. Construction of a wastewater treatment plant expansion began in late 2022.

Long-term financial planning and major initiatives

Unrestricted fund balance (the total of the committed, assigned and unassigned components of fund balance) in the general fund at year end was 74.9 percent of fiscal year 2023 general fund budgeted expenditures. This amount significantly exceeds the policy guidelines set by the Board for budgetary and planning purposes (25 percent of general fund budgeted expenditures). The general fund balance increased by \$6,045,547 during the year ended June 30, 2023, largely due to conservative budgeting, an ARPA grant and a post-pandemic tourism surge and its effect on sales and hospitality tax revenue. In the event that the balance drops below the established minimum level, the Board will develop a plan to replenish the fund balance to the minimum level within two years. Although the minimum is 25 percent, the government has far exceeded this percentage to plan for the construction of public safety facilities on recently acquired land, fund roadway engineering, and maintain its ability to react to potential economic fluctuations. The government has implemented a plan to set aside 1.5 percent of annual budgeted revenue to strengthen reserves.

By policy, the government maintains a five-year Capital Improvement Program which serves as its planning document to ensure that facilities, equipment and infrastructure are well maintained. Under the guidance of the Board, this process gives the government the ability to plan for its capital needs and allocate short- and long-term resources appropriately. As part of its process, the government identifies and quantifies the operational costs associated with its capital projects and budgets resources accordingly. In addition, the Fleet department monitors the condition of all government vehicles and makes recommendations on their replacement. The fiscal year 2024 Capital Improvement Program anticipates \$37,701,746 in general government expenditures, \$690,000 in the Solid Waste fund and \$7,450,000 in the Water and Sewer fund. Included in these appropriations are \$18,760,224 for parks and recreation facilities, \$6,243,072 in road improvements, \$3,565,415 for traffic control systems and \$2,609,758 in public safety equipment and projects. Additionally, the \$75,000,000 sewer treatment plant expansion began construction in late 2022.

Relevant financial policies

The government has adopted a comprehensive set of financial policies, including a policy that requires the adoption of a balanced annual operating budget (estimated revenues and available resources equal to or in excess of appropriations). The government has a fund balance policy to ensure its ability to meet its obligations through all economic conditions.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the skill, effort, and dedication of the entire staff of the Finance and Administration departments. We wish to thank all government departments for their assistance in providing the data necessary to prepare this report. Credit also is due to the Mayor and Aldermen for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the government's finances.

Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to City of Sevierville for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This was the tenth consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Respectfully submitted,

City of Sevierville, Tennessee

Mulling

Lynn K. McClurg City Recorder/Chief Financial Officer

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Sevierville Tennessee

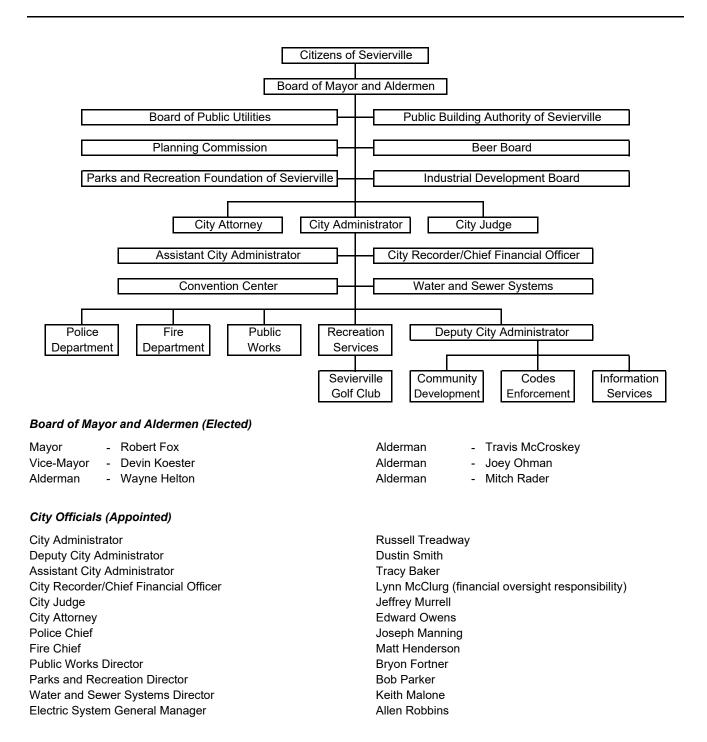
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Organizational Chart and List of Elected and Appointed Officials For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023



FINANCIAL SECTION

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MEMBERS AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditor's Report

Mayor and Board of Alderman City of Sevierville, Tennessee

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sevierville, Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Sevierville, Tennessee's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sevierville, Tennessee, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Sevierville, Tennessee and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Sevierville, Tennessee's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Sevierville, Tennessee's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Sevierville, Tennessee's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 9 – 15 and the required supplementary information on pages 77 – 86 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Sevierville, Tennessee's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information in the financial section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information in the financial section is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2023, on our consideration of the City of Sevierville, Tennessee's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Sevierville, Tennessee's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Sevierville, Tennessee's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Brown Jake & Mc Daniel, PC

Knoxville, Tennessee December 19, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Sevierville, Tennessee (the government), we offer readers of the government's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 1 - 3 of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the government exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$388,169,486 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$110,392,835 represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net position increased \$31,742,604 from ongoing operations.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the government's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$97,681,878, an increase of \$35,610,029 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 26% of this amount (\$25,631,682) is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance (the total of the nonspendable, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) for the general fund was \$40,213,938, or approximately 75% of total fiscal year 2023 budgeted general fund expenditures.
- The government's total general obligation bonded debt increased by \$78,765,000 during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the government's basic financial statements. The government's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) the notes to financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the government's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents financial information on all of the government's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the government is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the government that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). Governmental activities include general government, public safety, public works, recreation, community development, and debt administration. The business-type activities of the government include a water and sewer system and an electric system.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The government, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the government can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental* activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The government maintains five individual governmental funds and one blended component unit. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the central business improvement district fund, and the capital budget which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other two governmental funds and blended component unit are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the combining fund financial statements section of this report.

The government adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the government's major funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19 - 22 and the budgetary comparison statements can be found on pages 23 - 29 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The government maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The government uses enterprises funds to account for its water and sewer system and its electric system. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the government's various functions. The government uses internal service funds to account for the management of its retained risks. Because both of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Sewer Department Fund and for the Electric Department Fund, both of which are considered to be major funds of the government. Conversely, both internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds are provided in the form of combining statements in the combining fund financial statements section of this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 30 - 34 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the government's own programs.

The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The government maintains two fiduciary funds which are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the fiduciary funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the combining fund financial statements section of this report.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 35 - 36 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 37 - 76 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *required supplementary information* concerning the government's net pension and OPEB assets and liabilities. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 77 - 86 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds, along with additional other supplementary information, are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. This information can be found on pages 87 - 117 of this report.

Government-Wide Overall Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the government, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$388,169,486, at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

		City of Sevier	rville's Net Positio	n		
		nmental vities		ess-Type vities	Te	otal
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 123,900,580 201,664,905	\$ 95,945,066 195,241,484	\$ 140,102,556 248,250,968	\$ 89,735,555 226,442,577	\$ 264,003,136 449,915,873	\$ 185,680,621 421,684,061
Total assets	325,565,485	291,186,550	388,353,524	316,178,132	713,919,009	607,364,682
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,213,351	3,821,201	18,225,822	12,368,819	23,439,173	16,190,020
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	152,574,939 15,742,894	140,226,412 13,698,110	123,859,009 50,255,233	46,810,775 47,384,411	276,433,948 65,998,127	187,037,187 61,082,521
Total liabilities	168,317,833	153,924,522	174,114,242	94,195,186	342,432,075	248,119,708
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,390,036	10,406,810	1,366,585	8,601,302	6,756,621	19,008,112
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	68,840,852 1,031,212 87,198,903	51,222,585 10,749,976 68,703,858	207,904,587	195,700,282 3,407,536 26,642,645	276,745,439 1,031,212 110,392,835	246,922,867 14,157,512 95,346,503
Total net position	\$ 157,070,967	\$ 130,676,419	\$ 231,098,519	\$ 225,750,463	\$ 388,169,486	\$ 356,426,882

By far, the largest portion of the government's net position (71.3%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure), less any related net carrying value of outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets (excluding unexpended bond proceeds). The government uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the government's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources used to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the government's net position (0.3%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$110,392,835 (28.4%) is unrestricted.

The government's overall net position increased \$31,742,604 from the prior fiscal year. The reasons for this current year increase in net position are discussed in the following sections for governmental activities and business-type activities.

Governmental Activities. During the current fiscal year, net position for governmental activities increased \$26,394,548 from the prior fiscal year for an ending net position balance of \$157,070,967. Sales taxes revenues increased by \$3,654,271 (9.5%) from prior year, as further recovery from pandemic levels. Similarly, other taxes increased \$1,685,996 or 8.4 percent. Significant funding was received in the prior year from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) grant, resulting in a decrease of \$5,045,130 or 93.6 percent to operating grants and contributions.

Charges for services increased \$1,399,528 or 14.9 percent. The City realized a gain on investment derivatives (interest rate swaps) of \$5,595,801 and received capital grants and contributions of \$530,622. Operating expenses increased \$13,312,532 or 28.1%, which can be attributed to increased personal services and capital outlays for public safety and recreation.

	City of S	evie	rville's Cha	nge	in Net Posit	ion				
	 Govern Acti	nmen vities		Business-Type Activities			 Total			
	2023		2022		2023		2022	2023		2022
Revenues:										
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 10,784,702	\$	9,385,174	\$	206,306,947	\$	193,286,776	\$ 217,091,649	\$	202,671,950
Operating grants and contributions	347,105		5,392,235		-		-	347,105		5,392,235
Capital grants and contributions	530,622		799,231		54,034		-	584,656		799,231
General revenues:										
Sales taxes	42,107,935		38,453,664		-		-	42,107,935		38,453,664
Other taxes	21,853,674		20,167,678		-		-	21,853,674		20,167,678
Other revenues	3,410,763		507,929		3,840,163		313,770	7,250,926		821,699
Gain on investment derivatives	 5,595,801		4,948,248		23,008		-	 5,618,809		4,948,248
Total revenues	 84,630,602		79,654,159		210,224,152		193,600,546	 294,854,754		273,254,705
Expenses:										
General government	14,980,120		13,796,543		-		-	14,980,120		13,796,543
Public safety	17,792,596		13,935,170		-		-	17,792,596		13,935,170
Public works	6,397,694		7,704,724		-		-	6,397,694		7,704,724
Recreation	10,080,854		6,832,898		-		-	10,080,854		6,832,898
Community development	216,120		216,120		-		-	216,120		216,120
Interest on long-term debt	5,894,075		4,542,066		-		-	5,894,075		4,542,066
Debt administration - other	5,312,396		333,802		-		-	5,312,396		333,802
Water and Sewer Department	-		-		21,495,765		14,737,719	21,495,765		14,737,719
Electric Department	 -		-		180,942,530		163,998,282	 180,942,530		163,998,282
Total expenses	 60,673,855		47,361,323		202,438,295		178,736,001	 263,112,150		226,097,324
Excess of revenues over expenses	 23,956,747		32,292,836		7,785,857		14,864,545	 31,742,604		47,157,381
Transfers - in lieu of tax payment	 2,437,801		2,291,253		(2,437,801)		(2,291,253)	 -		-
Total other items	 2,437,801		2,291,253		(2,437,801)		(2,291,253)	 -		-
Change in net position	26,394,548		34,584,089		5,348,056		12,573,292	31,742,604		47,157,381
Net position - beginning	 130,676,419		96,092,330		225,750,463		213,177,171	 356,426,882		309,269,501
Net position - ending	\$ 157,070,967	\$	130,676,419	\$	231,098,519	\$	225,750,463	\$ 388,169,486	\$	356,426,882

City of Sevierville's Change in Net Position

Business-Type Activities. For the government's business-type activities, the results for the current fiscal year were positive in that net position increased by \$5,348,056 from ongoing operations for an overall net position of \$231,098,519. The total net position for business-type activities increased 2.4% from the prior fiscal year. Water and sewer reserves were further strengthened to fund a five-year, \$30 million capital improvement plan as the System's net position increased nearly \$2.3 million. Electric System operating income at fiscal year-end was \$5.0 million in fiscal year 2023 vs. \$10.1 million in fiscal year 2022 due to increased operating expenses largely from purchased power.

Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the government uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the government's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the government's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the government itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the government's Board of Mayor and Aldermen.

At June 30, 2023, the government's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$97,681,878, an increase of \$35,610,029 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 26.2% of this amount (\$25,631,682) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned to indicate that it is 1) nonspendable inventory and prepaids - \$892,675, 2) restricted for particular purposes - \$31,608,099, or 3) assigned for particular purposes - \$39,549,422.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the government. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$25,631,682, while total fund balance increased to \$40,213,938. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total general fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 47.7% of total fiscal year 2023 budgeted general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents approximately 74.9% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the government's general fund increased by \$6,045,547 during the current fiscal year. The increase is largely due to increases in sales and restaurant tax revenue as spending continues to increase following the Covid-19 pandemic combined with higher prices due to inflation, as well as increased interest earnings.

The Central Business Improvement District Fund, a major fund, had a \$1,739,878 decrease in fund balance during the current fiscal year which put the overall fund balance at \$16,387,375. The fund reports assigned fund balance of \$16,387,375 which represents historical budgeted operational transfers from the general fund. The primary reason for the decrease in fund balance is due to swap termination fees paid during the year.

The Capital Budget Fund, a major fund, had a \$31,189,547 increase in fund balance during the current fiscal year due to unexpended bond proceeds from a current year issuance which put the overall fund balance at \$40,049,353. The fund reports restricted fund balance of \$30,576,887, the entirety of which is restricted for future capital outlays. The fund reports assigned fund balance of \$9,472,466 which represents budgeted operational transfers from the general fund. The primary reason for the increase is the issuance of new debt.

Proprietary Funds. The government's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the water and sewer department fund at the end of the year was \$22,381,359 and for the electric department fund was \$812,573. The water and sewer department fund had an increase in net position of \$2,291,074 and the electric department fund had an increase in net position of \$3,056,982. The increase from operations for the water and sewer department fund results from rate changes and intentional reserve strengthening to support its five-year, \$30 million capital improvement plan. The increase in electric department net position is attributable to an increase in electric sales.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Original budget compared to final budget. During the year there was a need for budget amendments to fund significant costs associated with swap termination fees, additional wage costs, road design services, and a roof replacement for the public works facility.

The most notable budgetary differences between the final amended budget and actual results related to interest earnings and federal grants. Savings rates for the Local Government Investment Pool increased considerably over the course of the fiscal year, resulting in much higher earnings than had been budgeted. Secondly, federal grants were significantly higher than budgeted due to not receiving the second half of the ARPA grant until fiscal year 2023.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The government's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2023 amounts to \$449,915,873 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, machinery, equipment, vehicles, park facilities, roads, highways, bridges, water and wastewater treatment plants and electric distribution system. The total increase in capital assets for the current fiscal year was approximately 6.7%.

City of Sevierville's Capital Assets

		nmental vities		ss-Type vities	To	tal
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Land	\$ 60,508,906	\$ 60,218,241	\$ 9,077,107	\$ 7,981,132	\$ 69,586,013	\$ 68,199,373
Construction work in progress	11,496,212	6,741,685	28,165,572	11,921,723	39,661,784	18,663,408
Buildings	116,991,283	116,574,094	-	-	116,991,283	116,574,094
Infrastructure	58,672,946	56,029,757	-	-	58,672,946	56,029,757
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	22,372,981	19,801,232	27,877,294	24,887,760	50,250,275	44,688,992
Water and sewer utility plant	-	-	117,915,437	115,302,642	117,915,437	115,302,642
Electric utility plant	-	-	256,042,847	246,013,928	256,042,847	246,013,928
Total capital assets	270,042,328	259,365,009	439,078,257	406,107,185	709,120,585	665,472,194
Less: accumulated depreciation	68,377,423	64,123,525	190,827,289	179,664,608	259,204,712	243,788,133
Net capital assets	\$ 201,664,905	\$ 195,241,484	\$ 248,250,968	\$ 226,442,577	\$ 449,915,873	\$ 421,684,061

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Various projects related to the electric department at a cost of \$11,757,835 for the electric distribution system.
- The purchase of land for the electric department at a cost of \$1,095,975 for operations expansion.
- The completion of various projects related to the water and sewer system at a cost of \$3,449,715, excluding CWIP.
- Work in progress for significant water and sewer system capital projects at a cost of \$19,824,442.
- Work in progress for the expansion of parks and recreation facilities and police facilities at a cost of \$7,638,076.
- Completed traffic signals and street improvements at a cost of \$2,643,189.
- The purchase of various machinery and equipment in governmental funds at a cost of \$561,372.
- The purchase of various transportation equipment and vehicles in governmental funds at a cost of \$1,578,402.

Additional information on the government's capital assets can be found in Note 3 on pages 51 - 52 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the government had a total bonded debt outstanding of \$250,145,000. All of this amount is debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government.

The government's total bonded debt increased by \$78,765,000 (46.0%) during the current year due to the issuance of \$95,880,000 in bonds to fund a wastewater treatment plant expansion, parks and recreation facilities expansion and police department expansion.

The government's "A+" rating from Standard & Poor's and Fitch Ratings and "Aa3" from Moody's Investors Service for general obligation debt remained unchanged.

Additional information on the government's long-term debt can be found in Note 4 on pages 53 – 55 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following economic factors currently affect the government and were considered in developing the 2023-2024 fiscal year budget.

- Sales and hospitality tax revenue projections return to growth rates closer to pre-pandemic levels following the Covid-19 related slowdown and subsequent tourism resurgence.
- The five-year capital improvement plan includes \$2.4 million for ADA-related projects, \$8.2 million in traffic control projects and \$4.3 million in fire trucks and equipment. The government issued \$27.2 million in debt for expansion of parks and recreation facilities and police department facilities, currently works in progress.
- The government maintains the property tax rate for tax year 2024 at \$0.4254 per \$100 of assessed value.
- The government continues to supplement CBID fund revenue at a rate of \$1.0 million per annum, increasing the unrestricted reserve for future debt service. The source of the revenue is a 2019 lodging tax increase from 2% to 3%.
- The water and sewer department will continue construction of a debt-funded \$75 million wastewater treatment expansion.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the government's finances and to show the government's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Lynn K. McClurg, City Recorder/Chief Financial Officer, at City of Sevierville, P.O. Box 5500, Sevierville, TN 37864.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:		¢ 00.040.000	¢ 25 200 225
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,085,446		
Investments	48,714,694	37,094,371	85,809,065
Receivables:	10 166		10 166
Property taxes, net of allowance of \$76,827 Customers, net of allowance of \$79,433 and \$1,580,314, respectively	18,166 332,063	7,688,595	18,166 8,020,658
Other, including current maturities of notes	332,003	7,000,090	0,020,030
receivable from customers of \$444,444	2,151,758	2,000,925	4,152,683
Unbilled revenue	4,575,096	8,529,871	13,104,967
Due from other governments	5,950,950	23,400	5,974,350
Materials and supplies inventory	211,079	5,130,040	5,341,119
Prepayments	742,872	5,150,040	742,872
Restricted assets:	142,012	-	142,012
Cash and cash equivalents	1,046,610	859,158	1,905,768
Accounts receivable	5,946		5,946
Investments - unexpended bond proceeds	30,576,887	54,928,579	85,505,466
Due from other governments	14,489,013		14,489,013
Bue non other governments	14,400,010		14,400,010
Total current assets	123,900,580	136,568,828	260,469,408
Non-current assets:			
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land and improvements	60 509 006	0 077 107	69,586,013
Construction work in progress	60,508,906 11,496,212	9,077,107 28,165,572	39,661,784
Construction work in progress Capital assets, being depreciated:	11,490,212	20,100,072	39,001,704
Buildings and improvements	116,991,283		116,991,283
Infrastructure	58,672,946	-	58,672,946
Machinery and equipment	22,372,981	-	22,372,981
Utility plant	22,372,901	401,835,578	401,835,578
Less accumulated depreciation	(68,377,423)	(190,827,289)	(259,204,712)
	(00,377,423)	(130,027,203)	(200,204,712)
Total capital assets	201,664,905	248,250,968	449,915,873
Other non-current assets:			
Notes receivable from customers, less current maturities	-	1,046,297	1,046,297
Receivable - Tennessee Valley Authority Residential			
Energy Services Program	-	2,015,861	2,015,861
Other assets		471,570	471,570
Total non-current assets	201,664,905	251,784,696	453,449,601
Total assets	325,565,485	388,353,524	713,919,009
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Dension related	E 040 0E4	40.054.074	40.004.400
Pension related	5,213,351	13,851,071	19,064,422
OPEB related	-	4,374,751	4,374,751
Total deferred outflows of resources	E 010 0E1	10 005 000	22 420 472
	5,213,351	18,225,822	23,439,173

Statement of Net Position (Continued) June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Payable from current assets: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Accrued interest payable Due to other governments Revenues received in advance Reserve for health insurance claims Customer deposits, including interest of \$405,228 Non-current liabilities - due within one year Funds held in trust	\$ 1,983,630 509,466 - 105,688 - 280,691 351,245 12,422,821 89,353	\$ 15,156,622 2,649,580 74,847 978,581 1,947,490 24,786,669 4,661,444	\$ 17,140,252 3,159,046 74,847 105,688 978,581 2,228,181 25,137,914 17,084,265 89,353
Total current liabilities	15,742,894	50,255,233	65,998,127
Non-current liabilities: Due in more than one year Net OPEB liability Total OPEB liability Net pension liability Advances from Tennessee Valley Authority Residential Energy Services Program	152,082,681 - - 492,258 -	97,697,863 3,054,389 819,500 20,267,343 2,019,914	249,780,544 3,054,389 819,500 20,759,601 2,019,914
Total non-current liabilities	152,574,939	123,859,009	276,433,948
Total liabilities	168,317,833	174,114,242	342,432,075
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Property taxes Pension related OPEB related Deferred charge on refunding	4,575,096 672,314 - 142,626	- 790,469 576,116 -	4,575,096 1,462,783 576,116 142,626
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,390,036	1,366,585	6,756,621
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted: State street aid Drug enforcement Unrestricted	68,840,852 598,101 433,111 87,198,903	207,904,587 - 23,193,932	276,745,439 598,101 433,111 110,392,835
Total net position	<u>\$ 157,070,967</u>	<u>\$ 231,098,519</u>	<u>\$ 388,169,486</u>

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Ľ	Program Revenues		Net Revenue (Ex	Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position	in Net Position
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 14,980,120	\$ 2,473,160	\$ 77,233	\$ 290,665	\$ (12,139,062)	ۍ ب	\$ (12,139,062)
Public safety	17,792,596	773,092	269,872	•	(16,749,632)	•	(16,749,632)
Public works	6,397,694	3,402,878	•	239,957	(2,754,859)	•	(2,754,859)
Recreation	10,080,854	4,135,572	·		(5,945,282)		(5,945,282)
Community development	216,120				(216,120)		(216,120)
Interest	5,894,075				(5,894,075)		(5,894,075)
Debt administration - other	5,312,396	•	•	•	(5,312,396)	•	(5, 312, 396)
Total governmental activities	60,673,855	10,784,702	347,105	530,622	(49,011,426)		(49,011,426)
Business-type activities:							
Water and Sewer Department	21.495.765	21.409.436		54.034	•	(32.295)	(32.295)
Electric Department	180,942,530	184,897,511	•		'	3,954,981	3,954,981
Total business-type activities	202,438,295	206,306,947	'	54,034	'	3,922,686	3,922,686
Total rovernment	¢ 263 112 150	\$ 217 001 640	\$ 347 105	\$ 584 656	149 011 4261	3 022 686	(45 088 740)
	- 00,				074,10,04	0,024,000	(<u></u>
	General revenues:						
	Taxes:						
	Sales taxes				42,107,935	•	42,107,935
	Privilege taxes				11,760,917	•	11,760,917
	Property taxes				4,463,071	•	4,463,071
	Wholesale beer taxes	r taxes			1,934,843		1,934,843
	Business taxes				2,299,830		2,299,830
	Other taxes				1,395,013		1,395,013
	Interest earned				2,509,881	3,496,890	6,006,771
	Miscellaneous				900,882	343,273	1,244,155
	Gain (loss) on inve	on investment derivatives			5,595,801	23,008	5,618,809
					2,437,801	(2,437,801)	
	Total general re	Total general revenues and transfers	IS		75,405,974	1,425,370	76,831,344
	Change in net p	in net position			26,394,548	5,348,056	31,742,604
	Net position, beginning	ning			130,676,419	225,750,463	356,426,882
	Net position - ending	b			\$ 157,070,967	\$ 231,098,519 \$	\$ 388,169,486
)				•	

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Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

ASSETS	 General Fund	Central Business nprovement District Fund	 Capital Budget	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	 Total
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables:	\$ 5,460,007 28,070,330	\$ 1,245,798 15,142,077	\$ 4,858,171 5,502,287	\$-	\$ 11,563,976 48,714,694
Property taxes (less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$76,827)	18,166	-	-	-	18,166
Customers (less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$79,433)	332,063	-	-	-	332,063
Other	1,994,588	-	-	-	1,994,588
Unbilled property taxes	4,575,096	-		-	4,575,096
Due from other governments	5,677,153	-	273,798	-	5,950,951
Materials and supplies inventory Prepayments	211,079 681,596	-	-	-	211,079 681,596
Restricted assets:	001,590	-	-	-	001,090
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	32,948	1,013,662	1,046,610
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	5,946	5,946
Investments - unexpended bond proceeds	-	-	30,576,887	-	30,576,887
Due from other governments	 -	 14,382,757	 -	106,256	 14,489,013
Total assets	\$ 47,020,078	\$ 30,770,632	\$ 41,244,091	\$ 1,125,864	\$ 120,160,665
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 837,736	\$ 500	\$ 1,100,744	\$ 5,300	\$ 1,944,280
Accrued liabilities	475,209	-	32,948	-	508,157
Due to other governments	105,688	-	-	-	105,688
Funds held in trust	-	-	-	89,352	89,352
Customer deposits	 351,245	 -	 -		 351,245
Total liabilities	 1,769,878	 500	 1,133,692	94,652	 2,998,722
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	4,575,096	-	-	-	4,575,096
Unavailable revenue - other	97,652	-	61,046	-	158,698
Unavailable revenue - sales taxes	-	14,382,757	-	-	14,382,757
Unavailable revenue - grant revenue	 363,514	 -	 -		 363,514
Total deferred inflows of resources	 5,036,262	 14,382,757	 61,046		 19,480,065
Fund balances: Nonspendable:					
Inventories and prepayments	892,675	-	-	-	892,675
Restricted:	,				,
Capital outlay	-	-	30,576,887	-	30,576,887
State street aid fund	-	-	-	598,101	598,101
Drug enforcement fund	-	-	-	433,111	433,111
Assigned:		10 207 275			16 207 275
Central Business Improvement District Fund Capital Budget Fund	-	16,387,375	- 9,472,466	-	16,387,375 9,472,466
Golf Course	- 1,732,700	-	9,472,400	-	9,472,466 1,732,700
Convention center department	1,053,852	-	-	-	1,053,852
Capital outlay	10,903,029	-	-	-	10,903,029
Unassigned	 25,631,682	 -	 -		 25,631,682
Total fund balances	 40,213,938	 16,387,375	 40,049,353	1,031,212	 97,681,878
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 47,020,078	\$ 30,770,632	\$ 41,244,091	<u> </u>	\$ 120,160,665

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

\$ 97,681,878 Total fund balances - governmental funds Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Capital assets \$ 270,042,328 Accumulated depreciation (68, 377, 423)201,664,905 Internal service funds are reported as proprietary funds, however, the activities accounted for in them are governmental in nature. Therefore, the assets and liabilities of these funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net position: 3,739,915 Total assets Total liabilities (321,350) 3,418,565 The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the funds. (492, 258)Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Bonds payable (162, 501, 985)Leases payable (756, 329)Compensated absences (1,247,188)(164, 505, 502)Certain deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not available resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Deferred outflows of resources: Pension related 5,213,351 Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - sales tax 14,382,757 Unavailable revenue - grants 363,514 Unavailable revenue - other 158,698 Pension related (672, 315)Deferred charge on refunding (142, 626)19,303,379 Total net position--governmental activities 157,070,967

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Central Business Improvement District Fund	Capital Budget	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Revenues:					
Local taxes	\$ 46,466,997	\$ 3,646,275	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50,113,272
Licenses and permits	682,412	. , ,	· _	· _	682,412
Intergovernmental revenue	6,164,602		455,405	625,977	15,731,234
Charges for services	8,685,937	0,100,200	-		8,685,937
Fines, forfeits and penalties	475,027	_	_	125,267	600,294
Other revenues	1,324,261	826,879	1,216,110	74,148	3,441,398
Other revenues	1,324,201			74,140	5,441,590
Total revenues	63,799,236	12,958,404	1,671,515	825,392	79,254,547
Expenditures:					
Current:	40 470 504				40 470 504
General government	13,172,591	-	-	-	13,172,591
Public safety	16,032,361	-	-	90,579	16,122,940
Public works	6,901,594	-	-	620,000	7,521,594
Recreation	5,952,503	-	-	-	5,952,503
Debt service:					
Principal	3,485,000	7,410,000	-	-	10,895,000
Interest	1,967,062	, ,	-	-	6,486,165
Debt service charges	21,288	1,916,244	-	-	1,937,532
Cost of issuance	-	-	346,783	-	346,783
Termination swap fees	175,146	2,852,935	-	-	3,028,081
Capital outlay:					
General government	277,082	-	809,561	-	1,086,643
Public safety	30,456	-	2,915,541	-	2,945,997
Public works	1,375,816	-	1,561,250	-	2,937,066
Recreation	1,221,991		2,774,216		3,996,207
Total expenditures	50,612,890	16,698,282	8,407,351	710,579	76,429,102
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	13,186,346	(3,739,878)	(6,735,836)	114,813	2,825,445
over (under) expenditures	13,160,340	(3,739,676)	(0,735,630)	114,013	2,025,445
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	2,437,801	2,000,000	7,578,600	-	12,016,401
Transfers out	(9,578,600) -	-	-	(9,578,600)
Bond proceeds	-	-	27,240,000	-	27,240,000
Bond premium		. <u> </u>	3,106,783		3,106,783
Total other financing sources (uses)	(7,140,799)2,000,000	37,925,383		32,784,584
Net change in fund balances	6,045,547	(1,739,878)	31,189,547	114,813	35,610,029
Fund balances, beginning	34,168,391	18,127,253	8,859,806	916,399	62,071,849
Fund balances, ending	\$ 40,213,938	\$ 16,387,375	<u>\$ 40,049,353</u>	<u>\$ 1,031,212</u>	<u>\$97,681,878</u>

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 35,610,029
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays expense exceeds depreciation expense:		
Depreciation expense Capital outlays	\$ (4,358,637) 10,245,344	5,886,707
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(687,233)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums when the debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		
Lease payments Principal paid on general obligation bonds Bond proceeds Unamortized bond premium Amortization of bond premiums Deferred charge on refunding	 (2,953) 10,895,000 (27,240,000) (3,106,783) 593,116 16,294	(18,845,326)
The increase in the fair value of an interest rate swap accounted for as an investment derivative instrument in the statement of activities is not reported in governmental funds, but is reported as a gain on investment loss derivatives in the statement of activities.		5,595,801
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:		
Compensated absences Pension expense	 (167,881) (641,253)	(809,134)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance and other activities to individual funds. The net internal service fund revenue is reported with governmental activities.		 (356,296)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 26,394,548

General Fund

The **General Fund** is used to account for all of the general revenues of the government not specifically levied or collected for other government funds, and for the expenditures related to the rendering of general services by the government. The General Fund is used to account for all resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.

2023					
	Budgeted	Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	2022	
Revenues:					
Local taxes:					
Property tax	\$ 4,418,449	\$ 4,418,449	\$ 4,400,798	\$ 4,320,658	
Interest and penalties on property tax	15,000	^(10,44)	13,965	29,529	
In lieu of tax - property tax	22,294	22,294	48,308	4,381	
Local sales tax	26,051,691	26,051,691	25,586,347	24,297,901	
Wholesale liquor tax	295,082	295,082	317,835	269,896	
Wholesale beer tax	1,735,795	1,735,795	1,617,008	1,585,592	
Business tax	1,784,264	1,784,264	2,299,830	1,969,128	
Amusement privilege tax	795,737	795,737	674,047	701,722	
Restaurant privilege tax	5,791,307	5,791,307	5,969,371	5,341,640	
Natural gas franchise tax	227,713	227,713	294,249	242,462	
Cable television franchise tax	130,677	130,677	127,740	132,418	
Lodging privilege tax	5,347,531	5,347,531	5,066,915	4,768,372	
Liquor privilege tax	34,000	34,000	37,152	34,203	
Beer privilege tax	13,000	13,000	13,432	13,015	
Total local taxes	46,662,540	46,662,540	46,466,997	43,710,917	
Licenses and permits:					
Building permits	250,000	250,000	585,932	531,573	
Other licenses and permits	63,281	63,281	96,480	73,124	
Total licenses and permits	313,281	313,281	682,412	604,697	
Intergovernmental revenue:					
Federal grants	90,000	90,000	2,646,836	2,597,978	
In lieu of tax - Sevierville Housing Authority	34,094	34,094	41,298	35,457	
State grants	7,500	7,500	10,307	7,320	
State of Tennessee:					
Public safety salary supplement	100,800	100,800	96,000	84,000	
Sales tax	1,985,679	1,985,679	2,128,299	2,012,598	
Hall income tax	-	-	400	8,764	
Beer tax	8,945	8,945	8,168	8,171	
Mixed drink tax	365,311	365,311	530,917	360,722	
State sports betting	15,000	15,000	29,176	16,701	
City streets and transportation tax	33,274	33,274	32,773	32,510	
Street maintenance contract	189,000	189,000	194,605	136,905	
Telecommunications sales tax	11,000	11,000	10,532	11,640	
TVA gross receipts tax	186,224	186,224	215,084	185,736	
State excise tax	85,000	85,000	115,207	106,599	
Sevier County, Tennessee:				-	
Fire department	25,000	25,000	-	53,750	
School resource officers salary supplement	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000	
Total intergovernmental revenue	3,241,827	3,241,827	6,164,602	5,763,851	

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	2022
Revenues (continued):				
Charges for services:				
Police security	\$ 44,600	\$ 44,600	\$ 113,855	\$ 55,840
Solid waste fees	2,575,000	2,575,000	2,582,219	2,296,122
Convention center fees	983,000	983,000	1,753,633	1,218,774
Golf course fees	2,743,850	2,843,850	3,409,457	3,254,932
Community center fees	379,000	379,000	454,988	400,415
City park fees	177,500	177,500	185,289	168,731
Civic center rental fees	70,000	70,000	77,631	64,200
Other charges for services	187,496	187,496	108,865	68,552
Tatal sharras far samisas	7 460 446	7 000 446	0.005.007	7 507 566
Total charges for services	7,160,446	7,260,446	8,685,937	7,527,566
Fines, forfeits and penalties:				
City court fines and costs	108,000	108,000	262,995	183,587
Diversion filing	112,000	112,000	124,343	100,107
County court fines and costs	51,500	51,500	82,019	73,012
Offenders registration	2,500	2,500	1,350	1,400
Forfeits and seizures	4,500	4,500	4,320	4,900
			.,	.,
Total fines, forfeits and penalties	278,500	278,500	475,027	363,006
Other revenues:				
Interest earnings	20,000	20,000	1,002,514	51,118
Rents and leases	67,741	67,741	67,741	67,766
Other miscellaneous revenue	85,493	85,493	254,006	284,691
Total other revenues	173,234	173,234	1,324,261	403,575
Total revenues	57,829,828	57,929,828	63,799,236	58,373,612
Expenditures:				
General government:				
Legislative board:				
Personal services	141.799	141,799	133,125	118,532
Contractual services	27,220	27,220	21,360	24,814
Supplies	1,400	1,400	233	344
Cappiloo	1,400	1,400		
Total legislative board	170,419	170,419	154,718	143,690
v				- ,
Legal services:				
Contractual services	253,800	253,800	221,890	189,200
Total legal services	253,800	253,800	221,890	189,200
			,	

	2023				
	Budgeted	Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	2022	
Expenditures (continued):					
General government (continued):					
City administration:					
Personal services	\$ 994,976	\$ 994,976	\$ 864,899	\$ 705,235	
Contractual services	¢ 004,070 42,043	φ 334,970 42,043	36,838	32,194	
Supplies	21,725	21,725	17,836	6,189	
Fixed charges	21,725	21,720	378	27	
Less expense reimbursements from proprietary fund	(313,813)	(313,813)	(313,916)	(321,003)	
Total city administration	744,931	744,931	606,035	422,642	
City recorder/finance department:					
Personal services	1,334,760	1,334,760	1,261,251	1,086,968	
Contractual services	265,241	265,241	230,750	211,640	
Supplies	28,075	28,075	23,697	21,252	
Fixed charges	116,787	116,787	108,312	109,689	
Less expense reimbursements from proprietary fund	(313,813)	(313,813)	(313,916)	(321,002)	
Total city recorder/finance department	1,431,050	1,431,050	1,310,094	1,108,547	
Information services:					
Personal services	577,866	577,866	454,111	272,933	
Contractual services	855,651	855,651	751,141	543,324	
Supplies	2,625	2,625	1,244	1,453	
Capital outlay	114,600	114,600	104,386	84,529	
Less expense reimbursements from proprietary fund	(313,812)	(313,812)	(313,916)	(321,002)	
Total information services	1,236,930	1,236,930	996,966	581,237	
Planning and development:					
Personal services	995,269	995,269	877,618	704,264	
Contractual services	111,467	111,467	32,187	18,145	
Supplies	11,655	11,655	4,552	6,095	
Capital outlay	2,200	2,200		4,925	
Total planning and development	1,120,591	1,120,591	914,357	733,429	
Facilities management:					
Personal services	568,061	568,061	540,359	442,630	
Contractual services	32,580	32,580	35,578	21,836	
Supplies	25,250	25,250	24,328	15,724	
Total facilities management	625,891	625,891	600,265	480,190	

	2023				
	Budgeted				
	Original	Final	Actual	2022	
Expanditures (continued):					
Expenditures (continued): General government (continued):					
Marketing:					
Personal services	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 13,133	
Contractual services	ψ -	Ψ -	ψ -	5,014,413	
Contractual services	<u> </u>			3,014,413	
Total marketing				5,027,546	
Sevierville Convention Center:					
Personal services	1,032,407	1,032,407	1,086,607	892,192	
Contractual services	742,365	742,365	657,292	572,998	
Supplies	42,025	42,025	41,521	40,898	
Fixed charges	103,710	103,710	128,593	139,985	
Capital outlay	155,750	155,750	46,931	-	
Total Sevierville Convention Center	2,076,257	2,076,257	1,960,944	1,646,073	
Contracts, grants and other special funding:					
Contractual services	203,000	203,000	176,814	145.289	
Grants, contributions and other	310,961	310,961	237,021	1,183,204	
Total contracts, grants and					
Total contracts, grants and other special funding	513,961	513,961	413,835	1,328,493	
other special funding	010,901	515,901	413,035	1,320,493	
Other general government:					
Personal services	9,000	9,000	8,245	8,200	
Contractual services	5,784,746	5,784,746	5,455,144	185,914	
Supplies	4,000	4,000	3,988	4,790	
Fixed charges	705,554	705,554	782,000	637,439	
Capital outlay	115,000	115,000	21,192	4,857,554	
Total other general government	6,618,300	6,618,300	6,270,569	5,693,897	
Total general government	14,792,130	14,792,130	13,449,673	17,354,944	
Public safety:					
Police:					
Personal services	7,445,450	7,545,450	7,470,771	6,190,354	
Contractual services	234,997	234,997	185,102	195,490	
Supplies	307,041	307,041	275,477	237,967	
Fixed charges	-			207,007	
Grants, contributions and other	33,990	33,990	29,665	- 34,487	
Capital outlay	806,650	806,650	721,114	412,448	
Οαριίαι Ουίαχ					
Total police	8,828,128	8,928,128	8,682,129	7,070,750	

	2023				
	Budgeted	Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	2022	
Expenditures (continued):					
Public safety (continued):					
Traffic control and maintenance:					
Personal services	\$ 372,413	\$ 372,413	\$ 327,645	\$ 252,528	
Contractual services	78,700	78,700	69,487	82,518	
Supplies	258,450	258,450	254,922	144,805	
Total traffic control and maintenance	709,563	709,563	652,054	479,851	
Fire:					
Personal services	5,112,552	5,112,552	4,929,385	4,090,825	
Contractual services	1,187,321	1,187,321	1,157,293	939,686	
Supplies	360,015	360,015	375,166	322,516	
Capital outlay	1,243,700	1,243,700	266,790	117,757	
Total fire	7,903,588	7,903,588	6,728,634	5,470,784	
Total public safety	17,441,279	17,541,279	16,062,817	13,021,385	
Public works:					
Street:					
Personal services	2,351,503	2,351,503	2,235,952	1,633,620	
Contractual services	385,115	385,115	384,422	354,621	
Supplies	125,700	125,700	195,198	140,999	
Building materials	1,030,800	1,030,800	1,077,543	594,123	
Fixed charges	-	-	-	4	
Capital outlay	10,000	10,000		36,106	
Total street	3,903,118	3,903,118	3,893,115	2,759,473	
Fleet maintenance:					
Personal services	650,247	650,247	612,716	538,750	
Contractual services	131,495	131,495	115,212	93,595	
Supplies	440,500	440,500	459,939	428,127	
Fixed charges	-		,- 30	7	
Capital outlay	94,000	94,000	61,722	-	
Total fleet maintenance	1,316,242	1,316,242	1,249,589	1,060,479	

	2023						
	Bud	Budgeted Amounts					
	Origina	al		Final		Actual	 2022
Expenditures (continued):							
Public works (continued):							
Solid waste:							
Personal services		,249	\$		\$	898,851	\$ 764,450
Contractual services	869			869,500		855,944	774,802
Supplies	352	,000		352,000		437,069	349,216
Bad debt expense		-		-		5,259	9,413
Capital outlay	675	,000		991,500		937,583	 388,733
Total solid waste	2,836	,749		3,153,249		3,134,706	 2,286,614
Total public works	8,056	,109		8,372,609		8,277,410	 6,106,566
Recreation:							
Parks and recreation:							
Personal services	1,350	,787		1,350,787		1,372,865	1,120,624
Contractual services	235	,023		235,023		210,845	201,842
Supplies	266	,200		266,200		242,339	211,713
Materials	12	,500		12,500		6,009	12,060
Capital outlay	25	,000		25,000		24,503	 7,649
Total parks and recreation	1,889	<u>,510</u>		1,889,510		1,856,561	 1,553,888
Community Center:							
Personal services	1,086	,340		1,086,340		1,073,759	974,153
Contractual services	157	,482		157,482		152,088	146,077
Supplies	120	,490		120,490		100,842	88,915
Other	15	,200		15,200		8,189	 8,457
Total Community Center	1,379	,512		1,379,512		1,334,878	 1,217,602
Civic Center:							
Personal services	180	,455		180,455		187,132	167,055
Contractual services		,067		37,067		27,292	29,411
Supplies		,250		14,250		6,271	 11,344
Total Civic Center	231	,772		231,772		220,695	207,810

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023 (With Comparative Totals for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022)

	Buc	Igeted An	mounts		
	Origina	*	Final	Actual	2022
Expenditures (continued): Recreation (continued): Sevierville Golf Club:					
Personal services	\$ 1,53	1,765 \$	1,631,765	\$ 1,903,009	\$ 1,453,027
Contractual services).271	450.271	427.569	423.892
Supplies		5,961	855,961	943,320	801,215
Fixed charges		2,887	92,887	153,181	132,794
Capital outlay		4,966	844,966	335,281	
Total Sevierville Golf Club	3,77	5,850	3,875,850	3,762,360	2,810,928
Total recreation	7,27	6,644	7,376,644	7,174,494	5,790,228
Debt administration:					
Principal	3,81	5,000	3,815,000	3,485,000	2,085,000
Interest	1,71	0,593	1,710,593	1,967,062	776,030
Termination swap fees		-	135,150	175,146	-
Debt service charges	10	0,000	100,000	21,288	46,897
Total debt administration	5,62	5,593	5,760,743	5,648,496	2,907,927
Total expenditures	53,19	1,755	53,843,405	50,612,890	45,181,050
Revenues over (under) expenditures	4,63	3,073	4,086,423	13,186,346	13,192,562
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	2,35	3,984	2,358,984	2,437,801	2,291,253
Transfers out	(7,17	8,600)	(9,178,600)	(9,578,600)	(11,552,502)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,81	9,616)	(6,819,616)	(7,140,799)	(9,261,249)
Net change in fund balances	(18	1,543)	(2,733,193)	6,045,547	3,931,313
Fund balance, beginning	34,16	3,391	34,168,391	34,168,391	30,237,078
Fund balance, ending	\$ 33,98	<u>6,848</u> \$	31,435,198	<u>\$ 40,213,938</u>	<u>\$ 34,168,391</u>

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the government is that costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis will be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The government has the following Enterprise Funds:

Water and Sewer Department Fund – to account for the providing of water and sewer services to the residents of the government and surrounding areas. Activities of the fund include administration, operation and maintenance of the water and sewer system and billing and collection activities. The fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest for Water and Sewer Department debt. All costs are financed through charges made to utility customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted if necessary to ensure integrity of the fund. The fund is operated as Sevierville Water Systems.

Electric Department Fund – to account for the providing of electricity to the residents of the government and Sevier County. Activities of the fund include administration, operation and maintenance of the electric system and billing and collection activities. The fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest for Electric Department debt. All costs are financed through charges made to utility customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted if necessary to ensure integrity of the fund. The fund is operated as Sevier County Electric System.

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

	 B		G	overnmental			
	Water and Sewer Department Fund		erprise Funds Electric Department Fund		Total		Activities Internal Service Funds
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,727,968	\$	17,585,921	\$	20,313,889	\$	3,521,470
Investments:							
Unsegregated	22,252,277		5,342,094		27,594,371		-
Segregated for emergency and self-insured funds Receivables:	-		9,500,000		9,500,000		-
Customers (net of allowance for							
doubtful accounts of \$581,347 and							
\$998,967, respectively)	1,281,667		6,406,928		7,688,595		-
Other, including current maturities of notes							
receivable from customers of \$444,444	591,931		1,408,994		2,000,925		157,169
Unbilled revenue	1,068,033		7,461,838		8,529,871		-
Due from other governments	23,400		-		23,400		-
Materials and supplies inventories	937,336		4,192,704		5,130,040		-
Prepayments Restricted assets:	-		-		-		61,276
Cash and cash equivalents	859,158		-		859.158		-
Investments - unexpended bond proceeds	54,928,579		-		54,928,579		-
Total current assets	 84,670,349		51,898,479		136,568,828		3,739,915
Noncurrent assets:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land and land rights	437,557		8,639,550		9,077,107		-
Construction work in progress	23,993,701		4,171,871		28,165,572		-
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Utility plant	117,915,437		256,042,847		373,958,284		-
Machinery and equipment	13,292,923		14,584,371		27,877,294		-
Less accumulated depreciation	 (61,762,675)		(129,064,614)	(190,827,289)		-
Total capital assets	93,876,943		154,374,025		248,250,968		-
Other peneutrant ecceter							
Other noncurrent assets: Notes receivable from customers, less current maturities			1 046 207		1 046 207		
Tennessee Valley Authority Residential	-		1,046,297		1,046,297		-
Energy Services Program receivable	-		2,015,861		2,015,861		-
Other assets	-		471,570		471,570		-
Total noncurrent assets	 93,876,943		157,907,753		251,784,696		
Total assets	 178,547,292		209,806,232		388,353,524		3,739,915
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pension related	3,531,778		10,319,293		13,851,071		-
OPEB related	 301,900		4,072,851		4,374,751		-
Total deferred outflows of resources	2 822 670		11 202 144		10 005 000		
	 3,833,678		14,392,144		18,225,822		

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds (Continued) June 30, 2023

	E	Business-Type Activities	Governmental
		Enterprise Funds	Activities
	Water and Sewer Department Fund	Electric Department Fund To	Internal Service otal Funds
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Current maturities of long-term debt Compensated absences - current Accounts payable Accrued expenses	\$ 2,880,000 177,000 2,523,876 1,105,428	1,160,000 1 12,632,746 15	3,324,444 \$ - ,337,000 - 5,156,622 39,350 2,649,580 1,309
Accrued interest Reserve for health insurance claims Revenues received in advance	74,847 - 978,581	1,947,490 1 -	74,847 - ,947,490 280,691 978,581 -
Customer deposits, including interest of \$405,228	1,436,053	23,350,616 24	l,786,669 -
Total current liabilities	9,175,785	41,079,448 50),255,233 321,350
Noncurrent liabilities: Long-term debt, less current maturities Compensated absences, less current portion Net OPEB liability Total OPEB liability Net pension liability Advances from Tennessee Valley Authority Residential Energy Services Program	92,394,961 327,768 - 819,500 3,140,192 -	3,919,612 4 3,054,389 3 17,127,151 20	3,450,483 - 1,247,380 - 3,054,389 - 819,500 - 0,267,343 - 2,019,914 -
Total noncurrent liabilities	96,682,421	27,176,588 123	3,859,009
Total liabilities	105,858,206	68,256,036 174	l,114,242 321,350
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related OPEB related	477,943 132,900	312,526 443,216	790,469 - 576,116 -
Total deferred inflows of resources	610,843	755,742 1	,366,585
NET POSITION			
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	53,530,562 22,381,359		7,904,587 - 3,193,932 3,418,565
Total net position	\$ 75,911,921	<u>\$ 155,186,598</u>	,098,519 \$ 3,418,565

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	В	Business-Type Activities							
		Enterprise Funds		Activities					
	Water and Sewer Department Fund	Electric Department Fund	Total	Internal Service Funds					
Operating revenues: Utility sales Other operating revenue Medical, dental and childcare revenue	\$ 19,417,889 1,991,547 	\$ 181,381,149 3,516,362 -	\$ 200,799,038 5,507,909 	\$					
Total operating revenues	21,409,436	184,897,511	206,306,947	5,163,874					
Operating expenses: Operations Maintenance Depreciation and amortization Administrative and general Purchased power Payroll taxes	9,865,953 319,868 4,206,578 1,337,844 - -	7,257,281 11,423,585 9,119,186 7,169,016 144,303,227 618,894	17,123,234 11,743,453 13,325,764 8,506,860 144,303,227 618,894	5,155,837 - - 364,333 - -					
Total operating expenses	15,730,243	179,891,189	195,621,432	5,520,170					
Operating income (loss)	5,679,193	5,006,322	10,685,515	(356,296)					
Non-operating revenues (expenses): Interest income Miscellaneous income Merchandise sales, net of costs Interest expense Gain on derivative instrument Change in fair value Bond issuance costs Swap termination fee Intergovernmental - in lieu of tax	2,164,994 343,273 - (3,462,318) - (872,365) (1,430,839) 	1,331,896 - (6,874) (297,694) 23,008 (53,332) - (693,441) 202,562	(3,760,012) 23,008 (53,332) (872,365) (1,430,839) (693,441)	- - - - - - -					
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	<u>(3,257,255)</u> 2,421,938	<u> </u>	(2,953,692) 7,731,823	(356,296)					
Capital contributions Transfers out	54,034 (184,898)	- (2,252,90 <u>3</u>)	54,034 (2,437,801)						
Change in net position	2,291,074	3,056,982	5,348,056	(356,296)					
Net position, beginning	73,620,847	152,129,616	225,750,463	3,774,861					
Net position, ending	\$ 75,911,921	\$ 155,186,598	\$ 231,098,519	\$ 3,418,565					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	В	Governmental Activities		
	Water and Sewer Department Fund	Enterprise Funds Electric Department Fund	Total	Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers Cash received from employees, other participants and other funds	\$ 22,053,694 -	-	\$ 212,267,094 -	\$- 5,153,577
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services Cash payments for claims	(5,709,402 (3,064,106 -			(939,303) - (4,537,723)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	13,280,186	16,267,369	29,547,555	(323,449)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Cash payment for in-lieu of taxes Cash received from Tennessee Valley Authority	(184,898	, , ,	(,	-
Residential Energy Services Program, net Other income (expense) Repayment of USDA loan		(4,026) (6,874) (444,450)	(4,026) (6,874) (444,450)	-
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities	(184,898) (3,401,694)	(3,586,592)	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from sale of assets Proceeds from issuance of debt Proceeds from bond premium Bond issuance costs Principal paid on long-term debt Terminated interest rate swap Contributed capital Interest paid	(19,911,383 165,352 68,640,000 2,232,365 (872,365 (2,975,000 (1,430,839 30,634 (3,558,455	- - -) (3,245,000)) (113,185) -		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	42,320,309	(18,727,872)	23,592,437	
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchase of investments Redemption or sale of investments Interest received on investments Customer repayments of USDA note receivable Net cash provided by investing activities	- 987,346 2,164,994 	(12,442,929) 12,213,030 1,331,896 444,444 1,546,441	(12,442,929) 13,200,376 3,496,890 444,444 4,698,781	-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	58,567,937			(323,449)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	22,200,045		44,101,722	3,844,919
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$ 80,767,982	\$ 17,585,921	\$ 98,353,903	\$ 3,521,470
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 24,979,653 55,788,329	\$ 17,585,921 	\$ 42,565,574 55,788,329	\$ 3,521,470
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 80,767,982</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 98,353,903</u>	\$ 3,521,470

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Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities							overnmental
			Ent	erprise Funds				Activities
		Water and Sewer Department Fund	Electric Department Fund		Total			Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash								
provided (used) by operating activities:								
Operating income	\$	5,679,193	\$	5,006,322	\$	10,685,515	\$	(356,296)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash		, ,		, ,				
provided (used) by operating activities:								
Depreciation and amortization		4,206,578		9,119,186		13,325,764		-
Miscellaneous income (expense)		177,921		-		177,921		-
(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflows:								
Receivables		(223,164)		3,132,353		2,909,189		(10,297)
Unbilled revenues		(48,560)		-		(48,560)		-
Materials and supplies inventory		(83,204)		(885,633)		(968,837)		-
Prepayments		-		-		-		1,422
Other assets		-		8,678		8,678		-
Net pension asset		833,606		-		833,606		-
Deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB		(1,690,507)		(5,777,422)		(7,467,929)		-
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows:								
Accounts payable		1,714,463		(1,882,657)		(168,194)		13,971
Accrued expenses		719,397		(29,394)		690,003		1,309
Reserve for health insurance claims		-		(93,146)		(93,146)		26,442
Customer deposits		68,230		2,183,536		2,251,766		-
Revenue received in advance		669,831		-		669,831		-
Compensated absences		61,485		(50,901)		10,584		-
Net OPEB liability		(165,300)		(4,515,934)		(4,681,234)		-
Net pension liability		3,140,192		15,507,123		18,647,315		-
Deferred inflows related to pension plan and OPEB		(1,779,975)		(5,454,742)		(7,234,717)		-
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	13,280,186	\$	16,267,369	\$	29,547,555	\$	(323,449)

Fiduciary Funds Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds

The pension and other employee benefit trust funds account for the activities of the Sevier County Electric System Employees' Pension Plan and Sevier County Electric System Retiree Medical, Dental, and Life Insurance Plan Trust Fund, which accumulate resources for pension and other postemployment benefit payments to qualified beneficiaries.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds June 30, 2023

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents Contributions receivable	\$ 1,344,030 <u>93,054</u>
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,437,084
Investments, at fair value:	
Mutual funds - equity	33,868,322
Mutual funds - fixed income	9,781,722
Total investments	43,650,044
Total assets	45,087,128
NET POSITION	
Net position restricted for:	
Pensions	39,206,894
Postemployment benefits other than pensions	5,880,234
Total net position	<u>\$ 45,087,128</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Additions to net position: Employer contributions \$ 4,121,983 Employee contributions 385,248 Total contributions 4,507,231 Investment income: 1100000000000000000000000000000000000
Employee contributions 385,248 Total contributions 4,507,231 Investment income:
Total contributions4,507,231
Investment income:
Interest and dividend income 776,744
Net increase in fair value of investments 3,571,346
Total investment income 4,348,090
Total additions8,855,321
Deductions from net position:
Benefits paid to participants 8,527,439
Administrative expenses 39,507
Total deductions 8,566,946
Net increase in net position 288,375
Net position restricted:
Beginning of the year 44,798,753
End of the year <u>\$ 45,087,128</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The City of Sevierville, Tennessee (government) is a municipal corporation governed by a Home Rule Charter form of government. Generally accepted accounting principles require that the financial reporting entity for governments include (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the City is financially accountable, and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The criteria for including organizations for which the City is financially accountable, also known as component units, within the City's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- the City holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the City is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the City
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the City

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the management of the City has determined that it has no component units with financial activity during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis of Presentation – Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, although the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the government's electric, water and sewer functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental funds are used to account for the government's general government activities.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

The *Central Business Improvement District Fund* (CBID Fund) accounts for the use of certain bond funds and the servicing of certain long-term debt of the government.

The *Capital Budget Fund* accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of capital assets.

Proprietary funds are used to account for governmental activities that are similar to activities that may be performed by a commercial enterprise. Enterprise funds account for operations that provide services primarily to the general public on a user charge basis.

The government reports the following major enterprise funds:

The *Water and Sewer Department Fund* accounts for all the activities of Sevierville Water Systems, a department of the government. Sevierville Water Systems operates the water distribution and sewer collection and treatment systems for residents of the government and surrounding areas.

The *Electric Department Fund* accounts for all the activities of Sevier County Electric System, a department of the government. Sevier County Electric System operates the electric utility for residents of the government and all of Sevier County. The Sevier County Electric System operates under a separate Board of Commissioners appointed by the government's ruling body. Complete comparative financial statements of this fund can be obtained from Sevier County Electric System, P.O. Box 4870, Sevierville, TN 37864-4870.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds account for risk management services (including claims for health, dental and vision and childcare) provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds include the following:

The Sevier County Electric System Employees' Pension Plan The Sevier County Electric System Retiree Medical, Dental and Life Insurance Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fiduciary funds (continued)

The *pension trust* and *other post-employment benefit trust* funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as the proprietary funds, using the same measurement focus and basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period when contributions are due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the government makes a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Complete financial statements for these fiduciary funds can be obtained from Sevier County Electric System, P.O. Box 4870, Sevierville, TN 37864-4870.

During the course of operations the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Grants are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*.

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. All supplemental appropriations or transfers of unencumbered appropriations between departments require the approval of the council. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the individual department level.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse, with the exception of the Capital Budget Fund, at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget.

At June 30, 2023, the government had no encumbrances. Also, for the year ended June 30, 2023, the government did not have any excess expenditure over appropriations.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) having original maturity dates of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The cash and cash equivalents of various funds of the government are invested in pooled accounts. Funds with negative cash and cash equivalents report the negative amount as due to other funds of the primary government and the funds lending funds report an offsetting due from other funds of the primary government. Investment income earned on funds invested in pooled accounts is allocated to the respective funds on the basis of relative balances.

Investments

Governmental and proprietary funds

Investments consist primarily of certificates of deposit, U.S. Treasury securities and investments in the Tennessee Local Government Investment Pool. Certificates of deposit and U.S. Treasury securities are reported at fair value. Tennessee Local Government Investment Pool is maintained and managed by the State of Tennessee. This Pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) but does operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Accordingly, the government's investments in the Pool have been determined based on the Pool's share price, which approximates fair value.

Fiduciary funds

Investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade-date basis. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis. Dividends are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Net appreciation includes the plan's gains and losses on investments sold as well as held during the year.

Property Taxes Receivable

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on October 1 and are due and payable on or before February 28 of the following year. All unpaid taxes become delinquent March 1 of the following year.

Property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables within sixty days of the end of the year. Property taxes recognized as a receivable before the period of revenue recognition are reported as deferred inflow of resources. A reserve representing delinquent taxes which remain uncollected and are unavailable to fund expenditures of the fiscal year June 30, 2023 is recorded. The balance of the reserve account at June 30, 2023 is \$76,827.

At June 30, 2023, the government's 2023 property taxes were not scheduled to be billed until October 2023. Consequently, unbilled property taxes and deferred inflows of resources of \$4,575,096 are recorded.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Inventories and Prepayments

Inventories of items available for resale in the general fund are valued at the lower of cost or market and inventories of construction materials, supplies and repair parts in the enterprise funds are valued at cost. Inventories are determined on the weighted average method.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, except for infrastructure assets, are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. For infrastructure assets, the same estimated minimum useful life is used, but only those infrastructure projects that cost more than \$50,000 are reported as capital assets.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the government chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The government was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the government constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation, which is the price that would be paid to purchase an asset with equivalent service potential in an orderly market transaction.

Land and improvements and construction/retirement in progress are not depreciated. The other property, equipment, and infrastructure in governmental activities are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Description	Estimated <u>Useful Lives</u>
Buildings and improvements	15 – 75 years
Infrastructure	25 – 100 years
Machinery and equipment	5 – 30 years

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

The other property, plant and equipment in business activities are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Description	Estimated Useful Lives
Machinery and equipment	5 – 20 years
Utility plant	7½ – 50 years

The original cost of electric department fund plant retired or otherwise disposed of and the cost of removal less salvage are charged to accumulated depreciation.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then.

The government has items that qualify for reporting in these categories. Pension and OPEB plans contributions made after the net pension liability measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position. Certain sales taxes in the central business improvement district fund and certain property taxes and grant revenues in the other funds are unavailable resources in the current year. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Additionally, the statement of net position includes certain additional items related to pensions and OPEB plans.

Leases

The government is a lessee for three noncancellable leases of equipment. The government recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The government recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the government initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the government determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The government uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the government generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the government is reasonably certain to exercise.

The government monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Net position – net investment in capital assets in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net investment of capital assets will also include deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt. If there are any significant unspent related debt proceeds or deferred inflows of resources at year-end, the portion of the debt or deferred inflows of resources attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, the portion of the debt is included in the same net position component (restricted or unrestricted) as the unspent proceeds.

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as net position - restricted and net position - unrestricted in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider net position - restricted to have been depleted before net position - unrestricted is applied.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The government itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification consists of funds that are set aside for a specific purpose determined by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen. Formal action must be taken prior to the end of the fiscal year. Any funds set aside as committed fund balance requires the passage of an ordinance, the Board's most binding constraint. Once committed, the limitation imposed remains in place until a similar action is taken to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Mayor and Aldermen has by resolution authorized the finance director to assign fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

The fund balance policy establishes a minimum unassigned general fund balance equal to 25 percent of budgeted general fund expenditures. In the event that the balance drops below the established minimum level, the governing body will develop a plan to replenish the fund balance to the established minimum level within two years.

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses (Continued)

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the government will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The government records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees. The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is in the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. At June 30, 2023, there are no such amounts reported. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported, but if the long-term portion were required to be liquidated, the amount would be paid from the general fund as has been done in prior years.

<u>Government (excluding Electric Department Fund)</u> employees may accrue up to 160 hours (216 hours for fire department employees) of vacation leave per year, depending upon years of service. The government's standard policy is any accrued vacation leave in excess of 240 hours (324 hours for fire department employees) at June 30th of each year is converted to accrued sick leave. Upon separation from the government, the employee will be paid 100% of accrued vacation leave up to a maximum of 240 hours (324 hours for fire department employees) if proper notice has been given.

Sick leave accrues at the rate of eight hours per month without a maximum limitation. Accrued sick leave does not vest and, accordingly, has not been recorded as a liability at June 30, 2023. However, the cost of accrued sick leave is recognized when earned for the Water and Sewer Department Fund employees who were employed on July 1, 2005 (pre-merger employees). Pre-merger employees were allowed to accumulate unlimited sick leave (eight hours per month). All accumulated sick leave is forfeited if any of these employees resign or are terminated. In the event of death or retirement, accumulated sick leave is payable to a maximum of 800 hours to these employees.

<u>Electric Department Fund</u> employees may accrue up to 280 hours of vacation and personal leave per year, depending upon years of service. A maximum of 40 hours at December 31st of each year may be carried over. Upon separation from the government, the employee will be paid 100% of accrued vacation leave up to a maximum of 280 hours if proper notice has been given. Employees earn 10 hours of sick leave per month with a maximum accumulation of 2,080 hours. Upon retirement or death, employees are compensated for any accumulated sick leave up to 1,800 hours. Although not required, the Electric Department Fund's policy is to accrue this amount in full, which totaled \$4,369,009 at June 30, 2023. In the event of termination, employees forfeit all unused sick leave.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses (Continued)

Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Other Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Comparative Data

Comparative totals for the prior year have been presented in the budgetary comparison schedules in order to provide an understanding of changes in the government's financial position and operations. However, presentation of prior year totals by fund type has not been presented in each of the statements since their inclusion would make the statements unduly complex and difficult to read. Certain comparative data have been reclassified to present such amounts in a manner consistent with the current year's presentation.

Regulated Operations

The Electric Department Fund operates an electric utility that is regulated by Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA), an agency of the federal government. TVA exercises oversight in the rate setting process and requires the use of accounting policies for public electric utilities as prescribed by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC). Specific accounting policies which are unique to FERC include: 1) When capital assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the average cost is removed from the asset account and the accumulated depreciation account. Removal costs less salvage is charged or credited to the accumulated depreciation account; and a portion of depreciation expense is charged to a transportation clearing account and capitalized in the related project; 2) Electric plant additions are reduced by capital contributions; and 3) certain regulated leases.

The Electric Department Fund also has a power contract with TVA whereby the Electric Department Fund purchases all of its electric power from TVA and is subject to certain restrictions and conditions as provided in the contract. Finally, the Electric Department Fund participates in TVA's Residential Energy Efficiency Program which provides loans to the Electric Department Fund's residential customers for heat pump and insulation costs.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Sevier County Electric System Employees' Pension Plan (SEPP) as well as the government's participation in the Public Employee Retirement Plan of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS), and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For the purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of Sevier County Electric System Retiree Medical, Dental and Life Insurance Plan (SCES Plan) and additions to/deductions from SCES Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SCES Plan. For this purpose, SCES Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

GASB has issued the following recent statements and implementation guide that are effective in the current fiscal year:

- Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangement
- Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*

Adoption of these pronouncements has had no effect on the City's financial statements.

2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 2023, cash, cash equivalents and investments consisted of the following:

	<u> </u>	Jnrestricted	Restricted		 Total
Cash on hand Checking and savings accounts Cash equivalents held in trust U.S. Treasury securities	\$	20,475 30,108,163 9,267 5,261,430	\$	- 1,905,768 - -	\$ 20,475 32,013,931 9,267 5,261,430
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	35,399,335	\$	1,905,768	\$ 37,305,103
Tennessee Local Government Investment Pool Certificates of Deposit U.S. Treasury securities	\$	68,191,665 17,617,400 	\$	- - 85,505,466	\$ 68,191,665 17,617,400 85,505,466
Investments	\$	85,809,065	\$	85,505,466	\$ 171,314,531

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

At June 30, 2023, the government's deposits with financial institutions were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or insured through the State of Tennessee Bank Collateral Pool.

The governing body has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the government's allowable deposits and investments or addresses credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk or interest rate risk. However, the government follows state statutes related to investments. State law and bond requirements prohibit investments that are not secured or insured by the U.S. Government. All assets currently classified as investments by the government consist of deposits with the Tennessee Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), U.S. Treasury securities and non-negotiable certificates of deposit. LGIP is included in the State Pooled Investment Fund of Tennessee (SPIF). The State of Tennessee has not obtained a credit quality rating for the SPIF from a nationally recognized credit ratings agency.

			Fair Value Measurements Using					
	Jı	une 30, 2023	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)			nificant Other servable Inputs (Level 2)		
Investments by fair value level Debt securities								
US Treasury Securities	\$	85,505,466	\$	85,505,466	\$	-		
Fixed rate certificates of deposit		17,617,400		-		17,617,400		
Total investments by fair value level	\$	103,122,866	\$	85,505,466	\$	17,617,400		
Investments measured at net asset value (NAV) Tennessee Local Government Investment Pool	\$	68,191,665						
Total investments measured at NAV	\$	68,191,665						
Total investments measured at fair value	\$	171,314,531						

Debt securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements

GASB Statement Number 72 *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, (GASB 72) defines fair value and expanded disclosures about fair value measurements. GASB 72 defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. GASB 72 also established a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value. This hierarchy requires entities to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The three levels of inputs used to measure fair value are as follows:

Level 1- Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. This includes certain pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies and similar techniques that use significant unobservable inputs.

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and are therefore classified within Level I, primarily include certain common stock and preferred stock equities. These investments are traded daily in public markets in the United States and other foreign countries. The fair value of these investments is based on the last reported sales price on the last day of the plan year.

Investments that trade in markets that are not considered to be actively traded on a daily basis, but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer and broker quotations, bid prices, or alternative pricing sources using observable inputs, are classified within Level 2. These include certain U.S. Government and foreign obligations, investment grade corporate bonds and bank loans, certain mortgage and asset backed securities, less liquid listed securities, certain government agency securities, and foreign currency exchange purchase and sales contracts. Common and collective trust funds, investment entities and short- term investment funds, whose underlying assets are primarily invested in securities that are actively traded, are fair valued based upon the redemption value of each unit on the last business day of the plan year.

Investments classified within Level 3 have significant unobservable inputs, as they trade infrequently or not at all. Level 3 investments include private equity funds, real estate investment, limited partnerships, certain mortgage and asset backed and common and collective trust funds that are primarily invested in real estate. The fair value of these investments is determined by estimates provided by independent pricing sources in asset classes, non-binding bid prices from industry vendors and managers, and the net asset value on the last day of the plan year.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance June 30, 202	2	Additions	Deductions/Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2023
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 60,218,2	241 \$	290,665	\$ -	\$ 60,508,906
Construction work in progress	6,741,	685	7,638,076	(2,883,549)	11,496,212
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	66,959,9	926	7,928,741	(2,883,549)	72,005,118
Other capital assets:					
Buildings and improvements	116,574,0)94	417,189	-	116,991,283
Bridges	3,609,	722	-	-	3,609,722
Street network	49,147,	106	176,828	-	49,323,934
Traffic signals	3,272,	929	2,466,361	-	5,739,290
Computers	669,	942	56,000	-	725,942
Equipment	6,016,	595	505,372	(34,850)	6,487,117
Furniture	540,	388	-	-	540,888
Radios	25,2	267	-	-	25,267
Vehicles	12,184,	904	1,578,402	(104,243)	13,659,063
Right-to-use assets	363,	536	720,569	(149,501)	934,704
Total other capital assets	192,405,	083	5,920,721	(288,594)	198,037,210
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements	40,307,	130	2,699,075	-	43,006,205
Bridges	1,015,0	688	57,739	-	1,073,427
Street network	9,048,	507	313,176	-	9,361,683
Traffic signals	1,274,	719	147,021	-	1,421,740
Computers	601,2	232	31,500	-	632,732
Equipment	4,633,	309	239,227	(34,850)	4,838,186
Furniture	540,	389	-	-	540,889
Radios	20,	313	524	-	21,337
Vehicles	6,527,	030	870,375	(104,243)	7,293,162
Right-to-use assets	153,	708	183,855	(149,501)	188,062
Total accumulated depreciation	64,123,	525	4,542,492	(288,594)	68,377,423
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	128,281,	558	1,378,229		129,659,787
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 195,241,-</u>	184 \$	9,306,970	<u>\$ (2,883,549</u>)	\$ 201,664,905

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

\$ 1,260,031 996,185
1,229,913
840,243
 216,120
\$ 4,542,492
\$ \$

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

3. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Business-Type Activities	Balance June 30, 2022		Additions	Deductions/Adjustments	 Balance June 30, 2023
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land and land rights	\$ 7,981,132	2 \$	1,095,975	\$ -	\$ 9,077,107
Construction work in progress	11,921,723	3	19,824,442	(3,580,593)	 28,165,572
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	19,902,855	5	20,920,417	(3,580,593)	 37,242,679
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Electric distribution system	246,013,928	3	11,757,835	(1,728,916)	256,042,847
Water and sewer plant	115,302,642	2	2,612,795	-	117,915,437
Machinery and equipment	6,625,376	3	202,458	(163,189)	6,664,645
Transportation equipment	10,081,026	3	1,067,264	(193,212)	10,955,078
Office furniture and fixtures	2,267,518	3	181,915	(19,036)	2,430,397
Office building	-		1,506,990	-	1,506,990
Other capital assets	5,913,840)	406,344		 6,320,184
Total capital assets, being depreciated	386,204,330)	17,735,601	(2,104,353)	 401,835,578
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Electric distribution system	113,681,906	3	8,686,038	(2,222,545)	120,145,399
Water and sewer plant	50,416,274	4	3,252,293	-	53,668,567
Machinery and equipment	4,085,814	1	530,958	(163,189)	4,453,583
Transportation equipment	6,123,897	7	670,740	(186,012)	6,608,625
Office furniture and fixtures	1,751,959)	197,598	(19,036)	1,930,521
Office building	-		15,070	-	15,070
Other capital assets	3,604,758	3	400,766		 4,005,524
Total accumulated depreciation	179,664,608	3	13,753,463	(2,590,782)	 190,827,289
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	206,539,722	2	3,982,138	486,429	 211,008,289
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 226,442,577	7 \$	24,902,555	\$ (3,094,164)	\$ 248,250,968

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows:

Water and Sewer Department Fund Electric Department Fund	\$ 4,206,579 9,546,884	*
Total depreciation expense	\$ 13,753,463	

* Of this amount, \$427,698 was charged to a transportation clearing account and capitalized into construction work in progress.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

4. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

General Obligation Bonds and Notes Payable

The government issues general obligation bonds and general obligation revenue bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and has issued notes payable for two local development programs. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. These bonds generally are issued as serial bonds with varying amounts of principal maturing each year with maturities that range from 5 to 29 years. The general obligation bonds and notes payable outstanding at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Debt Issue	Issued	Original Borrowing	Interest Rates	Final Maturity	Outstanding June 30, 2023
Governmental Activities:					
Local Government Public Improvement Bonds, Series VII-L-1	06/01/2012	\$ 16,215,000	Varies	2025	\$ 3,985,000
Local Government Public Improvement Bonds, Series VII-M-1	05/29/2014	2,300,000	Varies	2032	1,500,000
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015	05/29/2015	5,680,000	Varies	2032	4,880,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2020	05/29/2020	7,765,000	Varies	2032	7,465,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2022	07/22/2022	27,240,000	Varies	2037	25,955,000
Local Government Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2009B	12/30/2009	24,500,000	Varies	2034	24,500,000
Local Government Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2010A	01/14/2010	25,000,000	Varies	2033	25,000,000
Local Government Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2010B	09/15/2010	26,100,000	Varies	2031	26,100,000
Local Government Public Improvement Bonds, Series VII-N-1	05/01/2014	25,000,000	Varies	2028	13,650,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2018	05/31/2018	42,760,000	Varies	2028	24,315,000
	Total governmer	ntal activities			\$ 157,350,000
Business-Type Activities:					
Local Government Public Improvement Bonds, Series VII-A-2	06/01/2009	\$ 8,000,000	Varies	2035	\$ 8,000,000
Local Government Public Improvement Bonds, Series VII-M-1	05/29/2014	8,525,000	Varies	2035	6,775,000
. General Obligation Bond, Series 2015	05/29/2015	11,225,000	Varies	2035	7,325,000
General Obligation Bond, Series 2021	12/03/2021	4,880,000	2.00%	2028	3,300,000
General Obligation Bond, Series 2022	07/22/2022	68,640,000	Varies	2052	67,395,000
	Sub-total genera	al obligation bonds			92,795,000
Note payable to USDA	06/01/2016	1,000,000	0.00%	2026	324,074
Note payable to USDA	08/08/2016	2,000,000	0.00%	2027	685,151
Note payable to USDA	11/16/2017	1,000,000	0.00%	2028	490,741
	Sub-total notes	payable			1,499,966
	Total business-t	ype activities			<u>\$ 94,294,966</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

4. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in the government's long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2022		Additions		Reductions		Balance June 30, 2023		Amounts Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities:										
Bonds Payable:										
General obligation bonds	\$	141,005,000	\$	27,240,000	\$	10,895,000	\$	157,350,000	\$	11,400,000
Premium		2,638,318	•	3,106,783	•	593,116	,	5,151,985		-
Total bonds payable		143,643,318		30,346,783		11,488,116		162,501,985		11,400,000
Lease payable		216,661		720,569		180,901		756,329		200,821
Compensated absences		1,079,310		997,271		829,393		1,247,188		822,000
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$	144,939,289	\$	32,064,623	\$	12,498,410	\$	164,505,502	\$	12,422,821
Business-Type Activities:										
Bonds Payable:										
General obligation bonds	\$	30,375,000	\$	68,640,000	\$	6,220,000	\$	92,795,000	\$	2,880,000
Premium	Ψ	367,295	Ψ	2,232,365	Ψ	119,699	Ψ	2,479,961	Ŷ	-
		,				,		_,,		
Total bonds payable		30,742,295		70,872,365		6,339,699		95,274,961		2,880,000
Notes payable		1,944,416		-		444,450		1,499,966		444,444
Compensated absences	_	5,573,796		1,807,607		1,797,023	_	5,584,380		1,337,000
-										
Business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$	38,260,507	\$	72,679,972	\$	8,581,172	\$	102,359,307	\$	4,661,444

The debt service requirements for the government's general obligation bonds and notes payable (direct borrowings, see Note 18) are as follows:

	Government	al Activities	Business-Type Activities									
	Bon	lds	Bo	Bonds Direct Borrowings		То	tal	Grand Total				
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		Principal	In	terest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 11,400,000	\$ 4,668,042	\$ 2,880,000	\$ 3,665,859	\$	444,444	\$	-	\$ 3,324,444	\$ 3,665,859	\$ 14,724,444	\$ 8,333,901
2025	11,925,000	4,225,393	2,960,000	3,574,820		444,444		-	3,404,444	3,574,820	15,329,444	7,800,213
2026	11,985,000	3,814,672	2,985,000	3,472,089		435,185		-	3,420,185	3,472,089	15,405,185	7,286,761
2027	12,240,000	3,458,833	3,060,000	3,373,157		129,596		-	3,189,596	3,373,157	15,429,596	6,831,990
2028	12,425,000	3,085,193	3,140,000	3,270,676		46,297		-	3,186,297	3,270,676	15,611,297	6,355,869
2029-2033	74,655,000	10,447,777	19,290,000	14,384,174		-		-	19,290,000	14,384,174	93,945,000	24,831,951
2034-2038	22,720,000	1,585,877	15,475,000	10,436,767		-		-	15,475,000	10,436,767	38,195,000	12,022,644
2039-2043	-	-	12,735,000	7,622,200		-		-	12,735,000	7,622,200	12,735,000	7,622,200
2044-2048	-	-	15,490,000	4,863,200		-		-	15,490,000	4,863,200	15,490,000	4,863,200
2049-2052			14,780,000	1,507,000		-		-	14,780,000	1,507,000	14,780,000	1,507,000
	\$157,350,000	\$31,285,787	\$92,795,000	\$56,169,942	\$	1,499,966	\$	-	\$94,294,966	\$56,169,942	\$251,644,966	\$87,455,729

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

4. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

General government other long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, pension liabilities and OPEB liabilities, are liquidated by the City's general fund. These same liabilities in the business-type activity are liquidated by the City's electric department and water and sewer department funds.

5. <u>LEASES PAYABLE</u>

The government has entered into a multi-year lease agreement for the use of a radio tower where it has installed public safety communications equipment. The lease was amended on October 8, 2019 for an additional five year term, including five optional years (if exercised). It is anticipated that the government will exercise the optional years. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$106,009. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease liability was \$76,762. The government is required to make annual principal and interest payments ranging from \$20,567 to \$22,804. The lease has an interest rate of 4.96%. The right-to-use asset has a six-year estimated useful life. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$70,673 and had accumulated amortization of \$35,336.

The government has entered into a four-and-a-half-year lease agreement for mowing equipment. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$108,125. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease liability was \$16,221. The government is required to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$4,097. The lease has an interest rate of 4.96%. The right-to-use asset has a five-year estimated useful life. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$15,447 and had accumulated amortization of \$92,678.

The government has entered into a four-year lease agreement for golf carts. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$720,569. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease liability was \$663,346. The government is required to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$16,688. The lease has an interest rate of 5.520%. The right-to-use asset has a five-year estimated useful life. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$660,522 and had accumulated amortization of \$60,047.

The future principal and interest lease payments on these leases are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal			nterest	 Total
2024 2025 2026 2027	\$	200,821 195,654 207,348 152,506	\$	36,388 25,886 14,936 3,800	\$ 237,209 221,540 222,284 156,306
	\$	756,329	\$	81,010	\$ 837,339

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

6. <u>DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS – INTEREST RATE SWAPS</u>

During the year, all of the government's interest rate swap agreements were terminated. Swap termination fees totaling \$4,458,920 were paid.

7. JOINT USE AGREEMENTS

Electric Department Fund Distribution Facilities

The Electric Department Fund is party to certain agreements which provide for the joint use of the Department's distribution facilities by other utilities and certain customers. Revenue and expenses from these arrangements for the year ended June 30, 2023 were \$2,355,058 and \$142,613, respectively.

8. <u>SELF-INSURANCE</u>

The government self-insures the first \$135,000 of annual medical claims for each regular full-time employee and participating health plan member. According to the reinsurance contract, the government's maximum aggregate annual liability for the period March 1, 2023 through February 28, 2024 will not exceed \$5,510,653. This plan does not include employees of the government's Electric Department Fund.

The Electric Department Fund self-insures the first \$85,000 of annual medical claims for each regular full-time employee. Liabilities for unpaid claims are estimated by the Department based on prior years' experience. During the year ended June 30, 2023, contributions totaling \$2,370,000 were made to a reserve fund. Claims, fees and insurance premiums totaling \$2,463,146 were paid from the reserve fund leaving an ending balance of \$1,947,490. Management believes this reserve fund is adequate to cover unpaid claims existing at year end.

9. RETIREMENT PLANS

The government contributes to two defined benefit pension plans, (1) Public Employee Retirement Plan, an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the TCRS (TCRS), and (2) Sevier County Electric System Employees' Pension Plan (SEPP), which is a single-employer pension plan that is also actuarially funded. As of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, the two plans had the following balances reported in the government-wide financial statements:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

9. RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

	Total Pension Liability	Net Pension Liability		Deferred Outflows of Resources		tflows of Inflows of		Pension Expense	
TCRS (proportionate share) SEPP	\$ 45,002,418 60,235,636	\$	283,318 20,476,283	\$ 5,466,815 13,597,607	\$	729,085 733,698	\$	1,599,072 3,603,299	
Total pension plans	\$105,238,054	\$	20,759,601	\$ 19,064,422	\$	1,462,783	\$	5,202,371	

Detailed disclosures for each plan follow:

Public Employee Retirement Plan of Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS)

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. Certain employees of the government are provided a defined benefit pension plan through the Public Employee Retirement Plan, an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the TCRS. The TCRS was created by state statute under Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.treasury.tn.gov/Retirement/Boards-and-Governance/Reporting-and-Investment-Policies.

Benefits provided. Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37, establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. The chief legislative body may adopt the benefit terms permitted by statute. Members are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 60 with 5 years of service credit or after 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive year average compensation and the member's years of service credit. Reduced benefits for early retirement are available at age 55 and vested. Members vest with five years of service credit. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10 percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria.

Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the 2nd of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

9. RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Public Employee Retirement Plan of Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Employees covered by benefit terms. The government's eligible employees include those who are not eligible to participate in the SEPP plan (discussed later). At the measurement date of June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	68
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	162
Active employees	274
	504

Contributions. Contributions for employees are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly. Employees contribute 5 percent of salary. The government makes employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the actuarially determined contribution (ADC) for the City of Sevierville, Tennessee was \$749,698; however, the government contributed \$928,042 based on a rate of 5.0 percent of covered payroll. By law, employer contributions are required to be paid. The TCRS may intercept the government's state shared taxes if required employer contributions are not remitted. The employer's ADC and member contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Pension liabilities (assets). The government's net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25 percent
Salary increases	Graded salary ranges from 8.72 to 3.44 percent based on age, including
	inflation, averaging 4.00 percent
Investment rate of return	6.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation
Cost-of-Living Adjustment	2.125 percent

Mortality rates were based on actual experience including an adjustment for some anticipated improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

9. <u>RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)</u>

Public Employee Retirement Plan of Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2020 actuarial experience study. A blend of future capital market projections and historical market returns was used in a building-block method in which a best-estimate of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) is developed for each major asset class. The best-estimates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.25 percent. The best-estimates of geometric real rates of return and the TCRS investment policy target asset allocation for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected	
Asset Class	Rate of Return	Target Allocation
U.S. equity	4.88%	31.00%
Developed market international equity	5.37%	14.00%
Emerging market international equity	6.09%	4.00%
Private equity and strategic lending	6.57%	20.00%
U.S. fixed income	1.20%	20.00%
Real estate	4.38%	10.00%
Short-term securities	0.00%	1.00%
Total		100.00%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 6.75 percent based on a blending of the factors described above.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from the government will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate pursuant to an actuarial valuation in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

9. <u>RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)</u>

Public Employee Retirement Plan of Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension		Plan Fiduciary		Net Pension	
	Liability		Net Position		Liability (Asset)	
	(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)	
Beginning balance*	\$	39,339,999	\$	46,544,459	\$	(7,204,460)
	<u>+</u>	,,	<u>+</u>		<u>+</u>	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		1,219,810		-		1,219,810
Interest		2,703,182		-		2,703,182
Changes in benefit terms		1,328,921		-		1,328,921
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,435,830		-		1,435,830
Changes in assumptions		-		-		-
Contributions - employer		-		287,688		(287,688)
Contributions - employees		-		719,222		(719,222)
Net investment income		-		(1,779,741)		1,779,741
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,025,324)		(1,025,324)		-
Administrative expense		-		(27,204)		27,204
Net changes		5,662,419		(1,825,359)		7,487,778
For the schedule of	^	45 000 440	^	44 740 400	^	000 040
Ending balance*	\$	45,002,418	\$	44,719,100	\$	283,318

*The measurement date of the beginning balance was June 30, 2021 and the measurement date of the ending balance was June 30, 2022. The reporting date of the beginning balance is June 30, 2022 and the reporting date of the ending balance is June 30, 2023.

Changes in benefit terms. For the measurement date of June 30, 2022, plan provisions were modified to reflect new cost of living benefits.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the government calculated using the discount rate of 6.75 percent, as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.75%)		Current Discount Rate (6.75%)			1% Increase (7.75%)		
Government's net pension liability (asset)	\$	7,567,606	\$	283,318	\$	(5,655,187)		

Pension Expense (Negative Pension Expense) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Pension expense (negative pension expense). For the year ended June 30, 2023, the government recognized pension expense (negative pension expense) of \$1,599,072.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

9. <u>RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)</u>

Public Employee Retirement Plan of Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) (Continued)

Pension Expense (Negative Pension Expense) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the government reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 928,042	\$	-	
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,499,104		601,260	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	123,737		-	
Changes in assumptions	2,788,107		-	
Changes in proportionate share	 127,825		127,825	
Total	\$ 5,466,815	\$	729,085	

The amount shown above for "Contributions subsequent to the measurement date" will be recognized as a reduction (increase) to net pension liability (asset) in the following measurement period.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:

2024	\$ 278,165
2025	315,695
2026	242,570
2027	1,657,272
2028	657,994
Thereafter	657,992

In the table shown above, positive amounts will increase pension expense while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2023, City of Sevierville reported a payable of \$18,339 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required at the year ended June 30, 2023.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

9. RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Sevier County Electric System Employees' Pension Plan (SEPP)

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. The government's defined benefit pension plan, Sevier County Electric System Employees' Pension Plan (SEPP), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan, provides pensions for all eligible Electric Department Fund employees, including certain employees of the government who were formerly employed by the Electric Department Fund, who have completed three years of service and attained the age of 24½. The Electric Department Fund's board of directors establishes and amends all benefit provisions. SEPP issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained upon request at the Electric Department Fund's office.

Benefits provided. SEPP provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits for all participants are calculated as the sum of: a) 3.00 percent of the participant's average compensation multiplied by years of service not in excess of twenty; and b) 1.0 percent of the participant's average compensation multiplied by years of service, not in excess of ten, credited after the later of attainment of full early retirement date or completion of twenty years of service. Normal retirement age is the later of the participant's 62nd birthday or the date credited with ten years of vesting service. Early retirement age is the date the participant has both attained age 52 and has been credited with at least ten years of vesting service. Any participant who has attained early retirement age may elect early retirement for a reduced benefit.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each participant's retirement allowance subsequent to the participant's retirement date. The annual adjustments are measured by the Consumer Price Index for the one year period ending on the preceding June 30. The percentage increase shall be limited to a maximum of 3 percent with regard to any such one-year period.

Employees covered by benefit terms. At the measurement date of June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active employees	120
Terminated vested and disabled participants	11
Retirees	<u>36</u>
Total	167

Contributions. The Electric Department Fund has the authority to establish and amend the contribution requirements of the Electric Department Fund, the government and active employees. The Electric Department Fund establishes rates based on an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The Electric Department Fund and the government are required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the mandatory contribution rate of employees. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the mandatory employee contribution rate was 4%, the Electric Department Fund's average contribution rate was 23.15%.

Net Pension Liability

The government's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

9. RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Sevier County Electric System Employees' Pension Plan (SEPP) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method	Individual entry age normal, level percentage pay Closed, level dollar amortization
Remaining amortization period	30 years as of July 1, 2020
Asset valuation method	Market value of plan assets adjusted to phase in asset gains
Discount rate	7.25 percent
Inflation	N/A
Salary increases	Varies by department and age
Cost of living increases	2.00 percent per annum
Investment rate of return	7.25 percent per annum
Retirement age	Full early retirement date or reduced early retirement,
	100% at normal retirement date
Mortality	RP2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table, adjusted to 2006 with
	Scale MP-2021
Disabled mortality	RP2014 Disability Mortality Table, adjusted to 2006 with Scale MP-2021

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined on the basis of an ongoing plan with a perpetual time horizon. For this reason, long term capital market assumptions (20+ years) are applicable to approximate future return expectations. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a modified building blocks methodology because the ability to identify historical return premiums of asset classes in the context of varying market environments provides a reasonable basis to estimate the performance of asset classes going forward. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return					
US Equity - Large Cap	22.00%	5.24%					
US Equity - Small/Mid Cap	20.00%	6.37%					
Non-US Equity - Developed	12.00%	6.07%					
Non-US Equity - Emerging	5.00%	8.02%					
US Corporate Bonds - Core	22.00%	1.17%					
Non-US Debt - Developed	4.00%	0.31%					
US Treasuries (Cash Equivalents)	2.00%	-0.44%					
Real Estate	6.00%	4.75%					
Hedge Funds	7.00%	3.31%					
Total	100.00%						

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

9. <u>RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)</u>

Sevier County Electric System Employees' Pension Plan (SEPP) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that government contributions will be equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (a)		an Fiduciary let Position (b)	Net Pension ability (Asset) (a) - (b)
Beginning balance*	\$	54,585,500	\$ 47,376,343	\$ 7,209,157
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		1,375,675	-	1,375,675
Interest		3,969,208	-	3,969,208
Differences between expected and actual experience		2,694,977	-	2,694,977
Changes of assumptions		80,454	-	80,454
Contributions - employer		-	2,086,397	(2,086,397)
Contributions - employees		-	351,603	(351,603)
Net investment income		-	(7,547,308)	7,547,308
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(2,470,178)	(2,470,178)	-
Administrative expense			 (37,504)	 37,504
Net changes		5,650,136	 (7,616,990)	 13,267,126
Ending balance*	\$	60,235,636	\$ 39,759,353	\$ 20,476,283

¹ The measurement date of the beginning balance was June 30, 2021 and the measurement date of the ending balance was June 30, 2022. The reporting date of the beginning balance is June 30, 2022 and the reporting date of the ending balance is June 30, 2023.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the government, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the government's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	Current						
		1% Decrease (6.25%)		Discount Rate (7.25%)		1% Increase (8.25%)	
		(0.2070)		(112070)		(0.2070)	
Government's net pension liability	\$	27,959,109	\$	20,476,283	\$	14,125,147	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Plan investments are reported at fair value. Additional detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SEPP financial report.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

9. RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Sevier County Electric System Employees' Pension Plan (SEPP) (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the government recognized pension expense of \$3,603,299. At June 30, 2023, the government reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 d Inflows sources
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	2,559,505	\$ -
Differences between expected and actual experience		6,578,468	186,274
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		4,270,675	-
Changes in assumptions		70,879	429,344
Changes in proportionate share		118,080	 118,080
Total	\$	13,597,607	\$ 733,698

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources (excluding pension contributions made after the measurement date) and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:

2024	\$ 2,260,335
2025	2,128,699
2026	1,536,884
2027	3,121,255
2028	491,090
Thereafter	766,141

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

9. RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Sevier County Electric System 401(k) Retirement Plan

The Electric Department Fund contributes to the Sevier County Electric System 401(k) Retirement Plan (401(k) plan), a defined contribution plan, for its eligible employees. Employees become eligible to participate after having completed six months of service and attained the age of 21. The 401(k) plan is administered by the Electric Department Fund's board of directors.

Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the 401(k) plan are established and may be amended by the Electric Department Fund's board of directors. Employees are permitted to make contributions to the 401(k) plan, up to applicable Internal Revenue Code limits. For each employee in the 401(k) plan, the Electric Department Fund matches the first three percent of the employee's contributions. For the year ended June 30, 2023, employee contributions totaled \$529,530 and the Electric Department Fund recognized pension expense of \$272,779 related to the 401(k) plan.

Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions, Electric Department Fund contributions and earnings on those contributions.

City of Sevierville Money Purchase Pension Plan

Certain employees of the government are members of the City of Sevierville Money Purchase Pension Plan, a defined contribution plan. Members consist of employees who participated in the plan prior to the adoption of the TCRS plan on July 1, 1996, and have chosen not to participate in the TCRS plan (approximately 6 employees). Employees are eligible for normal retirement upon reaching the age of sixty-two or the completion of five years of service, whichever is later. The plan is administered by ERISA Services, Inc., a third party administrator. The Board of Mayor and Aldermen have authority for establishing or amending the Plan's provisions and contribution requirements. The employer is required to contribute 5.00% of covered payroll, and employees are not required to contribute. The employer contribution rate is the same for this plan as the government's required annual employer contribution rate for employees covered under the TCRS. Employees' interests fully vest after seven years of participation. Total contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$20,195 and was recognized as pension expense.

10. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

The government contributes to two defined benefit OPEB plans, (1) City of Sevierville Postemployment Benefit Plan, which is a single-employer defined benefit retiree health plan (SWS Plan), and (2) Sevier County Electric System Retiree Medical, Dental and Life Insurance Plan (SCES Plan), which is a single-employer public employee defined benefit plan established and administered by the Electric Department Fund. As of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, the two plans had the following balances reported in the government-wide financial statements:

	To	Total OPEB Liability		Net OPEB Liability		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		OPEB xpense
SWS Plan SCES Plan	\$	819,500 8,093,789	\$	819,500 3,054,389	\$	301,900 4,072,851	\$	132,900 443,216	\$ 1	59,100 ,610,700
Total OPEB plans	\$	8,913,289	\$	3,873,889	\$	4,374,751	\$	576,116	\$ 1	,669,800

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

10. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Continued)

Detailed disclosures for each plan follow:

City of Sevierville Postemployment Benefit Plan

Plan Description

The government's defined benefit OPEB plan, City of Sevierville Postemployment Benefit Plan (SWS Plan), provides OPEB for certain employees of the government's Water and Sewer Department Fund who qualified for full early retirement under the Sevier County Electric System Employees' Pension Plan. SWS Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the government. SWS Plan's provisions are established and may be amended by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided

SWS Plan provides medical, dental and prescription coverage benefits for retirees and their dependents. Benefits are provided by the government in which they pay up to 20% of the full premium.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At July 1, 2021 (the valuation date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries receiving benefits	12
Active employees	
Total	37

SWS Plan is closed to new entrants.

Employer Contributions

The funding policy of the government is to contribute annually an amount sufficient to satisfy benefit payment requirements to participants.

Employee Contributions

None.

Total OPEB Liability

The government's total OPEB liability of \$819,500 was measured as of July 1, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

10. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Continued)

City of Sevierville Postemployment Benefit Plan (Continued)

Total OPEB Liability (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Actuarial Methods

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount rate	3.69 percent						
Salary scale	2.50 percent						
Healthcare cost trend rates	7.00 percent for fiscal year end 2023, decreasing 0.25% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.00%						
Mortality	RP-2014 Mortality Table, fully generational with base year 2006, projected using two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2021.						
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method.						

The discount rate has been set equal to 3.69% and represents the Municipal GO AA 20-year yield curve rate as of July 1, 2022.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2020 to July 1, 2021.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	tal OPEB Liability
Beginning balance*	\$ 984,800
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	20,300
Interest	18,000
Differences between expected and actual experience	(3,700)
Benefit payments	(140,500)
Changes of assumptions	 (59,400)
Net changes	 (165,300)
Ending balance*	\$ 819,500

*The measurement date of the beginning balance was June 30, 2021 and the measurement date of the ending balance was June 30, 2022. The reporting date of the beginning balance is June 30, 2022 and the reporting date of the ending balance is June 30, 2023.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

10. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Continued)

City of Sevierville Postemployment Benefit Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the government as of the measurement date calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the government's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.69 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (4.69 percent) than the current discount rate:

	Current						
		1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
Government's total OPEB liability	\$	855,100	\$	819,500	\$	785,000	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the government as of the measurement date calculated using the healthcare cost trend rates, as well as what the employer's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent decreasing to 4.00 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (8.00 percent decreasing to 6.00 percent):

	Current Healthcare						
	 1% Decrease		Cost Trend Rate		1% Increase		
				•			
Government's total OPEB liability	\$ 796,000	\$	819,500	\$	846,300		

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the government recognized OPEB expense of \$59,100. At June 30, 2023, the government reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
OPEB contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 140,500	\$	-	
Differences between expected and actual experience	101,900		36,300	
Changes of assumptions	 59,500		96,600	
	\$ 301,900	\$	132,900	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2024	\$ 14,900
2025	14,900
2026	14,900
2027	(4,000)
2028	(8,500)
Thereafter	(3,700)

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

10. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Continued)

Sevier County Electric System Retiree Medical, Dental and Life Insurance Plan

Plan Description

The Sevier County Electric System Retiree Medical, Dental and Life Insurance Plan (SCES Plan) is a singleemployer public employee defined benefit plan established and administered by the Electric Department Fund. SCES Plan is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions for all permanent full-time employees of the Electric Department Fund.

Governance of SCES Plan is vested in the Electric Department Fund's Board of Directors, which consists of five members appointed by the government's Board of Mayor and Aldermen. Management of SCES Plan is vested with SCES Plan's Investment Committee. SCES Plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at the System's office.

Benefits Provided

SCES Plan provides medical, dental and vision benefits for retirees and disabled employees, including their spouse and dependents, until reaching Medicare eligibility. These benefits are provided through the Electric Department Fund's self-insured health plan and the full cost of benefits is covered by SCES Plan. SCES Plan also provides an optional Medicare supplement plan for eligible SCES Plan participants. These benefits are provided through the Electric Department Fund's self-insured health plan and SCES Plan covers all costs incurred except that the participant is responsible to pay 25% of the quoted cost of a Medicare supplement plan for the participant offered by a third-party insurer and 100% of the quoted cost of a Medicare supplement plan for the spouse offered by a third-party insurer. SCES Plan also provides life insurance benefits for retirees and disabled employees. This benefit is provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost is covered by SCES Plan. SCES Plan's benefit terms are established and may be amended by the Electric Department Fund's Board of Directors.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At July 1, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries receiving benefits	12
Active employees	117
Total	129

Contributions

The contribution requirements of the Electric Department Fund are established and may be amended by the Electric Department Fund's Board of Directors. SCES Plan is funded by employer contributions. The Electric Department Fund is currently funding actual benefits paid on a pay as you go basis. In addition, the Electric Department Fund occasionally makes discretionary contributions into the trust fund as cash flow permits. Although the contributions are being made into the trust, there is no requirement to do so. As a result, no actuarially determined contribution is calculated for the SCES Plan.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

10. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Continued)

Sevier County Electric System Retiree Medical, Dental and Life Insurance Plan (Continued)

Net OPEB Liability

The Electric Department Fund's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	3.50 percent
Investment rate of return	6.50 percent
Healthcare cost trend rates	Medical: 8.00 percent as of 2022, decreasing 1.00 percent per year to an ultimate rate of 5.00 percent for 2025 and later years Dental: 5.00 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 Total Dataset mortality table with mortality improvements projected by Scale MP-2021 on a generational basis.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial study for the period July 1, 2016 through July 1, 2021.

SCES Plan is an ongoing plan with a perpetual time horizon. For this reason, long term capital market assumptions (20+ years) are applicable to approximate future return expectations. The long-term expected rate of return on investments was determined using a modified building blocks methodology because the ability to identify historical return premiums of asset classes in the context of varying market environments provides a reasonable basis to estimate the performance of asset classes going forward.

	Toron Allow Com	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
	26.00%	5.86%
US Equity - Large Cap		
US Equity - Small/Mid Cap	28.00%	7.04%
Non-US Equity - Developed	3.00%	6.59%
Non-US Equity - Emerging	2.00%	8.83%
US Corporate Bonds - Core	12.00%	1.24%
US Corporate Bonds - High Yield	7.00%	3.64%
US Treasuries (Cash Equivalents)	7.00%	-0.22%
TIPS (Inflation Protected)	5.00%	0.44%
Real Estate	10.00%	5.41%
Total	100.00%	

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

10. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Continued)

Sevier County Electric System Retiree Medical, Dental and Life Insurance Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB Plan liability was 6.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the Electric Department Fund would continue to pay benefits as they come due and to make discretionary contributions annually to the Trust in the amount of \$250,000. Based on those assumptions, SCES Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current SCES Plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB Plan liability.

Change in the Net OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decreases)					
	Plan					
	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Net OPEB Liability (a)-(b)				
Beginning balance*	\$ 7,129,911	\$ 5,509,883	\$ 1,620,028			
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	252,435	-	252,435			
Interest	483,753	-	483,753			
Differences between expected						
and actual experience	707,354	-	707,354			
Changes in assumptions	266,241	-	266,241			
Contributions - Employer	-	995,905	(995,905)			
Net investment income	-	(716,091)	716,091			
Benefit payments	(745,905)	(745,905)	-			
Administrative expense		(4,392)	4,392			
Net changes	963,878	(470,483)	1,434,361			
Ending balance*	\$ 8,093,789	\$ 5,039,400	\$ 3,054,389			

*The measurement date of the beginning balance was June 30, 2021 and the measurement date of the ending balance was June 30, 2022. The reporting date of the beginning balance is June 30, 2022 and the reporting date of the ending balance is June 30, 2023.

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Electric Department Fund calculated using the stated discount rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	19	6 Decrease (5.50%)	Discount Rate (6.50%)		1% Increase (7.50%)	
Government's net OPEB liability	\$	3,874,871	\$	3,054,389	\$	2,334,122

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

10. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Continued)

Sevier County Electric System Retiree Medical, Dental and Life Insurance Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability Changes in Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Electric Department Fund calculated using the stated healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.00% decreasing to 4.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.00% decreasing to 6.00%) than the current rate:

	(7.00	6 Decrease % decreasing to 4.00%)	Cos (8.00	ent Healthcare at Trend Rate % decreasing to 5.00%)	1% Increase (9.00% decreasing to 6.00%)	
Government's net OPEB liability	\$	2,390,228	\$	3,054,389	\$	3,831,525

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Plan investments are reported at fair value. Additional detailed information about SCES Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SCES Plan financial report.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Electric Department Fund recognized OPEB Plan expense of \$1,610,700. At June 30, 2023, the Electric Department Fund reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Defe	rred Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
	of	Resources	of Resources		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	1,500,000	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions		843,909		-	
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,386,713		443,216	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		342,229			
Total	\$	4,072,851	\$	443,216	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2024	\$ 235,893
2025	243,760
2026	230,877
2027	409,674
2028	283,431
Thereafter	726,000

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

11. LITIGATION

At June 30, 2023, several lawsuits are pending in which the City of Sevierville and SCES is involved. Government management and the government's legal counsel believe these suits will not result in any material unfavorable outcome to the government.

12. <u>SEVIERVILLE/SEVIER COUNTY JOINT VENTURE</u>

The government has entered into a joint venture with Sevier County, Tennessee for the leasing, operation and management of a multi-use stadium facility and tourism welcome center located in Sevierville, Tennessee. The joint venture collects lease payments from the lessee for use of the stadium facility, parking lot and restaurant. The joint venture receives local and state sales tax collections pursuant to TCA 67-6-103(d) derived from the facility's events. The joint venture is responsible for the maintenance of the facility. The government has a 70% undivided interest in this joint venture.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the joint venture's financial statements reflected net position totaling \$3,247,121 and a change in net position of \$166,588. Complete audited financial statements of Sevierville/Sevier County Joint Venture for the year ended June 30, 2022 (latest available) can be obtained from:

Lynn McClurg, Chief Financial Officer City of Sevierville P.O. Box 5500 Sevierville, TN 37864-5500

13. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

Interfund receivable/payable balances at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	D	Due To:			
	Ins	surance			
Due From:		Fund			
Flexible Spending Fund	<u>\$</u>	2,219			
	\$	2,219			

14. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Operating transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	 Transfers in:						
					Central		
Turn form as to	General		Capital Budget		Business Improvement		T-4-1
Transfers out:	 Fund		Fund		District Fund		Total
General Fund	\$ -	\$	7,578,600	\$	2,000,000	\$	9,578,600
Water and Sewer Department Fund	184,898		-		-		184,898
Electric Department Fund	 2,252,903				-		2,252,903
	\$ 2,437,801	\$	7,578,600	\$	2,000,000	\$	12,016,401

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

14. INTERFUND TRANSFERS (Continued)

The purpose of the transfers from the General Fund to the Capital Budget Fund was to fund capital outlay activity. The purpose of the transfer from the General Fund to the Central Business Improvement District was to fund debt service. The purpose of the transfers from the enterprise funds to the General Fund was for in-lieu-of tax payments.

15. RISK MANAGEMENT

The government is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The government purchases commercial insurance for all of these risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the last three years.

16. DEFERRED TAP REVENUE

Certain real estate developers were allowed to purchase future tap installations in advance prior to fees being increased. This revenue has been deferred and will be recognized when the taps are set.

17. OTHER RELATED ENTITIES

The government provides an operating contribution to the Sevier Economic Development Council, Inc. to assist the entity with its coordinating activities of attracting businesses and industries to Sevier County. The government has minority board representation on the entity's Board of Directors but has no financial obligation other than its budgeted annual contribution.

The Parks and Recreation Foundation of Sevierville, Inc. (corporation) was formed on January 16, 2020. The Foundation is a legally separate, tax-exempt organization governed by a board of directors, who shall be duly qualified electors of the City of Sevierville. The corporation is dedicated to and operated exclusively for nonprofit purposes to seek federal, state, municipal, public, and private support to supplement the efforts of the Parks and Recreation Department of the government. In the event of dissolution, the residual assets of the corporation will be turned over to one or more exempt organizations under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code for public purposes and/or to the City of Sevierville.

Jointly Governed Organizations:

The following organizations do not meet the definition of a "joint venture" since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility of the government:

The government participates in the Sevier Water Board, Inc. and has a minority representation on the entity's Board of Directors, however, the government's only financial obligation is direct debt reflected in the balance sheet of the government's Water Department.

The government participates in the Sevier Solid Waste, Inc. and has a minority representation on the entity's Board of Directors. The government has no financial obligation to this entity other than charges paid in connection with services provided.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

18. PASS-THROUGH GRANT LOAN RECEIVABLE AND RELATED DIRECT BORROWINGS

The Electric Department Fund has received proceeds from three pass-through loans in the aggregate \$4,000,000 from a federal grant program administered by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The federal program is Rural Economic Development Loans and Grants. These loans bear no interest and the loan proceeds were passed through to two local business customers as notes receivable to assist with the renovation and expansion of their facility and to purchase equipment. The government bears no significant financial consequences in the event of default. The notes are receivable in monthly installments of \$9,259 - \$18,519 through November 2027, with no interest and are secured by letters of credit from local banks.

Future maturities of the notes receivable are as follows:

Fiscal Year	F	Receivable
2024	\$	444,444
2025		444,444
2026		435,185
2027		129,596
2028		37,072
	<u>\$</u>	1,490,741

19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 19, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information included in this section is a required part of the basic financial statements. The purpose of presenting this supplementary information is to provide additional analysis of the government's financial position and results of operations.

Schedule of Changes in Government's Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Based on Participation in the Public Employee Pension Plan of TCRS

Last 10 Measurement Periods Ended June 30*

Total pension liability	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Service cost Interest Changes in benefit terms Differences between expected and actual	\$ 1,219,810 2,703,182 1,328,921	\$ 961,979 2,448,415 -	\$ 890,542 2,265,956 -	\$ 901,643 (2,128,795 -	\$ 849,582 2,001,077 -	\$ 769,661 1,917,026 -	\$ 757,297 1,822,155 -	\$ 740,440 1,692,720 -	\$ 724,323 1,576,332 -
experience Change of assumptions Benefit payments. including refunds of	1,435,830 -	137,661 3,485,337	289,009 -	(207,989) -	(319,359) -	(734,616) 696,410	(761,827) -	(220,996) -	(315,755) -
employee contributions	(1,025,324)	(1,005,323)	(995,191)	(843,771)	(799,691)	(575,690)	(554,379)	(452,062)	(446,307)
Net change in total pension liability Total neusion liability - hecinaing	5,662,419 30 330 000	6,028,069 33 311 030	2,450,316 30 861 614	1,978,678 28 882 036	1,731,609 27 151 327	2,072,791 25,078,536	1,263,246 23 815 200	1,760,102 22.055.188	1,538,593 20 516 505
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 45,002,418	\$ 39,339,999	\$ 33,311,930		\$ 28,882,936	\$ 27,151,327	\$ 25,078,536	\$ 23,815,290	\$ 22,055,188
Plan fiduciary net position									
Contributions - employer Contributions - employee	\$ 287,688 719.222	\$ 248,458 621 145	\$ 226,484 566,213	\$ 383,584 (547 979	\$ 762,094 544.353	\$ 877,726 507,007	\$ 859,168 489 836	\$ 865,145 493.240	\$ 835,857 472 237
Net investment income	(1,779,741)	9,560,929	1,760,447	2,464,998	2,516,166	3,020,585	668,506	728,032	3,239,861
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense	(1,025,324) (27_204)	(1,005,323) (21.881)	(995,191) (20.613)	(843,771) (20.494)	(799,691) (22,297)	(575,690) (19 <u>.</u> 421)	(554,379) (16.236)	(452,062) (11.083)	(446,307) (8.632)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(1,825,359)	9,403,328	1,537,340	2,532,296	3,000,625	3,810,207	1,446,895	1,623,272	4,093,016
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	46,544,459	37,141,131	35,603,791	33,071,495	30,070,870	26,260,663	24,813,768	23,190,496	19,097,480
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 44,719,100	\$ 46,544,459	\$ 37,141,131	\$ 35,603,791	\$ 33,071,495	\$ 30,070,870	\$ 26,260,663	\$ 24,813,768	\$ 23,190,496
Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 283,318	\$ (7,204,460)	\$ (3,829,201)	\$ (4,742,177)	\$ (4,188,559)	\$ (2,919,543)	\$ (1,182,127)	\$ (998,478)	\$ (1,135,308)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	99.37%	118.31%	111.49%	115.37%	114.50%	110.75%	104.71%	104.19%	105.15%
Covered payroll	\$ 14,384,406	\$ 12,422,895	\$ 11,324,225	\$ 10,959,554	\$ 10,887,049	\$ 10,123,708	\$ 9,796,670	\$ 9,864,814	\$ 9,444,718
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	1.97%	-57.99%	-33.81%	-43.27%	-38.47%	-28.84%	-12.07%	-10.12%	-12.02%

* This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

Schedule of Government's Contributions Based on Participation in the Public Employee Pension Plan of TCRS

Last 10 Measurement Periods Ended June 30

	2023	33	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 74	749,698 \$	25,892 \$	19,877 \$	97,388 \$	167,681 \$	364,716 \$	877,725 \$	859,168 \$	865,145 \$	835,857
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	62	928,042	287,688	248,458	226,484	383,584	758,365	877,725	859,168	865,145	835,857
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (17	78,344) \$	(261,796) \$	(228,581) \$	(129,096) \$	<u>\$ (178,344)</u> <u>\$ (261,796)</u> <u>\$ (228,581)</u> <u>\$ (129,096)</u> <u>\$ (215,903)</u> <u>\$ (393,649)</u>	(393,649) \$	ب	ب	ନ '	'
Covered payroll	\$ 18,55	56,891 \$	14,384,406 \$	12,422,895 \$	11,324,225 \$	10,959,554 \$	10,887,049 \$	10,123,708 \$	9,796,670 \$	\$ 18,556,891 \$ 14,384,406 \$ 12,422,895 \$ 11,324,225 \$ 10,959,554 \$ 10,887,049 \$ 10,123,708 \$ 9,796,670 \$ 9,864,814 \$ 9,444,718	9,444,718
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		5.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	3.50%	6.97%	8.67%	8.77%	8.77%	8.85%

Schedule of Changes in Government's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Sevier County Electric System Employees' Pension Plan

Last 10 Measurement Periods Ended June 30*

		2022	2021	2020	0	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	ĺ
Iotal pension liability Service cost Interest Changes in benefit terms	θ	1,375,675 3 3,969,208 -	\$ 1,326,871 3,803,474 -	\$ 3,6,3,	1,311,414 \$ 3,614,085 -	901,368 3,384,151 -	\$ 919,057 3,198,659 -	\$ 941,813 3,158,640 -	\$ 904,158 2,780,466 2,661,186	\$ 858,202 2,649,229 -	\$ 884,956 2,417,195 -	956 195 -
Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions		2,694,977 80,454	684,727 (163,200)	1,30 (1:	1,307,555 (139,324)	2,453,600 (250,588)	2,659,058 -	891,017 -	620,193 -	458,876 (858,673)		
benetic payments, including returds or employee contributions Net change in total pension liability	ļ	(2,470,178) 5,650,136	(4,326,706) 1,325,166	(2,69	(2,695,699) 3,398,031	(1,663,669) 4,824,862	(6,814,925) (38,151)	(2,139,840) 2,851,630	(1,789,196) 5,176,807	(1,031,984) 2,075,650	(1,099,953) 2,202,198	<u>153</u>) 198
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (a)	5		53,260,334 \$54,585,500	49,80 \$ 53,20	49,862,303 53,260,334 \$	45,037,441 49,862,303	45,075,592 \$ 45,037,441	42,223,962 \$ 45,075,592	37,047,155 \$ 42,223,962	34,971,505 \$ 37,047,155	32,769,307 \$ 34,971,505	<u>307</u> 505
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employer	\$	2,086,397 351,603	\$ 1,948,838 340.841	\$ 6,4	4,374,479 \$ 330 005	2,294,600 200 647	\$ 2,370,127 301.081	\$ 1,523,579 208.125	\$ 6,150,118 207 303	\$ 1,754,047 313.487	\$ 2,487,053)53 06
Contributions - emproyee Net investment income Denofit proviments including refunds of		(7,547,308)	11,898,197	<u>, 4</u>	405,986	1,705,106	3,613,963	3,932,653	(288,996)		2,684,379	979
employee contributions Administrative expense		(2,470,178) (37,504)	(4,326,706) (33,842)		(2,695,699) (29,272)	(1,663,669) (26,160)	(6,814,925) (26,938)	(2,139,840) (25,274)	(1,789,196) (9,932)	(1,031,984) (5,348)	(1,099,953) (3,643)	353) 343)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	7	(7,616,990) 47,376,343	9,836,328 37,540,015	2,3(35,14	2,395,399 35,144,616	2,609,524 32,535,092	(556,692) 33,091,784	3,589,543 29,502,240	4,359,297 25,142,943	1,759,146 23,383,797	4,390,842 18,992,955	342 955
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	6	39,759,353	\$ 47,376,343	\$ 37,54	37,540,015 \$	35,144,616	\$ 32,535,092	\$ 33,091,783	\$ 29,502,240	\$ 25,142,943	\$ 23,383,797	797
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	ŝ	20,476,283	\$ 7,209,157	\$ 15,72	15,720,319 \$	14,717,687	\$ 12,502,349	\$ 11,983,809	\$ 12,721,722	\$ 11,904,212	\$ 11,587,708	708
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		66.01%	86.79%		70.48%	70.48%	72.24%	73.41%	69.87%	67.87%	66.87%	37%
Covered payroll	ŝ	8,922,347	\$ 8,621,017	\$ 8,49	8,497,588 \$	7,491,157	\$ 7,441,733	\$ 7,460,616	\$ 7,432,581	\$ 7,679,555	\$ 7,619,836	336
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		229.49%	83.62%	2	185.00%	196.47%	168.00%	160.63%	171.16%	155.01%	152.07%	%2(

* This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

Schedule of Government's Contributions Sevier County Electric System Employees' Pension Plan

Last 10 Measurement Periods Ended June 30

		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	θ	\$ 2,516,409 \$ 2,016,018	2,016,018 \$	2,385,552 \$	2,443,144 \$	2,385,552 \$ 2,443,144 \$ 1,794,906 \$ 1,531,507 \$ 1,523,579 \$ 1,658,792 \$ 1,754,045 \$	1,531,507 \$	1,523,579 \$	1,658,792 \$	1,754,045 \$	1,982,165
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		2,606,032	2,086,397	3,380,441	2,942,876	2,294,600	2,370,127	1,523,579	6,150,118	1,754,047	2,487,053
Contribution deficiency (excess)	θ	(89,623) \$ (70,379)		(994,889) \$	(499,732) \$	<u>\$ (994,889)</u> <u>\$ (499,732)</u> <u>\$ (499,694)</u> <u>\$ (838,620)</u>	(838,620) \$	ب ۱	(4,491,326) \$	(2) \$ (504,888	(504,888)
Covered payroll	÷	9,839,877 \$	9,839,877 \$ 8,922,347 \$	8,621,017 \$	8,497,588 \$	8,621,017 \$ 8,497,588 \$ 7,491,157 \$ 7,441,733 \$ 7,460,616 \$ 7,432,581 \$	7,441,733 \$	7,460,616 \$	7,432,581 \$	7,679,555 \$	7,619,836
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		26.48%	23.38%	39.21%	34.63%	30.63%	31.85%	20.42%	82.75%	22.84%	32.64%

Schedule of Changes in Government's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios City of Sevierville Postemployment Benefit Plan

Last 10 Measurement Periods Ended June 30*

	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost	\$ 20,300	\$ 23,000	\$ 20,100	\$ 20,800	\$ 19,000	\$ 18,000
Interest	18,000	23,800	31,900	30,100	33,700	34,000
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	(3,700)	(8,700)	(46,200)	201,700	21,400	-
Changes of assumptions	(59,400)	43,000	31,700	24,500	(104,500)	-
Benefit payments	 (140,500)	 (90,400)	 (84,600)	 (91,700)	 (80,800)	 (61,000)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(165,300)	(9,300)	(47,100)	185,400	(111,200)	(9,000)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 984,800	 994,100	 1,041,200	 855,800	 967,000	 976,000
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 819,500	\$ 984,800	\$ 994,100	\$ 1,041,200	\$ 855,800	\$ 967,000
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,334,000	\$ 1,334,000	\$ 1,492,700	\$ 1,492,700	\$ 1,627,000	\$ 1,627,000
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	61.43%	73.82%	66.60%	69.75%	52.60%	59.43%

* This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

Schedule of Investment Returns Sevier County Electric System Employees' Pension Plan

Last 10 Measurement Periods Ended June 30

2014	17.24%
2015	1.97%
2016	-0.17%
2017	13.37%
2018	11.31%
2019	5.00%
2020	1.09%
2021	32.08%
2022	-15.64%
2023	
	Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense

Schedule of Changes in Government's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Sevier County Electric System Retiree Medical, Dental and Life Insurance Plan

Last 10 Measurement Periods Ended June 30*

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
Total OPEB liability												
Service cost	\$	252,435	\$	217,682	\$	190,927	\$	94,480	\$	92,176	\$	105,489
Interest		483,753		428,992		426,933		370,046		341,563		394,072
Differences between expected and												
actual experience		707,354		373,072		411,100		127,425		174,814		(1,108,046)
Changes of assumptions		266,241		-		522,420		251,859		-		218,715
Benefit payments, including refunds of												
employee contributions		(745,905)		(535,630)		(387,912)		(271,867)		(344,143)		(241,124)
Net change in total OPEB liability		963,878		484,116		1,163,468		571,943		264,410		(630,894)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		7,129,911		6,645,795		5,482,327		4,910,384		4,645,974		5,276,868
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	8,093,789	\$	7,129,911	\$	6,645,795	\$	5,482,327	\$	4,910,384	\$	4,645,974
Plan fiduciary net position												
Contributions - employer	\$	995,905	\$	710,630	\$	787,912	\$	782,924	\$	594,143	\$	491,124
Net investment income		(716,091)		1,171,254		186,479		251,156		226,508		202,278
Benefit payments, including refunds of												
employee contributions		(745,905)		(535,630)		(387,912)		(271,867)		(344,143)		(241,124)
Administrative expense		(4,392)		(3,826)		(3,036)		(2,613)		(2,100)		(1,711)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(470,483)		1,342,428		583,443		759,600		474,408		450,567
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		5,509,883		4,167,455		3,584,012		2,824,412		2,350,004		1,899,437
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	5,039,400	\$	5,509,883	\$	4,167,455	\$	3,584,012	\$	2,824,412	\$	2,350,004
Net OPEB liability - ending (a)-(b)	¢	3,054,389	\$	1,620,028	\$	2,478,340	\$	1,898,315	\$	2,085,972	\$	2,295,970
Net OF LD hability - ending (a)-(b)	φ	3,034,309	Ψ	1,020,020	Ψ	2,470,340	φ	1,090,010	φ	2,003,972	φ	2,293,970
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage												
of total OPEB liability		62.26%		77.28%		62.71%		65.37%		57.52%		50.58%
Covered payroll	\$	8,785,984	\$	10,327,366	\$	9,799,666	\$	9,231,145	\$	8,766,256	\$	9,711,165
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		34.76%		15.69%		25.29%		20.56%		23.80%		23.64%

* The required 10-year trend information will be completed when the information is compiled. The years for which information was available are presented.

Schedule of Investment Returns Sevier County Electric System Retiree Medical, Dental and Life Insurance Plan

Last 10 Measurement Periods Ended June 30*

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	8.59%	-12.87%	27.76%	4.90%	7.58%	9.58%	9.21%

* This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Last 10 Measurement Periods Ended June 30

Notes to Schedule Of Changes in Government's Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Based on Participation in the Public Employee Pension Plan of TCRS

Changes of assumptions. In 2017, the following assumptions were changed: decreased inflation rate from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent; decreased the investment rate of return from 7.50 percent to 7.25 percent; decreased the cost-of-living adjustment from 2.50 percent to 2.25 percent; decreased salary growth graded ranges from an average of 4.25 percent to an average of 4.00 percent; and modified mortality assumptions. In 2021, the following assumptions were changed: assumed discount rate was lowered from 7.25% to 6.75%; inflation was lowered from 2.50% to 2.25%; the assumed monthly cost-of-living adjustment for monthly retirement benefits was lowered from 2.25% to 2.125%; and modified mortality assumptions.

Changes in benefit terms. In 2022, plan provisions were modified to reflect new cost of living benefits.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:	
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level dollar, closed (not to exceed 20 years)
Remaining amortization period	Varies by year
Asset valuation	Fair Market Value
Inflation	2.25 percent
Salary increases	Graded salary ranges from 8.72 to 3.44 percent based on age, including inflation averaging 4.00 percent
Investment Rate of Return	6.75 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation
Retirement age	Pattern of retirement determined by experience study
Mortality	Customized table based on actual experience including projection of mortality improvement using Scale MP-2020 (generational projection)
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.125 percent

Notes to Schedule Of Changes in Government's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Sevier County Electric System Employees' Pension Plan

Changes in benefit terms. As of July 1, 2015, the Normal Retirement Benefit Formula is calculated as 3.00% of Average Compensation times Years of Benefit Service up to 20 years, plus 1.00% of Average Compensation times Years of Benefit Service, not in excess of 10, following the later of attainment of Full Early Retirement Date or completion of 20 years of Benefit Service.

Changes in assumptions. As of July 1, 2014, the mortality table for post-retirement was changed from 2014 Static Mortality Table to TCRS Mortality Table. As of July 1, 2018, it is assumed that 60% of participants will elect the lump sum and that 40% will elect the Single Life Annuity. As of July 1, 2019, the mortality generational scaling was updated from the MP2018 generational scale to the MP2019 generational scale. As of July 1, 2020, the mortality improvement was updated MP2020 generational scale to the MP2021 generational scale to the MP2021 generational scale. As of July 1, 2021, the mortality improvement was updated MP2020 generational scale to the MP2021 generational scale. As of July 1, 2022, the mortality improvement was updated MP2020 generational scale to the MP2021 generational scale.

Notes to Schedule of Government's Contributions - Sevier County Electric System Employees' Pension Plan

Valuation date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of July 1, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age normal, level percentage of pay
Amortization method	Closed, level dollar amortization
Remaining amortization period	30 years as of July 1, 2020
Asset valuation	Market value of plan assets adjusted to phase in asset gains
Discount rate	7.25 percent
Inflation	N/A
Salary increases	Varies by department and age
Cost of living increases	2.00 percent
Retirement age	Varies by age
Mortality	RP 2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table Adjusted to 2006 with MP-2021

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (Continued)

Last 10 Measurement Periods Ended June 30

Notes to Schedule of Changes in Government's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - City of Sevierville Postemployment Benefit Plan

Changes in assumptions. For measurement period ended June 30, 2018, the healthcare cost trend rate was changed from 6.50 percent to 6.81 percent and the discount rate was changed from 3.56 percent to 3.62 percent. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2019, the healthcare cost trend rate was changed from 6.81 percent to 5.50 percent and the discount rate was changed from 3.62 percent to 3.13 percent. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2020, the healthcare cost trend rate was changed from 5.50 percent to 0.00 percent and the discount rate was changed from 3.13 percent to 2.45 percent. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2021, the healthcare cost trend rate was changed from 0.00 percent to 7.00 percent and the discount rate was changed from 3.13 percent to 1.92 percent. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2022, the healthcare cost trend rate was changed from 7.00 and the discount rate was changed from 1.92 percent to 3.69 percent.

Valuation date: Actuarial valuation determining total OPEB liability is as of July 1, 2021.

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB Codification Section P52.139b.

Notes to Schedule of Changes in Government's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios -Sevier County Electric System Retiree Medical, Dental and Life Insurance Plan

Changes in assumptions. For measurement period ended June 30, 2022, the healthcare cost trend rate was reset at 9.0 percent for 2021, grading down 1.00 percent per annum to an ultimate trend rate of 5.00 percent for years 2025 and later. For the measurement period June 30, 2020, the discount rate was decreased to 6.50 percent.

Valuation date: Actuarial valuation determining total OPEB liability is as of July 1, 2021.

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information included in this section is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The purpose of presenting this supplementary information is to provide additional analysis of the government's financial position and results of operations.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than capital projects.

State Street Aid Fund – established to account for legally restricted state shared funds received from the State of Tennessee to be expended for street improvements.

Drug Enforcement Fund – established to account for all expenditures made through the Drug Enforcement Fund. Revenues are from fines and costs from drug related cases.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

		Special Rev	venue F	unds	_	
ASSETS	S	State treet Aid Fund	En	Drug forcement Fund		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
<u>A03E10</u>						
Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other governments	\$	491,845 - 106,256	\$	521,817 5,946 -	\$	1,013,662 5,946 106,256
Total assets	\$	598,101	\$	527,763	\$	1,125,864
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities: Accounts payable Funds held in trust	\$	-	\$	5,300 89,352	\$	5,300 89,352
Total liabilities		-		94,652		94,652
Fund balances: Restricted		598,101		433,111		1,031,212
Total fund balances		598,101		433,111		1,031,212
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	598,101	\$	527,763	\$	1,125,864

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds					
	State Street Aid Fund		Drug Enforcement Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenue Fines, forfeits and penalties Other revenues	\$	621,454 - 4,051	\$	4,523 125,267 70,097	\$	625,977 125,267 74,148
Total revenues		625,505		199,887		825,392
Expenditures: Building materials Supplies Grants, contributions and other		620,000 - -		- 3,823 86,756		620,000 3,823 86,756
Total expenditures		620,000		90,579		710,579
Revenues over (under) expenditures		5,505		109,308		114,813
Fund balances, beginning		592,596		323,803		916,399
Fund balances, ending	\$	598,101	\$	433,111	\$	1,031,212

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual State Street Aid Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	State Street Aid Fund						
		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual		
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenue Other revenues	\$	620,000 -	\$	620,000 -	\$	621,454 4,051	
Total revenues		620,000		620,000		625,505	
Expenditures: Building materials:							
Concrete, curbs and sidewalks Asphalt		100,000 520,000		100,000 520,000		129,705 490,295	
Total building materials		620,000		620,000		620,000	
Total expenditures		620,000		620,000		620,000	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		-		-		5,505	
Fund balances, beginning		592,596		592,596		592,596	
Fund balances, ending	\$	592,596	\$	592,596	\$	598,101	

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Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Drug Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Drug Enforcement Fund							
	Original Budget		Final Budget			Actual		
Revenues:	•		•		•			
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,523		
Fines, forfeits and penalties		50,000		50,000		125,267		
Other revenues		10,000		10,000		70,097		
Total revenues		60,000		60,000		199,887		
Expenditures:								
Contractual services		2,500		2,500		-		
Supplies		7,000		7,000		3,823		
Grants, contributions and other		113,764		113,764		86,756		
Total expenditures		123,264		123,264		90,579		
Revenues over (under)								
expenditures		(63,264)		(63,264)		109,308		
Fund balances, beginning		323,803		323,803		323,803		
Fund balances, ending	\$	260,539	\$	260,539	\$	433,111		

Internal Service Funds

Insurance Fund – to account for the operation of a medical and dental self-insurance fund covering virtually all full-time employees of the government. The government operates under a self-insured retention and commercial insurance coverage purchases, with claims primarily administered by an outside agency.

Flexible Spending Fund – to account for the activity under the government's Flexible Spending Plan. The Plan provides coverage for medical, dental and daycare expense through salary reduction of participating employees.

Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2023

<u>ASSETS</u>	 Insurance Fund	Sp	exible ending Fund	 Total
Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables Internal balances Prepayments	\$ 3,364,272 157,169 2,219 61,276	\$	157,198 - (2,219) -	\$ 3,521,470 157,169 - 61,276
Total assets	 3,584,936		154,979	 3,739,915
LIABILITIES				
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued expenses Reserve for health insurance claims Total liabilities	 39,350 1,309 <u>280,691</u> 321,350		-	 39,350 1,309 <u>280,691</u> 321,350
NET POSITION	 	. <u> </u>		 021,000
Net position: Unrestricted	 3,263,586		154,979	 3,418,565
Total net position	\$ 3,263,586	\$	154,979	\$ 3,418,565

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Flexible ce Spending Fund	Total	
Operating revenues:				
Premiums Other revenues	\$ 5,079	9,137 \$ - - <u>84,737</u>	\$	
Total operating revenues	5,079	9,137 84,737	5,163,874	
Operating expenses:				
Operations:	4 400	0.040	4 400 040	
Insurance claims	4,488		4,488,218 591,672	
Insurance premiums	59	1,672 - - 75,947	75,947	
Medical, dental and childcare payments		- 15,941	75,947	
Total operations	5,079	9,890 75,947	5,155,837	
Administration:				
Commissions	154	4,346 -	154,346	
Administrative services			209,987	
Total administration	364	4,333	364,333	
Total operating expenses	5,444	1,223 75,947	5,520,170	
Change in net position	(365	5,086) 8,790	(356,296)	
Net position, beginning	3,628	3,672 146,189	3,774,861	
Net position, ending	<u>\$ </u>	3 <u>,586</u> <u>\$ 154,979</u>	<u>\$ </u>	

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Insurance Fund		Flexible Spending Fund			Total
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from employees, other participants and other funds Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	\$	5,068,840 (939,303)	\$	84,737	\$	5,153,577 (939,303)
Cash payments for claims		(4,461,776)		(75,947)		(4,537,723)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(332,239)		8,790		(323,449)
Cash flows from investing activities: Advance to (from) funds		4,035		(4,035)		<u> </u>
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		4,035		(4,035)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(328,204)		4,755		(323,449)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning		3,692,476		152,443		3,844,919
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	<u>\$</u>	3,364,272	\$	157,198	\$	3,521,470
Reconciliation of change in net position to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Change in net position	\$	(365,086)	\$	8,790	\$	(356,296)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net position to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	Ψ	(000,000)	Ψ	0,100	Ψ	(000,200)
Increase in other receivables		(10,297)		-		(10,297)
Decrease in prepaid expenses Increase in accounts payable		1,422 13,971		-		1,422 13,971
Increase in accrued liabilities		1,309		-		1,309
Increase in insurance claims reserve		26,442		-		26,442
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(332,239)	\$	8,790	\$	(323,449)

Fiduciary Funds Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds

The pension and other employee benefit trust funds account for the activities of the Sevier County Electric System Employees' Pension Plan and Sevier County Electric System Retiree Medical, Dental, and Life Insurance Plan Trust Fund, which accumulate resources for pension and other postemployment benefit payments to qualified beneficiaries.

Sevier County Electric System Employees' Pension Plan Trust Fund – to account for the resources accumulated for the Sevier County Electric System Employees' Pension Plan.

Sevier County Electric System Retiree Medical, Dental, and Life Insurance Plan Trust Fund – to account for the resources accumulated for the Sevier County Electric System Retiree Medical, Dental, and Life Insurance Plan's postemployment healthcare for employees of Sevier County Electric System.

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2023

	Ele	vier County ctric System oyees' Pension Plan	Ele Reti Der	vier County ctric System iree Medical, ntal, and Life urance Plan	 Total
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents Contributions receivable Investments, at fair value: Mutual funds - equity Mutual funds - fixed income Total assets	\$	844,745 93,054 29,947,924 8,321,171 39,206,894	\$	499,285 - 3,920,398 1,460,551 5,880,234	\$ 1,344,030 93,054 33,868,322 9,781,722 45,087,128
NET POSITION					
Net position restricted for: Pensions Postemployment benefits other than pensions		39,206,894 -		- 5,880,234	 39,206,894 5,880,234
Total net position	\$	39,206,894	\$	5,880,234	\$ 45,087,128

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Syste	County Electric m Employees' ension Plan	Ele Ret Der	vier County ctric System iree Medical, ntal, and Life urance Plan	Total
Additions to net position:					
Employer contributions Employee contributions	\$	2,570,937 385,248	\$	1,551,046 -	\$ 4,121,983 385,248
Total contributions		2,956,185		1,551,046	 4,507,231
Investment income:					
Interest and dividend income		677,907		98,837	776,744
Net increase in fair value of investments		3,225,162		346,184	 3,571,346
Total investment income		3,903,069		445,021	 4,348,090
Total additions		6,859,254		1,996,067	 8,855,321
Deductions from net position:					
Benefits paid to participants		7,376,393		1,151,046	8,527,439
Administrative expenses		35,320		4,187	 39,507
Total deductions		7,411,713		1,155,233	 8,566,946
Net increase (decrease) in net position		(552,459)		840,834	288,375
Net position restricted:					
Beginning of the year		39,759,353		5,039,400	 44,798,753
End of the year	\$	39,206,894	\$	5,880,234	\$ 45,087,128

Central Business Improvement District Fund

The **Central Business Improvement District Fund** is used to account for state and local option sales tax diverted to fund debt service related to tourist development zone activities.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Central Business Improvement District Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023 (With Comparative Totals for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022)

		2023		
	Budgete	d Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	2022
Revenues:				
Local taxes:				
Local sales taxes	\$ 3,224,644	\$ 3,224,644	\$ 3,646,275	\$ 3,224,644
Total local sales taxes	3,224,644	3,224,644	3,646,275	3,224,644
Intergovernmental revenue:				
State of Tennessee:				
Sales tax	7,449,600	7,449,600	8,485,250	7,449,600
Total intergovernmental revenue	7,449,600	7,449,600	8,485,250	7,449,600
Other revenues:				
Interest earnings	86,296	86,296	826,879	54,937
Total other revenues	86,296	86,296	826,879	54,937
Total revenues	10,760,540	10,760,540	12,958,404	10,729,181
Expenditures: Debt administration:				
Principal	7,410,000	7,410,000	7,410,000	7,085,000
Interest	5,555,250	5,555,250	4,519,103	4,153,287
Debt service charges	400,000	1,920,000	1,916,244	286,905
Swap termination fee	-	2,869,950	2,852,935	-
Total debt administration	13,365,250	17,755,200	16,698,282	11,525,192
Total expenditures	13,365,250	17,755,200	16,698,282	11,525,192
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,604,710)	(6,994,660)	(3,739,878)	(796,011)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfer from general fund	3,000,000	3,000,000	2,000,000	3,100,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,000,000	3,000,000	2,000,000	3,100,000
Povenues and other financing sources				
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other				
financing uses	395,290	(3,994,660)	(1,739,878)	2,303,989
Fund balance, beginning	18,127,253	18,127,253	18,127,253	15,823,264
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 18,522,543</u>	<u>\$ 14,132,593</u>	<u>\$ 16,387,375</u>	<u>\$ 18,127,253</u>

Capital Budget Fund

The **Capital Budget Fund** is used to account for all expenditures for the acquisition and construction of major assets of the government other than those financed by proprietary funds. The Capital Budget Fund is funded by transfers from the General Fund. Major projects include traffic signalization, street paving, equipment purchases and park improvements.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Capital Budget Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023 (With Comparative Totals for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022)

				2023				
		Budgeted	łΔm					
		Original	4 7 111	Final		Actual		2022
Revenues:		onginai		1 110		/ lotadi		LOLL
Intergovernmental revenue:								
State of Tennessee	\$	500,000	\$	500,000	\$	30,393	\$	597,088
Federal grants	Ŷ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	425,012	Ψ	51,306
								01,000
Total intergovernmental revenue		500,000		500,000		455,405		648,394
Other revenues:								
Insurance recovery		-		469,219		469,219		-
Sale of materials		4,000		4,000		73,599		5,806
Donations		4,000		4,000		2,008		10,673
Interest earnings						671,284		
Total other revenues		8,000		477,219		1,216,110		16,479
Total revenues		508,000		977,219		1,671,515		664,873
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Contractual services		-		2,945,011		748,379		54,989
Supplies		-		-		-		525,000
Capital outlay		18,486,600		37,401,466		7,312,189		7,029,679
Total current expenditures		18,486,600		40,346,477		8,060,568		7,609,668
Total expenditures		18,486,600		40,346,477		8,060,568		7,609,668
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(<u>17,978,600</u>)		(39,369,258)		(6,389,053)		(6,944,795)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Bond proceeds		13,800,000		13,965,750		27,240,000		-
Bond premium		-,,		-		3,106,783		-
Cost of issuance		-		(365,750)		(346,783)		-
Transfer from general fund		4,178,600		6,178,600		7,578,600		8,452,502
Total other financing sources (uses)		17,978,600		19,778,600		37,578,600		8,452,502
Revenues and other financing sources								
over (under) expenditures and other								
financing uses		-		(19,590,658)		31,189,547		1,507,707
Fund balance, beginning		8,859,806		8,859,806		8,859,806		7,352,099
Fund balance, ending	\$	8,859,806	\$	(10,730,852)	\$	40,049,353	\$	8,859,806

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Grantor Agency	Contract #	Assistance Listing Number	Expenditures
Federal Awards:			
U.S. Department of Justice - 2021 Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 2022 Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	N/A N/A	16.607 16.607	\$ 2,751 2,493
	N/A		. <u></u>
		Sub-total	5,244
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	2018HPWX0015 2018AMWX0002	16.710 16.710	235 1,731
		Sub-total	1,966
Total U.S. Department of Justice			7,210
U.S. Department of Transportation - Highway Planning and Construction Cluster: Pass-through from Tennessee Department			
of Transportation - Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Grant (Phase 1) Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Grant (Phase 2) Parkway from SR71 to SR35 Rehabilitation SR35 Intersection Design SR338 Intersection Design SR35 from Sims Road in Sevier Co to Near SR92 in Jeff Co	CM-7800(61) CM-9123(8) STP-M-35(62) STP-M-9123(10) STP-M-338(9) STP/HPP-35(75)	20.205 20.205 20.205 20.205 20.205 20.205 20.205	20,559 36,591 2,580 998 2,290 77,434
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster		Sub-total	140,452
Pass-through from Tennessee Department of Safety and Homeland Security -			
THS Grant - 2021	Z-22-THS255	20.607	8,958
THS Grant - 2022	Z-23-THS247	20.607	45,757
Total THS Grants		Sub-total	54,715
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			195,167
Total Federal Awards			202,377

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Grantor Agency	Contract #	Assistance Listing Number	Exp	enditures
State Awards:				
Tennessee Department of Transportation - SR338 Intersection Design	STP-M-338(9) 78LPLM-F3-020	N/A N/A	\$	573 645
Tennessee Department of Health - Child Passenger Safety Seat	N/A	N/A		4,248
Tennessee Emergency Management Agency Flood 2019	N/A	N/A		75,797
Total State Awards				81,263
Total Federal and State Awards			\$	283,640

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note A - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards (the Schedule) includes federal and state award activity of the government under programs of the federal and state governments for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the government, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the government.

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance and/or OMB Circular A87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments), wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) The government has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note C - Outstanding Loans

The Electric Department Fund had the following loan funding balance and loan balances outstanding at June 30, 2023. The loan funding balances are also included in the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule.

Program Title	CFDA Number	FY20 Loan Fu		utstanding Balance
Rural Economic Development Loans and Grants*	10.854	\$	-	\$ 324,074
Rural Economic Development Loans and Grants**	10.854		-	685,151
Rural Economic Development Loans and Grants***	10.854		-	 490,741
		\$	_	\$ 1,499,966

- * This loan funding was passed through as a loan from a subrecipient and the outstanding balance on this loan receivable at June 30, 2023 was \$314,815.
- ** This loan funding was passed through as a loan from a subrecipient and the outstanding balance on this loan receivable at June 30, 2023 was \$472,222.
- *** This loan funding was passed through as a loan from a subrecipient and the outstanding balance on this loan receivable at June 30, 2023 was \$703,704.

Schedule of Utility Plant Water and Sewer Department Fund June 30, 2023

				Ast	Assets							Accumulated Depreciation	1 Depr	eciation				
		Balance		Additions	Re	Retirements and		Balance	-	Balance			å,	Retirements and	Bê	Balance		told
		JUIJ 1, 2022			P		ר	1115 JU, 2020	5	1, 2022		LAUGISC	2	and solitication is	alling	00, 2U23		NCI
Water treatment and disposal tanks	ю	28.234.458	÷	129.583	ŝ		ŝ	28,364,041	ŝ	12,364,339	ф	953,432	ф		÷	13.317.771	ŝ	15.046.270
Wastewater treatment plant		16,607,898				'		16,607,898		11,026,369		473,507				11,499,876		5,108,022
Transmission and distribution lines		29,030,829		26,940		'		29,057,769		11,679,802		571,168			-	12,250,970		16,806,799
Collection lines		32,248,482						32,248,482		12,752,683		636,887			-	13,389,570		18,858,912
Water meters		3,895,601		•		'		3,895,601		632,330		389,560		'		1,021,890		2,873,711
Pump and lift stations		5,285,374		2,456,272		'		7,741,646		1,960,751		227,739		'		2,188,490		5,553,156
Transportation equipment		3,023,459		253,606		(67,198)		3,209,867		1,637,404		243,042		(67,198)		1,813,248		1,396,619
Machinery and equipmen		3,749,090		176,971		(163,189)		3,762,872		2,128,047		310,478		(163, 189)		2,275,336		1,487,536
Other capital assets		5,913,840		406,344		· •		6,320,184		3,604,758		400,766		` '		4,005,524		2,314,660
Sub-total		127,989,031		3,449,716		(230,387)		131,208,360		57,786,483		4,206,579		(230,387)	-	61,762,675		69,445,685
Land Construction work in progress		437,557 7.532.033		- 19.824.442		- (3.362.774)		437,557 23.993.701										437,557 23.993.701
			•		,		.		,		,		.				,	
Total	ഗ	135,958,621	ഗ	23,274,158	ю	(3,593,161)	ю	155,639,618	ь	57,786,483	ю	4,206,579	ഗ	(230,387)	ر م	61.762.675	ю	93.876.943

Schedule of Utility Plant Electric Department Fund June 30, 2023

lepreciation Balance	Retirements June 30, 2023 Net) \$ 120,145,399 \$ 13 2,178,247	(118,814) 4,795,377 2,949,834 (19,036) 1,930,521 499,876		(2,360,395) 129,064,614 141,562,604	- 8,639,550 - 4,171,871	\$ (2,360,395) \$ 129,064,614 \$ 154,374,025
Accumulated Depreciation Current Year	Depreciation	\$ 8,686,038 220,480	427,698 197,598	15,070	9,546,884		\$ 9,546,884
Balance	July 1, 2022	\$ 113,681,906 1,957,767	4,486,493 1,751,959	•	121,878,125	, ,	\$ 121,878,125
Balance	June 30, 2023	\$ 256,042,847 2,901,773	7,745,211 2,430,397	1,506,990	270,627,218	8,639,550 4,171,871	\$ 283,438,639
S	Deductions	\$ (1,728,916) -	(126,014) (19,036)		(1,873,966)	- (217,819)	\$ (2,091,785)
Assets	Additions	\$ 11,757,835 25,487	813,658 181,915	1,506,990	14,285,885	1,095,975 -	\$ 15,381,860
Balance	July 1, 2022	\$ 246,013,928 { 2,876,286	7,057,567 2,267,518		258,215,299	7,543,575 4,389,690	\$ 270,148,564 \$
•		Electric distribution system Machinery and equipment	Transportation equipment Office furmiture and fixtures	Office building	Sub-total	Land and land rights Construction work in progress	Total

Schedule of Long-Term Debt Principal and Interest Requirements Governmental Activities June 30, 2023

\$25,000,000 Local Government Public Improvement Bonds	0A 1)	Interest	530,902	530,902	530,902	530,902	530,902	530,902	530,902	530,902	408,935	50,274	1	•			
\$25,000,000 Local Government lic Improvement Bo	Variable (1)	a	ۍ ۱						,	,000	,000	,000	•				000
Loc		Principal	÷							11,125,000	12,175,000	1,700,000					
)0 ment int Bonds	9B 9B 1)	Interest	721,757	721,757	721,757	721,757	721,757	721,757	721,757	721,757	721,757	721,757	395,627	•	•		
\$24,500,000 Local Government Public Improvement Bonds	Series 2009B Variable (1)	Principal	\$ 1				•					11,075,000	13,425,000	•			
		Interest	157,119 \$	152,963	145,963	110,563	94,663	77,563	58,163	40,776	21,600			•	•		
\$5,680,000 General Obligation Bonds	Series 2015 2.00% - 5.00%		\$ 000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000						
\$ Gene	S 2.0	Principal	175,000	175,000	1,180,000	530,000	570,000	485,000	535,000	590,000	640,000						
) nent nt Bonds	-1 -1	Interest	16,444 \$	15,348	14,252	13,156	12,059	10,963	8,222	5,481	2,742	•	•	•	•		
\$2,300,000 Local Government Public Improvement Bonds	Series VII-M-1 Variable (1)	Principal	100,000 \$	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	250,000	250,000	250,000	250,000			•	•		
00 ment nt Bonds	-1)	Interest	149,402 \$	76,482		•		•						•			
\$16,215,000 Local Government Public Improvement Bo	Series VII-L-1 Variable (1)	Principal	\$ 1,945,000 \$	2,040,000	•	•	•	•						•	•	•	
	Year Ending	June 30,	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	

(1) Interest rate at June 30, 2023 is 4.43120%.

(Continued)

Schedule of Long-Term Debt Principal and Interest Requirements Governmental Activities (Continued) June 30, 2023

Activities	Interest	4,668,042	4,225,393	3,814,672	3,458,833	3,085,193	2,742,997	2,422,341	2,103,499	1,839,409	1,339,531	860,377	357,000	243,750	124,750	\$ 31,285,787
Total Governmental Activities	Principal	\$ 11,400,000 \$	11,925,000	11,985,000	12,240,000	12,425,000	14,015,000	14,610,000	15,280,000	15,920,000	14,830,000	15,580,000	2,265,000	2,380,000	2,495,000	\$ 157,350,000 \$
0000 Jigation S 2022	Interest	\$ 1,297,750 \$	1,231,500	1,162,000	1,089,000	1,012,250	931,750	847,250	758,500	665,250	567,500	464,750	357,000	243,750	124,750	\$ 10,753,000
\$27,240,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2022 4 00% - 5 00%	Principal	3 1,325,000	1,390,000	1,460,000	1,535,000	1,610,000	1,690,000	1,775,000	1,865,000	1,955,000	2,055,000	2,155,000	2,265,000	2,380,000	2,495,000	\$ 25,955,000
000 ligation s 00%	Interest	289,725 \$	284,725	279,725	239,725	172,225	109,725	67,125	37,125	19,125	•	•	•	•	'	\$ 1,499,225
\$7,765,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2020 2 00% - 5 00%	Principal	100,000 \$	100,000	800,000	1,350,000	1,250,000	1,065,000	1,000,000	900,000	900,000					'	\$ 7,465,000 \$
00 gation 18	Interest	884,250 \$	629,000	418,200	254,850	87,600									'	\$ 2,273,900 \$
\$42,760,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2018 3.00% - 5.00%	Principal	5,105,000 \$	5,270,000	5,445,000	5,575,000	2,920,000	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	 	\$ 24,315,000 \$
00 iment ent Bonds 3.3	Interest	195,618 \$	157,641	116,798	73,805	28,662									'	572,524 \$
\$25,000,000 Local Government Public Improvement Bonds Series VII-N-1 Variable (3)	Principal	2,650,000 \$	2,850,000	3,000,000	3,150,000	2,000,000					•				'	\$ 13,650,000 \$
	Interest	425,075 \$	425,075	425,075	425,075	425,075	360,337	188,922	8,958						'	2,683,592 \$
\$26,100,000 Local Government Public Improvement Bonds Series 2010B Variable (2)	Principal	ዓ የ	•	•	•	3,975,000	10,525,000	11,050,000	550,000	•		•	•	•		<u>\$ 26,100,000</u> <u>\$ 2,683,592</u>
Year Fnding	June 30,	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	

(2) Interest is payable semi-annually at variable rates. The interest rate used for this calculation was 4.46661%, the actual interest rate at June 30, 2023.

(3) Interest is payable quarterly at variable rates. The interest rate used for this calculation was 4.40841%, the actual interest rate at June 30, 2023.

Schedule of Long-Term Debt Principal and Interest Requirements Business-Type Activities June 30, 2023 WATER AND SEWER DEPARTMENT FUND

ē	bouchood Local Government Public Improvement Bonds	\$4,880,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	000 ligation Bonds	\$8,525,000 Local Government Public Improvement Bonds	5,000 ernment ement Bonds	\$11,225,000 General Obligation Bonds	5,000 bbligation ds	\$68,640,000 General Obligation Bonds	0,000 bligation ds	Total	<u>–</u>
		Series 2021 2.00%	021 6	Series VII-M-1 Variable (2)	/II-M-1 le (2)	Series 2015 2.00% - 5.00%	2015 5.00%	Series 2022 4.00% - 5.00%	2022 5.00%	Water and Sewer Department Fund	t Sewer nt Fund
Interest	ā	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
343.716	е С	850,000	\$ 66,000	\$ 300.000	\$ 74.274 \$	\$ 600.000	\$ 242.169	\$ 1.130,000	\$ 2.939.700	\$ 2.880.000	\$ 3.665.859
343,716					70,985		227,919	-			
343,716	6	600,000	36,000	500,000	65,504	640,000	202,919	1,245,000	2,823,950	2,985,000	3,472,089
343,716	G	600,000	24,000	500,000	60,022	650,000	183,719	1,310,000	2,761,700	3,060,000	3,373,157
343,716	9	600,000	12,000	500,000	54,541	665,000	164,219	1,375,000	2,696,200	3,140,000	3,270,676
343,716	16	ı	'	500,000	49,059	690,000	144,269	1,445,000	2,627,450	3,135,000	3,164,494
322,234	4	ı	'	500,000	43,578	715,000	116,669	1,510,000	2,555,200	3,825,000	3,037,681
274,973	73	'	'	500,000	38,096	735,000	93,433	1,590,000	2,479,700	3,975,000	2,886,202
225,564	64	ı	'	725,000	32,615	505,000	69,545	1,670,000	2,400,200	4,100,000	2,727,924
ç	174,006	'	'	750,000	24,667	500,000	52,500	1,755,000	2,316,700	4,255,000	2,567,873
e,	120,301	'	'	750,000	16,445	500,000	35,000	1,840,000	2,228,950	4,440,000	2,400,696
	62,298	'	'	750,000	8,223	500,000	17,500	1,935,000	2,136,950	4,635,000	2,224,971
	,	'	'	'	,	'		2,030,000	2,040,200	2,030,000	2,040,200
	,	,	'	'	'	'	,	2,130,000	1,938,700	2,130,000	1,938,700
	,	'	'	'	,	'		2,240,000	1,832,200	2,240,000	1,832,200
	,	'	'	'	,	'		2,350,000	1,720,200	2,350,000	1,720,200
	,	'	'	'	,	'		2,445,000	1,626,200	2,445,000	1,626,200
		'	'	'	'		'	2,545,000	1,528,400	2,545,000	1,528,400
	,	'	'	'	,	'		2,645,000	1,426,600	2,645,000	1,426,600
	,	'	'	'	,	'		2,750,000	1,320,800	2,750,000	1,320,800
	,	'	'	'	,	'		2,860,000	1,210,800	2,860,000	1,210,800
		•		'		'	•	2,975,000	1,096,400	2,975,000	1,096,400
		•		'		'		3,095,000	977,400	3,095,000	977,400
		•		'		'	•	3,215,000	853,600	3,215,000	853,600
		'	'			'	'	3,345,000	725,000	3,345,000	725,000
		'	'			'	'	3,480,000	591,200	3,480,000	591,200
				•	•	'	•	3,620,000	452,000	3,620,000	452,000
		'	'			'	'	3,765,000	307,200	3,765,000	307,200
	,	'	'					3 915 000	156 600	3.915.000	156.600

(1) Interest rate at June 30, 2023 is 4.46661%.

(2) Interest rate at June 30, 2023 is 4.43120%.

Schedule of Long-Term Debt Principal and Interest Requirements Business-Type Activities (Continued) June 30, 2023 ELECTRIC DEPARTMENT FUND

Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Debt by Individual Issue Governmental Activities June 30, 2023

Description of Indebtedness	Original Amount of Issue	Interest Rate	Date of Issue	Last Maturity Date	Outstanding 6/30/2022	lssued During Period	Paid and/or Matured During Period	Refunded During Period	Outstanding 6/30/2023
Bonds Payable: Local Government Public Improvement Bonds - Series VII-L-1	\$ 16,215,000	Varies	06/01/2012	06/01/2025	\$ 5,835,000	ج	\$ 1,850,000	ب	\$ 3,985,000
Local Government Public Improvement Bonds - Series VII-M-1	\$ 2,300,000	Varies	05/29/2014	06/01/2032	1,600,000		100,000		1,500,000
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015	\$ 5,680,000	Varies	05/29/2015	06/01/2032	5,030,000		150,000		4,880,000
Local Government Public Improvement Bonds - Series 2009B	\$ 24,500,000	Varies	12/30/2009	06/01/2034	24,500,000		,		24,500,000
Local Government Public Improvement Bonds - Series 2010A	\$ 25,000,000	Varies	01/14/2010	06/01/2033	25,000,000		·		25,000,000
Local Government Public Improvement Bonds - Series 2010B	\$ 26,100,000	Varies	09/15/2010	06/01/2031	26,100,000			,	26,100,000
Local Government Public Improvement Bonds - Series VII-N-1	\$ 25,000,000	Varies	05/01/2014	06/01/2028	16,200,000		2,550,000		13,650,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2018	\$ 42,760,000	Varies	05/31/2018	06/01/2028	29,175,000		4,860,000		24,315,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2020	\$ 7,765,000	Varies	05/29/2020	05/01/2032	7,565,000		100,000	,	7,465,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2022	\$ 27,240,000	Varies	07/22/2022	06/01/2037		27,240,000	1,285,000		25,955,000
Total Bonds Payable - Governmental Activities	vities				\$ 141,005,000	\$ 27,240,000	\$ 10,895,000	' ب	\$ 157,350,000

See independent auditor's report.

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Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Debt by Individual Issue Business-Type Activities June 30, 2023

June 30, 2023									
Description of Indebtedness	Original Amount of Issue	Interest Rate	Date of Issue	Last Maturity Date	Outstanding 6/30/2022	Issued During Period	Paid and/or Matured During Period	Refunded During Period	Outstanding 6/30/2023
Bonds Payable: Local Government Public Improvement Bonds, Series VII-A-2	\$ 8,000,000	Varies	06/01/2009	06/01/2035	\$ 8,000,000	ج	ج	۰ ب	\$ 8,000,000
Local Government Public Improvement Revenue Bonds - Series V-D-1	\$ 21,700,000	Varies	10/01/2010	06/01/2024	3,245,000		3,245,000		
Local Government Public Improvement Bonds, Series VII-M-1	\$ 8,525,000	Varies	05/29/2014	06/01/2035	7,025,000		250,000	·	6,775,000
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015	\$ 11,225,000	Varies	05/29/2015	06/01/2035	7,925,000		600,000	·	7,325,000
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2021	\$ 4,880,000	2.00%	12/03/2021	06/01/2028	4,180,000		880,000		3,300,000
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2022	\$ 68,640,000	Varies	07/22/2022	06/01/2052		68,640,000	1,245,000	'	67,395,000
Total Bonds Payable - Business-Type Activities					\$ 30,375,000	\$ 68,640,000	\$ 6,220,000	' ب	\$ 92,795,000
Notes Payable: United States Department of Agriculture	\$ 1,000,000	%00.0	06/01/2016	05/31/2026	\$ 435,185	۰ ج	\$ 111,111	' ب	\$ 324,074
United States Department of Agriculture	\$ 2,000,000	%00.0	08/08/2016	08/15/2026	907,379		222,228	,	685,151
United States Department of Agriculture	\$ 1,000,000	%00.0	11/16/2017	11/16/2027	601,852		111,111	ı	490,741
Total Notes Payable - Business-Type Activities					\$ 1,944,416	، ب	\$ 444,450	۰ ب	\$ 1,499,966

See independent auditor's report.

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Schedule of Lease Principal and Interest Requirements Governmental Activities June 30, 2023

ivities	nterest	36,388	25,886	14,936	3,800	81,010
al al Act	-	φ				ф
Total Governmental Activities	Principal	200,821	195,654	207,348	152,506	756,329
		φ				ŝ
ISE	nterest	32,413	22,910	12,869	2,722	70,914
t Lea	_	ŝ				ф
Golf Cart Lease	Principal	167,840	177,343	187,383	130,780	663,346
	ш	φ				ŝ
Aowing Equipment Lease	nterest	168	•	•	'	168
	<u> </u>	ŝ				φ
	Principal	16,221	ı	ı	'	16,221
Ň	₽	ф				ல
ase	nterest	3,807	2,976	2,067	1,078	9,928
er Le	_	ф				မ
Radio Tower Lease	Principal	16,760	18,311	19,965	21,726	76,762
	Ē	Ф				ல
Year Ending	June 30,	2024	2025	2026	2027	

Schedule of Changes in Lease Obligations Governmental Activities June 30, 2023

Schedule of Utility Rates, Tap Fees and Number of Customers For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Water Rates	Inside	Outside	
Connection charge Usage charge Additional connection charge**	\$9.08 4.25 30.74	\$17.86 8.38 60.42	minimum per thousand gallons per inch or portion of an inch
Sewer Rates			
Gravity system:			
Connection charge Usage charge Additional connection charge** Low pressure system:	\$11.01 5.77 32.98	\$21.08 11.11 63.14	per thousand gallons
Connection charge Usage charge Additional connection charge**	\$14.03 7.38 35.02	\$26.78 14.12 66.85	minimum per thousand gallons per inch or portion of an inch
Tap Fees	<u>Inside (</u> <u>Water</u>	<u>City Limits</u> * <u>Sewer</u>	
5/8" tap – short side 5/8" tap – long side 1" tap and larger – short side 1" tap and larger – long side	\$750 1,500 1,500 3,000	\$1,200 2,400 2,000 4,000	per inch per inch
Number of Customers			
Water Sewer	12,879 11,590		

*Tap fees for locations outside the city limits are two times tap fees for locations inside the city limits. For additional add-on commercial and developer fees, please contact Sevierville Water Systems.

**In addition to the above rates, the connection charges shall be increased for all meters 1" or larger.

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Schedule of Utility Rates, Tap Fees and Number of Customers (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Electric Power Rates	
RESIDENTIAL RATE – SCHEDULE RS	
Base Charges	
Customer charge	\$20.00
Energy Charge per kWh	6.935¢
TVA Fuel Cost Adjustment	2.565¢
RESIDENTIAL RATE - SCHEDULE SRS	
Base Charges	
Customer charge	\$21.60
Energy Charge per kWh	7.211¢
TVA Fuel Cost Adjustment	2.565¢
COMMERCIAL RATE – SCHEDULE GSA	
Base Charges	
1. Demand 0 to 50 kW for customer with or without contract demand:	
	\$22.00
Customer Charge	
Energy Charge 0 to 15,000 kWh per kWh	8.714¢
TVA Fuel Cost Adjustment	2.537¢
2. Demand 50 kW to 1,000 kW or demand less than 50 kW but kWh more than 15,000 kWh:	
Customer Charge	\$50.00
Demand Charge in dollars per kW of demand:	
First 50 kW of billing demand per month	No charge
Over 50 kW of billing demand per month	\$13.58
Energy Charge per kWh:	
First 15,000 kW per month	8.821¢
TVA Fuel Cost Adjustment	2.537¢
Additional kWh per month	4.424¢
TVA Fuel Cost Adjustment	2.504¢
-	

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Schedule of Utility Rates, Tap Fees and Number of Customers (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Electric Power Rates (Continued)

COMMERCIAL RATE - SCHEDULE GSA (Continued)

Base Charges (Continued)

3.	Demand greater than 1,000 kW:	
	Customer Charge	\$200.00
	Demand Charge in dollars per kW of demand:	
	First 1,000 kW of billing demand per month	\$14.03
	Next 1,500 kW of billing demand per month	\$15.16
	Over 2,500 kW of billing demand per month	\$15.56

Plus an additional \$14.41 per kW per month for each kW, if any, of the amount by which the customer's billing demand exceeds the higher of 2,500 kW or its contract demand.

Energy Charge per kWh	4.424¢
TVA Fuel Cost Adjustment	2.504¢

Number of Customers

Power

61,868

Schedule of Changes in Property Taxes Receivable For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Tax Year	3alance e 30, 2022	 Additions	Collections/ Reductions	 ustments/ atements	3alance e 30, 2023	Ta: in (elinquent xes Filed Chancery Court
2022	\$ -	\$ 4,391,812	\$ 4,333,925	\$ 22,284	\$ 80,171	\$	-
2021	60,556	-	65,098	7,250	2,708		2,708
2020	3,907	-	8,380	6,475	2,002		2,002
2019	2,693	-	3,255	2,939	2,377		2,377
2018	1,223	-	(1,015)	(1,015)	1,223		1,223
2017	2,494	-	(1,015)	(1,015)	2,494		2,494
2016	2,039	-	-	-	2,039		2,039
2015	690	-	214	-	476		476
2014	872	-	-	-	872		872
2013	631	-	-	-	631		631
2012	 834	 -	 834	 -	 -		-
Total	\$ 75,939	\$ 4,391,812	\$ 4,409,676	\$ 36,918	94,993	\$	14,822

January 1, 2023 property assessment not

to be billed until October 1, 2023

4,575,096 \$ 4,670,089 Balance Sheet Solid Waste Department Activity June 30, 2023

ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	152,669
Customers (net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$55,827)		129,102
Total assets	\$	281,771
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITIES (DEFICIT)		
Liabilities:	•	
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	404,725 14,518
Customer deposits		1,670
Total liabilities		420,913
Fund equity (deficit):		
Unassigned (deficit)		(139,142)
Total fund equity (deficit)		(139,142)
Total liabilities and fund equities (deficit)	\$	281,771

See independent auditor's report.

CITY OF SEVIERVILLE, TENNESSEE

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Solid Waste Department Activity For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
Revenues: Licenses and permits	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,500
Charges for services	2,575,000	. ,	⁵ 2,500 2,582,219
Other revenues	7,000	, ,	9,155
		.,	
Total revenues	2,584,000	2,584,000	2,593,874
Expenditures:			
Personal services	940,249	940,249	898,851
Contractual services	869,500	869,500	855,944
Supplies	352,000	352,000	437,069
Bad debt expense		-	5,259
Capital outlay	675,000	991,500	937,583
Total expenditures	2,836,749	3,153,249	3,134,706
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(252,749) (569,249)	(540,832)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfer in	100,000	100,000	100,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	100,000	100,000	100,000
Net change in fund balance	(152,749) (469,249)	(440,832)
Fund balance, beginning	301,690	301,690	301,690
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 148,941</u>	<u>\$ (167,559)</u>	<u>\$ (139,142</u>)

Balance Sheet Sevierville Golf Club Department Activity June 30, 2023

ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables: Customers (net of allowance for	\$	1,367,954
doubtful accounts of \$23,606) Other		50,847 273,944
Due from general fund Materials and supplies inventory	_	247,602 211,079
Total assets	<u>§</u>	2,151,426
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND EQUITIES		
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	65,680
Accrued liabilities Due to other governments Customer deposits	_	54,617 5 45,412
Total liabilities	_	165,714
Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred revenue	_	253,288
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	253,288
Fund equity: Nonspendable:		
Inventories Assigned	_	211,079 1,521,345
Total fund equity	_	1,732,424
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund equities	<u>\$</u>	2,151,426
See in	dependent auditor's report.	

See independent auditor's report.

CITY OF SEVIERVILLE, TENNESSEE

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Sevierville Golf Club Department Activity For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	_	Original Budget	 Final Budget		Actual
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	-	\$	\$	20,656
Charges for services		2,743,850	2,843,850		3,409,457
Other revenues		2,000	 2,000	_	23,629
Total revenues	_	2,745,850	 2,845,850		3,453,742
Expenditures:					
Personal services		1,531,765	1,631,765		1,903,009
Contractual services		450,271	450,271		427,569
Supplies		855,961	855,961		943,320
Fixed charges		92,887	92,887		153,181
Capital outlay	_	844,966	 844,966		335,281
Total expenditures		3,775,850	 3,875,850		3,762,360
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,030,000)	 (1,030,000)		(308,618)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in		400,000	 400,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)		400,000	 400,000		<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance		(630,000)	(630,000)		(308,618)
Fund balance, beginning	_	2,041,042	 2,041,042		2,041,042
Fund balance, ending	\$	1,411,042	\$ 1,411,042	\$	1,732,424

Balance Sheet

Sevierville Convention Center Department Activity June 30, 2023

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ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 1,244,165
Customers	152,113
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,396,278</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITIES	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 17,346
Accrued liabilities	20,101
Customer deposits	304,164
Total liabilities	341,611
Fund equity:	
Assigned	1,054,667
Total fund equity	1,054,667
Total liabilities and fund equities	<u>\$ 1,396,278</u>

See independent auditor's report.

CITY OF SEVIERVILLE, TENNESSEE

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Sevierville Convention Center Department Activity For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
Revenues: Charges for services Other income	\$ 983,000 	\$ 983,000 	\$ 1,753,633 <u>7,211</u>
Total revenues	983,000	983,000	1,760,844
Expenditures: Personal services Contractual services Supplies Fixed charges Capital outlay	1,032,407 742,365 42,025 103,710 155,750	1,032,407 742,365 42,025 103,710 155,750	1,086,607 657,292 41,521 128,593 46,931
Total expenditures	2,076,257	2,076,257	1,960,944
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,093,257)	(1,093,257)	(200,100)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	500,000	500,000	500,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	500,000	500,000	500,000
Net change in fund balance	(593,257)	(593,257)	299,900
Fund balance, beginning	754,767	754,767	754,767
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 161,510</u>	<u>\$ 161,510</u>	<u>\$ 1,054,667</u>

Statistical Section

This part of the government's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	118 - 123
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	124 - 127
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	128 - 130
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current level of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	131 - 132
These schedules present information to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	133 - 135
These schedules contain service infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					Fisca	Fiscal Year				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Soverimmental acumutes. Net investment in capital assets	\$ 68,840,852	\$ 51,222,585	\$ 34,314,692	\$ 22,324,288	\$ 9,467,692	\$ 455,082	\$ (1,116,202)	\$ (5,225,997)	\$ (5,676,907)	\$ (9,830,370)
Kestricted Unrestricted	1,031,212 87,198,903	10,749,976 68,703,858	9,649,828 52,127,810	21,400,396 24,228,152	20,488,076 30,849,846	15,639,518 34,484,579	19,266,798 22,260,842	16,960,413 14,585,999	8,980,119 13,314,489	6,997,266 16,311,988
Total governmental activities net position	157,070,967	130,676,419	96,092,330	67,952,836	60,805,614	50,579,179	40,411,438	26,320,415	16,617,701	13,478,884
Business-type activities: Net investment in capital assets	207.904.587	195.700.282	186.713.852	181.641.448	174.530.139	170.399.167	167.835.494	160.259.669	156,543.979	152,410,713
Restricted	•	3,407,536	2,783,734	2,748,133	2,680,358	2,532,661	2,373,736	2,338,942	2,303,330	2,273,933
Unrestricted	23,193,932	26,642,645	23,679,585	18,451,699	20,876,286	18,259,070	16,920,926	24,139,671	19,789,435	28,853,693
Total business-type activities net position	231,098,519	225,750,463	213,177,171	202,841,280	198,086,783	191,190,898	187,130,156	186,738,282	178,636,744	183,538,339
Primary government: Net investment in capital assets	276,745,439	246,922,867	221,028,544	203,965,736	183,997,831	170,854,249	166,719,292	155,033,672	150,867,072	142,580,343
Restricted	1,031,212	14,157,512	12,433,562	24,148,529	23,168,434	18,172,179	21,640,534	19,299,355	11,283,449	9,271,199
Unrestricted	110,392,835	95,346,503	75,807,395	42,679,851	51,726,132	52,743,649	39,181,768	38,725,670	33,103,924	45,165,681
Total primary government net position	\$ 388,169,486	\$ 356,426,882	\$ 309,269,501	\$ 270,794,116	\$ 258,892,397	\$ 241,770,077	\$ 227,541,594	\$ 213,058,697	\$ 195,254,445	\$ 197,017,223

Change in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

2023	Expenses: Governmental activities: Governmental activities: General government Public safety Public safety Public safety Recreation Contingency reserve Contingency rese	Total governmental activities 60,673,855	Business-type activities: 21,495,765 Water and sewer 180,942,530 Electric	Total business-type activities 202,438,295	Total expenses \$\$ 263,112,150	Program revenues: Governmental activities: Charges for services: Charges for services: Charges for services: General government Dublic safety Public safety Recreation Recreation Operating grants and contributions S30,652 Capital grants and contributions	Total governmental activities 11,662,429	Business-type activities: Charges for services: Charges for services: Water and sewer Electric Electric Capital grants and contributions	Total business-type activities 206,360,981	Total program revenues \$ 218,023,410	Net revenue (expense): Governmental activities \$ (49,011,426) Business-type activities <u>3,922,686</u> Total net revenue (expense) \$ (45,088,740)
2022		47,361,323	5 14,737,719 163,998,282	5 178,736,001) \$ 226,097,324	 \$ 1,857,488 574,814 574,814 3,552,266 3,897,606 5,392,235 799,231 	9 15,576,640	20,169,915 173,116,861	193,286,776) \$ 208,863,416	 \$ (31,784,683) \$ (31,784,683) \$ (14,550,775 \$ (17,233,908)
2021	\$ 11,758,124 11,702,425 6,911,413 5,722,965 5,722,965 5,255,922 279,755	41,846,723	14,286,480 152,163,668	166,450,148	\$ 208,296,871	\$ 1,157,300 351,300 2,725,427 3,433,366 787,931 1,849,696	10,305,029	18,671,897 158,832,230 -	177,504,127	\$ 187,809,156	\$ (31,541,694) 11,053,979 \$ (20,487,715)
2020	\$ 11,501,076 11,668,656 6,506,855 6,183,914 6,183,914 216,119 6,570,438 502,423	43,149,478	13,273,408 148,330,953	161,604,361	\$ 204,753,839	\$ 1,592,081 384,831 2,564,289 2,215,741 379,882 2,381,034	9,517,858	18,066,704 149,505,095 52,445	167,624,244	\$ 177,142,102	\$ (33,631,620) 6,019,883 \$ (27,611,737)
Fisca 2019	\$ 11,488,551 10,810,544 5,861,516 5,599,707 5,599,707 2,16,120 6,493,036 6,493,036	40,879,105	12,090,836 151,615,158	163,705,994	\$ 204,585,099	\$ 1,733,886 315,381 2,543,027 2,438,065 219,467 627,041	7,876,867	16,942,924 155,114,325 -	172,057,249	\$ 179,934,116	\$ (33,002,238) 8,351,255 \$ (24,650,983)
Fiscal Year 2018	\$ 11,744,534 10,336,045 6,879,966 5,915,689 5,915,689 5,453,091 747,087	41,292,531	12,057,367 149,074,486	161,131,853	\$ 202,424,384	\$ 1,511,900 368,127 2,165,649 2,356,626 222,880 582,516	7,207,698	16,039,404 153,823,426 -	169,862,830	\$ 177,070,528	\$ (34,084,833) 8,730,977 \$ (25,353,856)
2017	\$ 11,751,335 10,168,245 5,603,553 5,630,317 216,120 5,018,506 420,611	38,808,688	12,575,886 150,284,674	162,860,560	\$ 201,669,248	\$ 1,335,634 346,797 2,068,062 302,367,659 302,352 839,508	7,260,012	14.736,402 149,825,329 58,389	164,620,120	\$ 171,880,132	\$ (31,548,676) 1,759,560 \$ (29,789,116)
2016	\$ 11,510,655 10,397,838 5,371,047 5,746,065 72,441 216,813 4,806,813 4,806,813	38,543,071	11,074,858 142,274,380	153,349,238	\$ 191,892,309	 1.339,874 466,316 1.982,170 2.417,191 324,068 1.271 	6,529,890	13,373,122 149,153,180 218,700	162,745,002	\$ 169,274,892	\$ (32,013,181) 9,395,764 \$ (22,617,417)
2015	 \$ 10,934,739 \$,907,103 \$,907,103 \$,042,884 \$,258,250 \$5,047 \$,258,250 \$,258,250 \$,258,250 \$,258,250 \$,258,250 \$,253,776 \$,223,776 	36,636,478	11,419,850 146,330,416	157,750,266	\$ 194,386,744	\$ 1,566,920 592,493 1,147,143 2,127,560 205,101	5,639,217	11,906,452 153,254,586 28,405	165,189,443	\$ 170,828,660	\$ (30,997,261) 7,439,177 \$ (23,558,084)
2014	\$ 10,191,778 9,313,909 6,130,079 6,130,079 118,798 718,7997 718,798 718,798 718,798 77,962,492	39,591,162	11,712,680 147,185,482	158,898,162	\$ 198,489,324	\$ 1,237,262 492,703 1,107,267 2,245,293 1,017,890 510,000	6,610,415	11,788,123 151,948,521	163,736,644	\$ 170,347,059	\$ (32,980,747) 4,838,482 \$ (28.142.265)

Change in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

7,712 \$ 27,422,992 \$ \$ 8,858 3,951,704 7,027,715 \$ \$ 8,858 3,951,704 7,027,715 \$ \$ 8,858 3,951,704 7,024,625 \$ \$ 8,856 1,344,741 7,307,67 \$ \$ 8,856 1,344,741 7,307,67 \$ \$ 9,532 2,274,625 7,33,300 \$ \$ 0,3322 2,273,300 2,3,300 \$ \$ 2,158 2,065,789 2,3,300 \$ \$ 8,842 43,228,673 2 \$ \$ 8,842 43,228,673 2 \$ \$ 8,842 2,065,789 2,165,789 \$ 5,842 2,165,789 2,165,789 \$ 5,842 2,165,789 2,165,789 \$ 5,845 2,165,789 2,165,789 \$ 5,846 5,41,773,303 5,43 \$ 5,456 5,41,773,303 5,4 \$ 5,456 5,41,773,303 5,4 \$ 6,435 5,41,773,303 5,4 \$	1 7 7 1	0606	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$ 42,107,935 \$ 38,453,664 \$ 34,418,027 \$ 26,490,712 \$ 27,422,992 \$ 3, 7,027,716 11,760,917 1,058,932 9,158,361 6,555,558 7,027,715 7,027,715 3,951,704 14,463,071 4,355,458 4,241,433 4,156,965 1,545,989 3,561,08 1,644,212 1,336,013 1,129,542 999,120 986,085 1,024,625 3,50,767 2,509,881 1,018,43 1,655,332 1,159,542 999,120 7,027,141 7,027,67 2,509,881 1,129,542 999,120 986,085 1,024,625 3,124,625 3,124,625 3,124,625 2,506,881 1,129,542 331,714 4,291,852 (3,530,332) (2,278,442) 2,3,300 1,661,413 1,024,625 331,714 4,291,852 (3,530,332) (2,278,442) 2,3,300 1,661,413 2,215,906 2,119,958 2,119,958 2,656,788 2,3,300 2,3,300 2,3,300 2,3,300 2,3,300 2,3,300 2,3,300 2,3,300 2,3,300 2,3,300 2,3,300 2,3,300 2,3,300 2,1,40,186 2,4,3,400 2,3,		0101		2		2		
\$ 42,107935 \$ 38,453,664 \$ 3,4418,027 \$ 26,490.712 \$ 2,7422,992 \$ 7,027715 11,760,917 1,0856,995 1,585,897 1,579,639 1,004,212 7,027715 7,027714 7,027715 7,027715 7,027712 7,026,799 7,027,715 7,026,799 7,065,799 7,065,799 7,065,799 7,065,799 2,066,799 7,065,791 2,066,799								
11,760,917 10,858,952 9,168,561 6,555,558 7,027,715 11,760,917 10,858,958 1,574,382 1,616,966 1,344,741 13,948,13 1,856,138 1,574,382 1,616,136 1,344,741 13,956,013 1,026,558 939,120 996,085 1,024,825 13,956,013 1,129,542 999,120 966,085 1,024,825 2,036,813 1,129,542 331,174 267,243 311,270 900,882 401,874 331,174 267,243 311,270 900,882 401,874 331,174 267,243 311,270 901,882 4,01,874 331,174 267,243 311,270 901,882 4,01,874 331,174 267,243 311,270 Intent from component unit 2,291,223 2,115,906 2,119,956 2,065,769 Introbutions, transfers 75,405,974 66,368,772 59,681,168 40,778,842 23,300 Int derivatives 3,466,890 175,487 65,981,168 40,778,842 216,675 216,675 Int derivatives 3,496,890 175,486	\$ 34,418,027			(N	\$ 26,693,223	\$ 25,457,909	\$ 24,062,184	\$ 23,341,677
4,463,071 4,354,568 4,241,433 4,15499 3,951,704 1,393,5013 1,365,397 1,579,659 1,579,659 1,604,212 2,399,801 1,960,55 390,110 986,085 1,024,525 2,599,801 1,125,542 999,120 986,085 1,044,427 1,395,013 1,125,542 999,120 986,085 1,024,525 2,599,801 1,120,555 301,510 716,131 730,577 1,395,013 1,125,542 399,120 986,085 1,024,525 2,595,801 4,948,248 4,291,852 3,530,332 2,145,442 331,270 of aptial assets 2,437,801 2,291,253 2,115,906 2,114,958 2,065,789 322,71 of aptial assets 2,437,801 2,291,253 2,115,906 2,114,958 2,056,789 322,71 of aptial assets 2,405,974 4,291,852 2,530,332 32,271 32,326,673 2,266,5789 32,271 of aptial assets 2,435,910 2,9681,148 4,0778,842 32,226,655 2,566,789 32,226,655 2,566 2,566 2,566		6,555,558	7,027,715	5,882,567	5,665,617	5,367,790	4,917,054	4,400,304
1,934,843 1,855,488 1,555,997 1,579,539 1,604,212 1,934,843 1,966,128 1,674,382 1,644,212 1,344,741 1,299,830 1,1966,132 331,174 267,248 311,270 1,106,155 900,882 401,874 331,174 267,248 311,270 1,106,155 900,882 401,874 331,174 267,248 311,270 1,106,155 5,595,801 4,948,242 331,174 267,248 311,270 1,106,155 5,595,801 4,948,242 231,174 267,232 2,274,422 1,011,010,11 2,437,801 2,291,553 2,115,906 2,119,958 2,065,789 1,011,010,11,010,11,010,11,010,11,010 3,496,890 1,75,187 392,271 392,271 1,011,010,11,010,11,010 3,496,890 1,75,965 2,1665,789 2,1665,789 1,011,010,11,010,11,010 3,496,890 1,778,912 51,4408 2,265,635 2,1666,789 1,110,11,010,11,010 3,496,890 1,774,812 639,842 392,271 2,1664		4,154,989	3,951,704	3,977,089	3,895,594	2,381,098	2,385,143	2,295,448
2,299,830 1,969,128 1,674,382 1,416,696 1,344,741 1,395,013 1,122,542 999,120 966,085 1,024,625 730,767 2,003,882 401,674 331,174 277,248 311,270 736,7442 1,395,013 1,129,543 331,174 277,248 311,270 233,300 7,003,882 401,674 331,174 277,248 311,270 233,300 7,004,882 4,01,674 331,174 277,248 311,270 233,300 7,014,010 2,24,206 2,119,958 2,065,789 2,055,789 2,055,789 ment from component unit	-	1,579,639	1,604,212	1,564,628	1,575,914	1,376,907	1,274,946	1,237,159
1,395,0131,129,542999,120986,0851,024,6252,509,881106,055300,510716,131730,767311,7142,517,248311,7142,517,248313,20311,8725,595,8014,948,2484,2118,9062,119,9582,3330311,8142,2115,9062,119,9582,33302,333,300311,8142,2115,9062,119,9582,33302,333,300311,9142,2115,9062,119,9582,333,3002,333,300311,9142,2115,9062,119,9582,333,3002,333,300311,9143,496,890175,187384,4086538,422332,27131,496,890175,187384,408639,842332,2714,3,228,673ant derivatives2,3,008175,187384,4086539,842332,271ant derivatives2,3,008175,187384,4086539,842332,271ant derivatives2,3,0081,75,187384,4086539,842332,271ant derivatives2,3,0081,75,187384,4086539,842332,271ant derivatives2,3,0081,75,187384,4085,5,9632,166,33ant derivatives2,3,0081,013,4102,15,9062,119,9582,166,33ant derivatives2,3,0081,18,5831,013,4102,15,5962,166,399ant derivatives2,3,3013,34,4085,8,963,1005,345,4364,1773,303ant derivatives1,425,370(1,977,483)(1,18,19445,39,513,456	-	1,416,696	1,344,741	1,304,115	1,368,603	1,253,641	1,134,235	1,073,237
2,509,81106,055360,510716,131730,767it derivatives5,595,8014,948,248331,174267,248311,270it derivatives5,595,8014,948,2484,291,8552,21332(2,278,442)it derivatives5,595,7012,291,2552,115,9062,119,9582,065,789it ment from component unit		986,085	1,024,625	927,982	813,845	964,007	1,115,583	1,224,229
t derivatives 5585.801 401.874 331.174 267.248 311.270 it derivatives $5.585.801$ $4.946.248$ $4.291.852$ $(3.530.332)$ $(2.278.442)$ if capital assets $2.437.801$ $2.291.253$ $2.115.906$ $2.119.958$ $2.065.789$ iment from component unit $ -$ ontributions, transfers $75.405.974$ $66.368.772$ $59.681.188$ $40.778.842$ $43.228.673$ $-$ intributions, transfers $75.405.974$ $66.368.772$ $59.681.188$ $40.778.842$ $43.226.673$ $-$ intributions, transfers $3.496.890$ 175.187 384.408 639.842 392.271 $-$ intributions, transfers $3.496.890$ 175.187 384.408 639.842 392.271 $-$ int derivatives 23.008 175.187 384.408 639.842 392.271 $-$ int derivatives 23.008 175.187 $216.65.906$ $2.119.968$ $(1.455.360)$ $(1.455.370)$ int derivatives $1.425.370$ $(1.977.483)$ $(1.073.410)$ $(2.165.386)$ $(1.455.370)$ int derivatives $1.425.370$ $(1.977.483)$ $(1.126.436)$ $(1.455.370)$ int derivatives $1.425.370$ $(1.977.483)$ $(1.026.436)$ $(1.455.370)$ int derivatives $1.425.370$ $(1.977.483)$ $(1.977.422)$ $(1.945.370)$ int derivatives $5.345.066$ $(1.972.322)$ $(1.977.222)$ $(1.925.435)$		716,131	730,767	181,081	47,304	51,626	13,262	14,418
t derivatives5,595,8014,948,2484,291,552(3,530,332)(2,278,442)f capital assets2,437,8012,94,2062,119,9582,065,789 $2,437,801$ 2,437,8012,291,2532,115,9062,119,9582,065,789ment from component unit $75,405,974$ $66,368,772$ $59,681,188$ $40,778,842$ $43,228,673$ -ontributions, transfers $75,405,974$ $66,368,772$ $59,681,188$ $40,778,842$ $43,228,673$ -and derivatives $2,3008$ $175,187$ $384,408$ $639,842$ $332,271$ - $3,496,890$ $175,187$ $384,408$ $639,842$ $2,565$ $2,16,643$ -and derivatives $2,3008$ $175,187$ $384,408$ $639,842$ $2,5665$ $2,16,643$ and derivatives $2,3,008$ $175,187$ $384,408$ $639,842$ $2,26,643$ $2,16,643$ and derivatives $2,3,208$ $1,013,410$ $2,15,296$ $2,16,643$ $2,16,643$ $2,16,643$ and transfers $1,425,370$ $(1,977,409)$ $(1,265,386)$ $(1,425,370)$ $(1,425,370)$ $(1,425,370)$ and transfers $1,425,3722$ $5,94,089$ $5,84,089$ $5,896,3,100$ $5,714,722$ $5,10,226,435$ $5,34,733,03$ and transfers $1,255,3222$ $10,333,691$ $5,714,7222$ $5,10,226,435$ $5,24,3703$ $5,34,5436$ $5,10,226,435$ $5,10,226,435$ and transfers $1,255,3322,2323$ $1,0,333,691$		267,248	311,270	140,112	304,217	150,773	150,550	169,570
of capital assets 2.437,801 2.291,253 234,206 22,158 23,300 ment from component unit - <td>-</td> <td>(3,530,332)</td> <td>(2,278,442)</td> <td>1,655,570</td> <td>3,722,859</td> <td>(3,484,911)</td> <td>(1,210,110)</td> <td>(484,271)</td>	-	(3,530,332)	(2,278,442)	1,655,570	3,722,859	(3,484,911)	(1,210,110)	(484,271)
2,437,801 $2,291,253$ $2,115,906$ $2,119,958$ $2,055,789$ ment from component unit $$	- 234,206	22,158	23,300	5,756	•	239,156	(347,619)	66,415
Iment from component unit - <td></td> <td>2,119,958</td> <td>2,065,789</td> <td>1,618,316</td> <td>1,552,523</td> <td>1,500,237</td> <td>1,359,393</td> <td>1,357,179</td>		2,119,958	2,065,789	1,618,316	1,552,523	1,500,237	1,359,393	1,357,179
International component and ontributions, transfers 75,405,974 66,368,772 59,681,188 40,778,842 43,228,673 4 Introductions, transfers 7,405,974 66,368,772 59,681,188 40,778,842 43,228,673 4 Introductions, transfers 3,496,890 175,187 384,408 639,842 392,271 4 Introductions, transfers 3,496,890 175,187 384,408 639,842 392,271 4 Introductions, transfers 3,496,890 175,187 384,408 639,842 392,271 4 Introductions and transfers 1,425,370 (1,917,403) (2,115,906) (1,456,370) 5,15,643 4 Introductions and transfers 1,425,370 (1,977,483) (2,115,906) (1,265,386) (1,456,370) 5,41,773,303 5,41,773,303 5,41,773,303 5,41,773,303 5,41,773,303 5,41,773,303 5,41,773,303 5,41,773,303 5,41,773,303 5,41,773,303 5,41,773,303 5,41,773,303 5,51,84,56 5,51,84,56 5,51,84,56 5,11,73,303 5,41,773,303 5,41,773,303								105 662 200
Antributions, transfers 75,405,974 66.368,772 59,681,188 40,778,842 43,228,673 4 75,405,974 66.368,772 59,681,188 40,778,842 392,271 4		•	•	•	•	•	·	100,002,203
ant derivatives 3,496,890 175,187 384,408 639,842 392,271 ant derivatives 23,008 175,187 384,408 639,842 392,271 at derivatives 23,008 138,583 1,013,410 215,595 215,643 at 3,273 138,583 1,013,410 215,995 215,643 20,657,789 at 1,425,370 (1,977,483) (718,088) (1,265,386) (1,455,370) 5 at 1,425,370 (1,977,483) (718,088) (1,265,386) (1,455,370) 5 41,773,303 5 4 at 1,425,370 (1,977,483) 5 6,3963,100 5 39,513,456 5 41,773,303 5 4 at 1,48,408 5 5,8,963,100 5 5,8,963,100 5 39,513,456 5 41,773,303 5 4 at 1,48,408 5 3,4,564,089 5 5,8,963,100 5 3,514,427 5,41,773,303 5 4 at 1,48,408 5 3,4,564,089 5 2,534,564 5 10,226,435 5 4 5 5 4 </td <td></td> <td>40,778,842</td> <td>43,228,673</td> <td>44,252,574</td> <td>45,639,699</td> <td>35,258,233</td> <td>34,854,621</td> <td>140,357,574</td>		40,778,842	43,228,673	44,252,574	45,639,699	35,258,233	34,854,621	140,357,574
3,406,890 175,187 384,408 639,842 392,271 and derivatives 23,008 - - (565) 2,505 343,273 138,583 1,013,410 215,295 2,505 2,505 343,277,801 (2,115,906) (2,119,958) (2,065,789) (2,065,789) 2,15,643 ontributions and transfers 1,425,370 (1,977,483) (7,18,088) (1,265,386) (1,455,370) 3,513,456 \$ 41,773,303 \$ 5 \$ 76,831,344 \$ 64,391,289 \$ 58,963,100 \$ 39,513,456 \$ 41,773,303 \$ 5 \$ 41,773,303 \$ 5 \$ 41,773,303 \$ 5 \$ 58,963,100 \$ 58,513,456 \$ 41,773,303 \$ 5 \$ 58,963,100 \$ 56,953,100 \$ 56,953,100 \$ 56,953,933 \$ 5 \$ 41,773,303 \$ 5 \$ 56,953,100 \$ 56,953,100 \$ 56,954,956 \$ 56,953,933 \$ 56,953,933 \$ 56,953,933 \$ 56,953,933 \$ 56,953,933 \$ 56,953,933 \$ 56,953,933 \$ 56,953,933 \$ 56,953,933 \$ 56,953,933 \$ 56,953,933 \$ 56,953,933 \$ 56,953,933 \$ 56,953,933								
ant derivatives 23,008 - - (565) 2,505 343,273 138,583 1,013,410 2,15,945 2,15,643 2,437,801 (2,291,253) (2,115,906) (2,119,958) (2,065,789) ontributions and transfers 1,425,370 (1,977,483) (718,089) (1,265,386) (1,455,370) \$ 76,831,344 \$ 64,391,289 \$ 58,963,100 \$ 39,513,456 \$ 41,773,303 \$ 4 \$ 26,394,548 \$ 34,584,089 \$ 28,139,494 \$ 7,147,222 \$ 10,226,435 \$ 3 \$ 5,348,056 12,573,292 10,335,891 4,754,497 6,895,885 \$ 3		639,842	392,271	165,174	178,554	176,252	132,104	107,937
343,273 138,583 1,013,410 215,295 215,643 (2,437,801) (2,291,253) (2,115,906) (2,119,958) (2,065,789) ontributions and transfers 1,425,370 (1,977,483) (718,088) (1,265,386) (1,455,370) \$ 76,831,344 \$ 64,391,289 \$ 58,963,100 \$ 39,513,456 \$ 41,773,303 \$ 4 \$ 76,331,344 \$ 64,391,289 \$ 58,963,100 \$ 39,513,456 \$ 41,773,303 \$ 4 \$ 26,394,548 \$ 34,584,089 \$ 28,139,494 \$ 7,147,222 \$ 10,226,435 \$ -35,6435 \$ 5,348,056 12,573,292 10,335,891 4,754,497 \$ 6,895,885 \$ -38,56,885		(202)	2,505	'	•	'	3,117	151,413
(2,437,801) (2,291,253) (2,115,906) (2,119,958) (2,065,789) (2,065,789) (1,455,370) (1,455,370) (1,455,370) (1,455,370) (1,455,370) (1,455,370) (1,455,370) (1,455,370) (1,455,370) (1,455,370) (1,265,386) (1,455,370) (1,455,370) (1,455,370) (1,455,370) (1,455,370) (1,455,370) (1,255,386) (1,173,303) (1,255,310) (1,255,310) (1,255,310) (1,255,435) (1,256,435) (1,256,435) (1,256,435) (1,355,435) (1,355,436) (1,355,436) (1,355,435)		215,295	215,643	26,439	6,283	29,759	37,414	78,845
ontributions and transfers 1,425,370 (1,977,483) (718,088) (1,265,386) (1,455,370) \$ 76,831,344 \$ 64,391,289 \$ 58,963,100 \$ 39,513,456 \$ 41,773,303 \$ 3 \$ 26,394,548 \$ 34,584,089 \$ 28,139,494 \$ 7,147,222 \$ 10,226,435 \$ \$ \$ 5,348,056 12,573,292 10,335,891 4,754,497 \$ 6,895,885 \$ \$		(2,119,958)	(2,065,789)	(1,618,316)	(1,552,523)	(1,500,237)	(1,359,393)	(1,357,179)
\$ 76,831,344 \$ 64,391,289 \$ 58,963,100 \$ 39,513,456 \$ 41,773,303 \$ 4 \$ 26,394,548 \$ 34,584,089 \$ 28,139,494 \$ 7,147,222 \$ 10,226,435 \$ 1 \$ 5,348,056 12,573,292 10,335,891 4,754,497 6,895,885 \$ 1		(1,265,386)	(1,455,370)	(1,426,703)	(1,367,686)	(1,294,226)	(1,186,758)	(1,018,984)
s 5,34,548 \$ 34,584,089 \$ 28,139,494 \$ 7,147,222 \$ 10,226,435 \$ 1 5,348,056 12,573,292 10,335,891 4,754,497 6,895,885	\$ 58,963,100	"		\$ 42,825,871	\$ 44,272,013	\$ 33,964,007	\$ 33,667,863	\$ 139,338,590
\$ 26,394,548 \$ 34,584,089 \$ 28,139,494 \$ 7,147,222 \$ 10,226,435 \$ 1 5,348,056 12,573,292 10,335,891 4,754,497 6,895,885								
	\$ 28,139,494 10,335,891	1		<pre>\$ 10,167,741 7,304,274</pre>	\$ 14,091,023 391,874	\$ 3,245,052 8,101,538	\$ 3,857,360 6,252,419	<pre>\$ 107,376,827 3,819,498</pre>
Total change in net positior \$ 31,742,604 \$ 47,157,381 \$ 38,475,385 \$ 11,901,719 \$ 17,122,320 \$ 17,472,1	\$ 38,475,385	11,901,719		\$ 17,472,015	\$ 14,482,897	\$ 11,346,590	\$ 10,109,779	\$ 111,196,325

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					Fisca	Fiscal Year				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
General fund: Nonspendable	\$ 892.675	892.675 \$ 756.429	\$ 594.237	\$ 128.338	\$ 92.019	\$ 104.829	\$ 176.548	\$ 94,407	\$ 111.895	\$ 92.894
Assigned	13,689,581	10,440,351	6,093,887	4,084,101	1,829,145	1,713,505	1,106,223	825,205	509,909	206,802
Unassigned	25,631,682	22,971,611	23,548,954	15,832,237	19,980,639	19,950,991	17,372,864	15,251,121	13,488,037	12,274,002
Total general fund	\$ 40,213,938	\$ 34,168,391	\$ 30,237,078	\$ 20,044,676	\$ 21,901,803	\$ 21,769,325	\$ 18,655,635	\$ 16,170,733	\$ 14,109,841	\$ 12,573,698
All other governmental funds:										
Nonspendable	' ج	' ج	\$ 658,449	' \$	' \$	' \$	' ډ	י \$	' ج	' ډ
Restricted	31,608,099	4,025,042	5,754,540	16,895,328	16,508,945	12,836,757	10,928,181	9,576,249	8,980,119	6,997,266
Committed	'	•	'	'		'	'	'	5,966,663	6,466,663
Assigned	25,859,841	23,878,416	17,510,104	7,622,493	9,466,366	10,142,257	10,822,191	10,787,152	2,175,801	1,718,009
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 57,467,940	\$ 27,903,458	\$ 23,923,093	\$ 24,517,821	\$ 25,975,311	\$ 22,979,014	\$ 21,750,372	\$ 20,363,401	\$ 17,122,583	\$ 15,181,938

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

									Fiscal Year	ar								
	. N	2023		2022	2021	21	2020		2019	2(2018	2(2017	2	2016	2015		2014
Local taxes	2 \$	50,113,272	ہ ج	46,935,561 \$		41,594,039 \$	34,278,723	69	35,463,280 \$		33,081,798	\$ 32	32,547,352	\$ 26	29,681,242 \$	27,839,267	÷	24,028,421
Licenses and permits		682,412		604,697		303,375	484,622		297,436		189,947		175,562		186,482	172,375		155,993
Intergovernmental	-	15,731,234		14,483,856	11,	11,125,687	9,821,103		8,980,491	6	9,010,841	2	7,764,323		7,067,810	7,784,659		10,722,346
Charges for services		8,685,937		7,527,566	9	6, 331, 068	5,177,854		5,779,146	5	5,234,429	5	5,098,244	-11	5,100,681	4,292,437		4,372,202
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		600,294		499,167		331,278	334,346		267,782		323,888		273,691		368,526	439,623		393,505
Other revenue		3,441,398		496,475		929,963	1,015,349		1,097,696		330,285		451,523		175,938	163,813		286,043
Total revenues	7	79,254,547		70,547,322	60,	60,615,410	51,111,997		51,885,831	48	48,171,188	46	46,310,695	42	42,580,679	40,692,174		39,958,510
EXPENDITURES Current:																		
General government	-	13,172,591		12,613,652	10,	10,658,772	10,466,134	-	10,485,646	1	1,103,662	10	10,516,610	10	10,163,750	9,852,011		9,037,238
Public safety	-	16,122,940		12,870,064	11,	11,188,957	11,236,692		10,609,882	1	11,176,119	10	10,354,466	1	10,011,707	9,551,804		9,074,365
Public works		7,521,594		6,667,029	, Ö	6, 165,025	5,769,780		5,103,835	5	5,500,006	ŝ	5,088,936	7	4,661,024	4,323,194		5,332,407
Culture and recreation		5,952,503		6,082,700	'n,	5,129,612	5,521,784		4,961,130	5	5,316,909	ŝ	5,145,276	4	4,900,337	4,471,430		4,816,233
Contingency reserves							,								72,441	53,607		118,788
Drincipal	Ŧ	10 895 000		0 170 000	α	8 050 000	16 160 000		4 205 000	47	47 420 000	~	1 780 000	Ţ	1 325 000	7 132 873		3 760 000
Interest	-	6,486,165		4,929,317	ດີດີ	5,658,213	6,893,313		6,800,027	9	6.796,087	9	6,597,465	J	6,385,770	6,453,644		7,709,175
Debt service charges		1,937,532		333,802		279,755	293,974		409,631		415,718		420,231		422,092	570,068		448,742
Bond issuance costs		346,783					208,449				331,010					115,662		461,158
Swap termination fees		3,028,081														•		
Capital outlay	1	10,965,913		12,260,333	7,	7,503,308	8,864,895		8,278,600	e	3,081,095	4	4,207,378		1,443,043	1,814,269		1,491,378
Total expenditures	7	76,429,102	-	64,926,897	54,	54,633,642	65,415,021		50,853,751	91	91,140,606	44	44,110,362	36	39,385,164	44,338,562		42,249,484
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		2,825,445		5,620,425	2°	5,981,768	(14,303,024)		1,032,080	(42	(42,969,418)	2	2,200,333	.,	3,195,515	(3,646,388)	0	(2,290,974)

(Continued)

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2023 2022	0THER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 12,016,401 \$ 13,843,755 Transfers in	(9,578,600)	Proceeds from issuance of bonds 27,240,000	Refunding bonds issued	Premium on bonds issued 3,106,783	Payments to refunded bond escrow agent	Proceeds from sale of capital assets	Total other financing sources (uses) 32,784,584 2,291	SPECIAL ITEMS Grant from primary government to component unit	Net change in fund balances \$ 35,610,029 \$ 7,911,678	Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures 26.55% 26
	~	13,755 \$	52,502)						2,291,253		11,678 \$	26.77%
	2021	9,770,604	(6, 154, 698)						3,615,906	, , ,	9,597,674	29.09%
	2020	\$ 11,303,283	(9,183,325)	7,765,000		1,103,449			10,988,407		\$ (3,314,617)	40.77%
Fiscal Year	2019	\$ 11,900,387	(9,834,598)	•		•		30,906	2,096,695	,	\$ 3,128,775	25.85%
	2018	\$ 3,048,771	(1,430,455)	•	42,760,000	2,876,010		57,421	47,311,747		\$ 4,342,329	61.57%
	2017	\$ 4,664,557	(3,112,034)	•		•		119,020	1,671,543		\$ 3,871,876	20.99%
	2016	\$ 11,189,801	(9,689,564)					605,958	2,106,195		\$ 5,301,710	20.32%
	2015	\$ 3,258,393	(1,899,000)	•	5,680,000	33,612		50,171	7,123,176		\$ 3,476,788	31.95%
	2014	\$ 1,357,179	•		72,605,000	6,238,273	(75,000,000)		5,200,452	(147,904)	\$ 2,761,574	28.14%

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total Direct Rate	\$ 0.4254	0.4254	0.4970	0.4970	0.4970	0.4970	0.4970	0.4970	0.3100	0.3100
Estimated Actual Taxable Value	\$ 3,548,753,640	3, 145,008,434	3,093,726,044	2,593,979,745	2,531,027,335	2,484,317,680	2,468,073,333 (2)	2,322,227,972	2,302,255,849	2,285,241,230
Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Estimated Actual Value	32.39%	32.61%	32.56%	32.37%	32.62%	31.58%	31.90%	31.42%	31.44%	31.26%
Total Taxable Assessed Value	\$ 1,149,428,039	1,025,576,975	1,007,434,739	839,628,792	825,714,413	784,500,690	787,363,339	729,732,674	723,873,880	714,472,191
Public Utilities	\$ 253,495	253,495	253,495	248,160	248,160	248,160	248,160	226,050	226,050	226,050
Personal Property	\$ 80,808,033	69,546,585	70,142,234	42,098,767	46,004,728	41,758,230	45,569,249	44,135,414	38,727,150	38,817,396
Real Commercial Property	\$ 758,509,286	601,478,780	587,023,020	516,221,660	501,933,820	429,770,820	447,258,655	392,424,637	377,947,080	364,183,920
Real Residential Property	\$ 309,857,225	354,298,115	350,015,990	281,060,205	277,527,705	312,723,480	294,287,275	292,946,573	306,973,600	311,244,825
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014

(1) Overall assessment ratios and effective rates for 1973 and thereafter are weighted averages due to varying constitutional assessment ratios which became effective statewide January 1, 1973. Assessment ratios are Residential Property - Real at 25 percent; Commercial and Industrial Property - Real at 40 percent and Personal at 30 percent; Public Utilities - All Property both Real and Personal at 55 percent.

(2) All properties were reappraised in tax year 2021 (fiscal year 2022).

(3) The tax year is established on January 1 preceding the fiscal year.

Source: Finance Department

Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Direct Rate	Overlapping Rate	Total Direct and
Fiscal Year	Tax Year	City of Sevierville	Sevier County	Overlapping Rates
2023	2022	\$ 0.4254	\$1.48	\$1.91
2022	2021	0.4254	1.48	1.91
2021	2020	0.4970	1.86	2.36
2020	2019	0.4970	1.86	2.36
2019	2018	0.4970	1.86	2.36
2018	2017	0.4970	1.86	2.36
2017	2016	0.4970	1.86	2.36
2016	2015	0.3100	1.88	2.19
2015	2014	0.3100	1.63	1.94
2014	2013	0.3100	1.63	1.94

Source: Finance Department and Sevier County Property Assessor's Office

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	Percentage	of Total	Assessed	Value	5.40%	4.90%	3.60%	0.90%		1.00%	1.20%				1.10%	1.00%	1.00%	0.90%	21.00%
Tax Year 2013				Rank	~	2	ო	6	N/A	7	4	N/A	N/A	N/A	ъ	9	8	10	
Ţ		Taxable	Assessed	Value	\$ 38,423,315	35,471,268	25,656,474	6,610,605		7,353,283	8,775,690				7,717,925	7,396,720	6,939,707	6,121,220	\$ 150,466,207
	Percentage	of Total	Assessed	Value	9.64%	6.79%	2.98%	1.50%	1.41%	1.37%	1.33%	1.32%	1.26%	1.16%					28.77%
Tax Year 2022				Rank	~	2	ო	4	5	9	7	8	6	10					
Ĩ		Taxable	Assessed	Value	\$ 73,129,560	51,495,045	22,588,104	11,410,825	10,697,840	10,388,098	10,086,145	10,044,280	9,573,905	8,828,667					\$ 218,242,469
				Taxpayer	Wyndham Vacation Resorts, Inc.	Five Oaks Development Group	Wilderness Development	Ogle, Ronald & Betty	Mack (Overlook I) LLC	Charles Blalock & Sons	M & S Properties, LLC	Mreic Kodak TN LLC	Denton Properties #1, LLC	Swaggerty's Sausage Co.	Miller Land Partnership	The Universe	BS & J Enterprises, LPC	Yett Properties LLC	
				Rank	÷	2	ო	4	£	9	7	ø	6	10					

Source: City Finance Department

See independent auditor's report.

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Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	ons to Date	Percentage	of Levy	98.18%	99.94%	99.95%	99.94%	99.97%	99.94%	99.95%	99.98%	96.96%	99.97%
	Total Collections to Date	Amount	Collected	4,333,925	4,294,459	4,162,925	4,130,847	3,932,001	3,943,891	3,900,666	2,289,759	2,280,654	2,239,014
				θ									
		Collections in	Subsequent Years	ı	65,098	88,828	108,601	103,997	91,640	106,482	85,903	130,447	129,668
		Colle	Subsec	÷									
ithin the	f the Levy	Percentage	of Levy	98.18%	98.42%	97.82%	97.31%	97.32%	97.61%	97.22%	96.23%	94.24%	94.18%
Collected within the	Fiscal Year of the Levy	Amount	Collected	4,333,925	4,229,361	4,074,097	4,022,246	3,828,004	3,852,251	3,794,184	2,203,856	2,150,207	2,109,346
				θ									
	Total Tax	Levy for	Fiscal Year	\$ 4,414,096	4,297,167	4,164,927	4,133,224	3,933,224	3,946,385	3,902,705	2,290,235	2,281,526	2,239,645
	Fiscal	Year Ended	June 30	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014

Source: Finance Department

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Debt Per Capita		\$ 14,415	9,862	10,345	11,216	12,338	13,229	13,400	13,697	14,140	14,647
Population (3)		17,987	17,879	18,310	17,889	17,117	16,531	16,716	16,665	16,490	16,355
Percentage of Personal Income (2)		* *	35.03%	41.48%	46.09%	54.56%	58.50%	61.53%	60.15%	66.00%	73.00%
Total Outstanding Debt		\$ 260,033,241	176,546,690	189,409,463	200,649,502	211,196,513	218,685,161	224,001,951	228,267,930	233,176,511	239,544,249
Notes Payable	oe Activities	\$ 1,499,966	1,944,416	2,388,866	2,833,316	3,314,804	3,703,699	2,990,741	1,000,000		ı
General Obligation Bonds	Business-Type Activities	\$ 95,274,961	30,742,295	33,821,283	36,180,874	38,440,465	41,028,227	43,930,989	46,828,750	49,833,373	52,866,252
Leases Payable	al Activities	\$ 756,329	216,661				•				
General Obligation Bonds (1)	Governmental Activities	\$ 162,501,985	143,643,318	153,199,314	161,635,312	169,441,244	173,953,235	177,080,221	180,439,180	183,343,138	186,677,997
Fiscal Year	-	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014

(1) Presented net of original issuance discounts and premiums.

Sources:

(2) Personal income is disclosed on page 131.

(3) United States Census Bureau

** Data not available

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Debt Per Capita (4)	\$ 14,331	9,610	10,075	10,918	12,000	12,859	13,080	13,497	14,001	14,508
Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property (3)	7.26%	5.46%	5.96%	7.53%	8.12%	8.56%	8.86%	9.69%	10.03%	10.38%
Total	\$ 257,776,946	171,811,683	184,466,615	195,305,162	205,410,779	212,566,213	218,637,474	224,928,988	230,873,181	237,270,316
Less: Amounts Available for Debt Service (2)	۰ ج	2,573,930	2,553,982	2,511,024	2,470,930	2,415,249	2,373,736	2,338,942	2,303,330	2,273,933
General Obligation Bonds (1)	\$ 257,776,946	174,385,613	187,020,597	197,816,186	207,881,709	214,981,462	221,011,210	227,267,930	233,176,511	239,544,249
Fiscal Year	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014

Note: Details regarding the government's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Sources:

(1) This is the general bonded debt of both governmental and business-type activities, net of original issuance discounts and premiums.

(2) This is the amount restricted for debt service principal payments.

(3) See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property on page 124 for property value data.

(4) Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 131.

** Data not available

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2023

Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 163,258,314	18,445,423	\$ 181,703,737
Percentage Applicable to Government	100.00%	16.90%	
Net Direct Outstanding Debt	\$ 163,258,314	109,144,515	\$ 272,402,829
Jurisdiction	City of Sevierville	Sevier County	

Sources: Outstanding debt and applicable percentages provided by each governmental unit.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with geographic boundaries of the government. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the property taxpayers of the government. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the property taxpayers should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Per Capita Income (2)	Personal Income	Unemployment Rate (3)
2023	17,987	* *	* *	2.90%
2022	17,879	\$ 28,186	\$ 503,937,494	3.30%
2021	18,310	24,938	456,614,780	4.20%
2020	17,889	24,337	435,364,593	12.90%
2019	17,117	24,350	387,100,955	3.00%
2018	16,531	22,615	373,848,565	3.30%
2017	16,716	21,779	364,057,764	4.80%
2016	16,665	22,773	379,512,045	5.70%
2015	16,490	21,425	353,298,250	7.20%
2014	16,355	20,064	328,146,720	7.90%
Sources.	(1) IIS Census Bure	au estimates as of heui	(1) ITS Census Bureau estimates as of hectioning of each fiscal vear. Population variation due	nulation variation due

- U.S. Census Bureau, estimates as of beginning of each fiscal year; Population variation due to actual census in April 2020, other reported numbers are estimates. Sources:
- (2) U.S. Census Bureau, American Community 5-year Rolling Survey
- (3) Tennessee Department of Labor and Workforce Development unemployment rate for the County (not seasonally adjusted).
- ** Data not available

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2023			2014	
			Percentage of Total Gov't			Percentage of Total Gov't
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Sevier County School System	2,572	~	* *	2,423	.	16.92%
Tanger Five Oaks Outlet	800	2	**	600	4	4.19%
Charles Blalock & Sons	800	ო	**	N/A	N/A	N/A
Collier Food Groups	720	4	**	670	7	4.68%
Ole Smoky Moonshine	200	5	**	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sevier County	650	9	**	519	9	3.63%
Wilderness of the Smokies	634	7	**	634	ო	4.43%
LeConte Medical Center	546	8	**	550	5	3.84%
Wal-Mart	527	o	**	506	7	3.53%
Swaggerty's Farms	425	10	**	N/A	N/A	N/A
	8,374		0.00%	5,902		41.22%

Source: Sevier County Economic Development Council Note: Companies listed may not be actual employer ** Data not available

Full-Time Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	660C	CCUC	1000	Full-Time Ed	Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of June 30	loyees as of .	June 30	2016	001 E	1100
	2020	2022	2021	2020	2013	2010	7107	0107	6102	2014
General government Public safety Police	40	37	35	35	35	35	34	35	43	41
	72	64	58	57	58	58	60	60	60	60
	15	18	18	18	16	16	14	14	14	14
and officers	54	51	49	43	37	38	38	34	35	33
Civilians	~	-	-	-	~	~	~	~		
Codes enforcement	5	4	4	4	5	5		10	9	7
Streets/Traffic	31	27	22	21	22	22	15	12	17	14
	8	8	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	œ
	12	12	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Culture and recreation	24	23	23	22	22	23	23	31	33	39
	53	50	44	49	49	49	49	48	48	47
Convention Center	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	1	10	6	10	10	80	8	7	80	12
	336	315	291	288	283	283	270	280	292	296

Sources: Various city departments budgeted employees

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	Fiscal Year 2019	ear 2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
General government: Building permits issued	551	455	381	478	256	216	240	230	187	206
Public safety: Number of nolice (regular employees)	70	65	68	73	74	74	74	74	74	74
Number of arrests	2.379	3.677	3.706	3.666	2.932	904	2.089	2.037	3.229	3.427
Number of traffic violations	9,845	5,914	4,224	3,767	4,618	5,375	5,935	7,791	8,390	7,722
Number of parking violations	2	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	17	2
Number of paid firefighters (regular employees)	54	54	49	43	37	33	35	35	35	34
Number of fire emergency responses	3,462	3,439	3,319	2,851	2,889	2,734	2,505	2,176	1,972	1,885
Number of fires extinguished	105	118	126	102	85	102	89	106	17	84
Number of fire inspections Public works:	1,050	1,087	1,117	1,210	1,004	974	343	852	590	906
Tons collected and disposed:										
Solid waste	18,560	18,033	14,648	13,230	13,056	12,093	11,479	11,545	10,958	10,693
Metal	**	**	**	**	**	5	17	16	11	6
Papers	**	**	**	**	**	**	* *	**	**	**
Recyclable containers	86	74	171	197	456	403	410	498	436	20
Leaves (tonnage)	126	109	234	314	321	287	309	363	293	395
Number of shade trees:										
Planted - Parks and Recreation	35	200	150	50	50	68	52	72	60	50
Removed - Parks and Recreation	6	20	20	17	17	17	30	20	25	15
Trimmed - Parks and Recreation	315	300	300	325	325	390	475	350	600	500
Stumps removed - Parks and Recreation	80	15	15	34	34	13	25	5	10	**
Recreation and parks:										
Field permits issued	37	30	30	30	30	28	28	27	25	20
Recreation permits issued - memberships and										
shelter reservations	2258	5500	500	434	434	2767	9917	7512	5,202	6,800
Number of youth programs	10	9	9	9	9	9	7	7	5	4
Number of adult programs	8	15	7	7	7	7	9	9	9	4
Number for senior citizens programs	4	15	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	-
VVatci.	000 001 1		000 002 1		100 021 1		000 020 7	0000 200 0		0101 010
Average daily distribution (gallons) Number of metered accounts (water customers)	5,500,000 12 879	5,165,000 12,603	4,723,000	4,244,000 12,504	4,478,281 11 794	4,560,000	4,270,000 12 346	3,667,900	3,926,333 12 440	3,785,970
Number of fire lines	2121-	233	1000	000				100	102	188
	143	2004	077	077	0004	0004	0004	- 00	101	2

Sources: Various city departments

** Data not available

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year	ear				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
General Government:										
Number of general government buildings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~
Public Safety:										
Number of police stations (station and substations)	2	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	2	7
Number of fire stations (stations and substations)	б	ო	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Parking Department:										
Number of parking garages	~	-	-	-	~	-	~	-	-	-
Public Works:										
Number of public works buildings	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	5	4	4
Miles of streets (approximate)	268	266	266	260	266	260	260	202	202	202
Miles of sanitary sewers (sewer mains) (2)	249	246	246	244	244	301	301	299	299	299
Miles of storm water drains (approximate)	17	14	14	14	14	15	15	15	15	15
Recreation and Parks:										
Number of parks and recreation facilities	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	22	22
Acres of parks/areas maintained	163	163	163	163	163	150	150	150	130	130
Water:										
Miles of water mains (1)	329	325	322	385	319	303	324	379	375	375
Number of fire hydrants (inside)	1,128	1,101	1,101	1,086	1,085	1,088	1,152	1,162	1,175	1,175
Course: Mariana aita danantmanta										

Source: Various city departments

(1) - 2017 adjusted due to GIS mapping system(2) - 2019 adjusted due to GIS mapping system

INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE SECTION

JOE L. BROWN, CPA, CGFM, CGMA FRANK D. McDANIEL, CPA, CGFM, CGMA TERRY L. MOATS, CPA, CGFM, CGMA JAMES E. BOOHER, CPA, CGMA HALEY S. SLAGLE, CPA, CGMA

MEMBERS AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Mayor and Aldermen City of Sevierville, Tennessee

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Sevierville, Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Sevierville, Tennessee's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Sevierville, Tennessee's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Sevierville, Tennessee's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Sevierville, Tennessee's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Sevierville, Tennessee's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions

of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Brown Jake & Mc Daniel, PC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Knoxville, Tennessee December 19, 2023 Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

June 30, 2023

There were no prior year findings.